

TRANQUILITY[®] COMPACT HIGH CAPACITY (TC_L) SERIES



**MODELS TC_LH072-120
TC_LV072-300**

60 HZ - HFC-410A

**INSTALLATION, OPERATION
& MAINTENANCE**

97B0084N01

Revised: November 6, 2024



A **NIBE** GROUP MEMBER

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Model Nomenclature

MODEL TYPE
TC = TRANQUILITY® COMPACT
COMMERCIAL HFC-410A

CONFIGURATION
H = HORIZONTAL
V = VERTICAL

UNIT SIZE
072
096
120
160
192
240
300

REVISION LEVEL
A = CURRENT REVISION

VOLTAGE
F = 460/60/3
H = 208/230/60/3 (FACTORY WIRED 208)
N = 575/60/3

CONTROLS
C = CXM2
D = DXM2.5
N = CXM2 w/MPC
P = DXM2.5 w/MPC

ETL Approved
USA & Canada

AIR FLOW OPTIONS

TCH ONLY

- LB = LEFT RETURN/BACK DISCHARGE
- LS = LEFT RETURN/STRAIGHT DISCHARGE
- RB = RIGHT RETURN/BACK DISCHARGE
- RS = RIGHT RETURN/STRAIGHT DISCHARGE
- VB = LEFT RETURN S.S. DRAIN PAN/BACK DISCHARGE
- VS = LEFT RETURN S.S. DRAIN PAN/STRAIGHT DISCHARGE
- WB = RIGHT RETURN S.S. DRAIN PAN/BACK DISCHARGE
- WS = RIGHT RETURN S.S. DRAIN PAN/STRAIGHT DISCHARGE

TCV ONLY

- BF = BACK RETURN/FRONT DISCHARGE
- BT = BACK RETURN/TOP DISCHARGE
- FB = FRONT RETURN/BACK DISCHARGE
- FT = FRONT RETURN/TOP DISCHARGE
- YF = BACK RETURN S.S. DRAIN PAN/FRONT DISCHARGE
- YT = BACK RETURN S.S. DRAIN PAN/TOP DISCHARGE
- ZB = FRONT RETURN S.S. DRAIN PAN/BACK DISCHARGE
- ZT = FRONT RETURN S.S. DRAIN PAN/TOP DISCHARGE

HEAT EXCHANGER OPTIONS

OPTION	COPPER WATER COIL	CUPRO-NICKEL WATER COIL	COATED AIR COIL	COATED ECON COIL	WATER SIDE ECONOMIZER
A	YES	NO	YES	N/A	NO
C	YES	NO	NO	N/A	
J	NO	YES	YES	N/A	
N	NO	YES	NO	N/A	
1	YES	NO	YES	YES	YES
2	YES	NO	NO	NO	
3	NO	YES	YES	YES	
4	NO	YES	NO	NO	

BLOWER DRIVE PACKAGE

A = STANDARD RPM & STANDARD MOTOR
 B = LOW RPM & STANDARD MOTOR
 C = HIGH RPM & STANDARD MOTOR
 D = STANDARD RPM & LARGE MOTOR
 E = HIGH RPM & LARGE MOTOR
 F = VARIABLE FREQUENCY DRIVE*

*VFD Option requires DXM2.5 controls

CABINET INSULATION / FILTER RAILS/Frames

OPTION	RANGE	ULTRA QUIET	TCV			TCH	
			1" FILTER FRAMES	2" FILTER FRAMES	4" FILTER FRAMES	1" FILTER RAIL	2" FILTER RAIL
1	EXTENDED RANGE	NO	YES	NO		YES	NO
			NO	YES	NO	NO	YES
			NO		YES	NO	
			YES	NO	YES	NO	NO
2	EXTENDED RANGE	YES	NO	YES	NO	NO	YES
			NO		YES	NO	
			YES	NO	YES	NO	NO
			NO	YES	NO	NO	YES
3	STANDARD RANGE	NO	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO
			NO	YES	NO	NO	YES
			NO		YES	NO	
			YES	NO	NO	YES	NO
4	STANDARD RANGE	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO
			NO	YES	NO	NO	YES
			NO		YES	NO	
			NO	YES	NO	NO	YES
H	STANDARD RANGE	NO	NO		YES	NO	
			NO		YES	NO	

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General Information

Safety

Warnings, cautions and notices appear throughout this manual. Read these items carefully before attempting any installation, service or troubleshooting of the equipment.

DANGER: Indicates an immediate hazardous situation, which if not avoided will result in death or serious injury. DANGER labels on unit access panels must be observed.

WARNING: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation or an unsafe practice, which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury or product or property damage.

NOTICE: Notification of installation, operation or maintenance information, which is important, but which is not hazard-related.

WARNING!

WARNING! The EarthPure® Application and Service Manual should be read and understood before attempting to service refrigerant circuits with HFC-410A.

WARNING!

WARNING! To avoid the release of refrigerant into the atmosphere, the refrigerant circuit of this unit must be serviced only by technicians who meet local, state, and federal proficiency requirements.

CAUTION!

CAUTION! To avoid equipment damage, DO NOT use these units as a source of heating or cooling during the construction process. The mechanical components and filters can quickly become clogged with construction dirt and debris, which may cause system damage and void product warranty.

WARNING!

WARNING! The installation of water-source heat pumps and all associated components, parts, and accessories which make up the installation shall be in accordance with the regulations of ALL authorities having jurisdiction and MUST conform to all applicable codes. It is the responsibility of the installing contractor to determine and comply with ALL applicable codes and regulations.

WARNING!

WARNING! Children Being Supervised are NOT to play with the appliance.

WARNING!

WARNING! All refrigerant discharged from this unit must be recovered WITHOUT EXCEPTION. Technicians must follow industry accepted guidelines and all local, state, and federal statutes for the recovery and disposal of refrigerants. If a compressor is removed from this unit, refrigerant circuit oil will remain in the compressor. To avoid leakage of compressor oil, refrigerant lines of the compressor must be sealed after it is removed.

WARNING!

WARNING! This appliance is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory, or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety.

Inspection - Upon receipt of the equipment, carefully check the shipment against the bill of lading. Make sure all units have been received. Inspect the packaging of each unit, and inspect each unit for damage. Ensure that the carrier makes proper notation of any shortages or damage on all copies of the freight bill and completes a common carrier inspection report. Concealed damage not discovered during unloading must be reported to the carrier within 15 days of receipt of shipment. If not filed within 15 days, the freight company can deny the claim without recourse.

Note: It is the responsibility of the purchaser to file all necessary claims with the carrier. Notify your equipment supplier of all damage within fifteen (15) days of shipment.

Storage - Equipment should be stored in its original packaging in a clean, dry area. Store units in an upright position at all times.

Unit Protection - Cover units on the job site with either the original packaging or an equivalent protective covering. Cap the open ends of pipes stored on the job site. In areas where painting, plastering, and/or spraying has not been completed, all due precautions must be taken to avoid physical damage to the units and contamination by foreign material. Physical damage and contamination may prevent proper start-up and may result in costly equipment clean-up.

General Information

Examine all pipes, fittings, and valves before installing any of the system components. Remove any dirt or debris found in or on these components.

Pre-Installation - Installation, Operation, and Maintenance instructions are provided with each unit. Horizontal equipment is designed for installation above false ceiling or in a ceiling plenum. Other unit configurations are typically installed in a mechanical room. The installation site chosen should include adequate service clearance around the unit. Before unit start-up, read all manuals and become familiar with the unit and its operation. Thoroughly check the system before operation.

Prepare units for installation as follows:

1. Compare the electrical data on the unit nameplate with ordering and shipping information to verify that the correct unit has been shipped.
2. Keep the cabinet covered with the original packaging until installation is complete and all plastering, painting, etc. is finished.
3. Verify refrigerant tubing is free of kinks or dents and that it does not touch other unit components.
4. Inspect all electrical connections. Connections must be clean and tight at the terminals.
5. Some airflow patterns and some control box locations are field convertible. Locate the conversion section of this IOM.

CAUTION!

CAUTION! All three phase scroll compressors must have direction of rotation verified at start-up. Verification is achieved by checking compressor Amp draw. Amp draw will be substantially lower compared to nameplate values. Additionally, reverse rotation results in an elevated sound level compared to correct rotation. Reverse rotation will result in compressor internal overload trip within several minutes. Verify compressor type before proceeding.

CAUTION!

CAUTION! DO NOT store or install units in corrosive environments or in locations subject to temperature or humidity extremes (e.g., attics, garages, rooftops, etc.). Corrosive conditions and high temperature or humidity can significantly reduce performance, reliability, and service life. Always move and store units in an upright position. Tilting units on their sides will cause equipment damage.

CAUTION!

CAUTION! CUT HAZARD - Failure to follow this caution may result in personal injury. Sheet metal parts may have sharp edges or burrs. Use care and wear appropriate protective clothing, safety glasses and gloves when handling parts and servicing heat pumps.

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TC_LH Physical Data

Model	072	096	120
Compressor Quantity	Scroll		
Number of Circuits (Compressors)	2		
Factory Charge HFC-410a (oz) [kg] per circuit	60 [1.70]	76 [2.15]	80 [2.27]
Blower Motor			
Blower Motor Quantity	1		
Standard Motor (hp) [kW]	1 [0.75]	2 [1.49]	3 [2.24]
* Large Motor (hp) [kW]	2 [1.49]	3 [2.24]	5 [3.73]
Blower			
No. of Blowers	1		
Blower Wheel Size D x W (in) [cm]	12 x 12 [30.48 x 30.48]		
Water Connection Size			
FPT (in) [mm]	1-1/4" [31.8]		1-1/2" [38.1]
Coax Volume			
Volume (US Gallons) [liters]	1.62 [6.13]	1.81 [6.85]	2.40 [9.08]
Condensate Connection Size			
FPT (in) [mm]	3/4" [19.1]		
Air Coil Data			
Air Coil Dimensions H x W (in) [cm]	20 x 54 [50.8 x 137.2]	20 x 64 [50.8 x 162.6]	
Air Coil Total Face Area (ft ²) [m ²]	7.5 [0.70]	8.9 [0.83]	
Air Coil Tube Size (in) [cm]	3/8" [0.953]		
Air Coil Fin Spacing (fpi) [fins per cm]	14 [5.5]		
Air Coil Number of Rows	3		
Miscellaneous Data			
Filter Standard - 1" [25.4mm] Throwaway (qty) (in) [cm]	(QTY.4) 16 x 20 [40.64 x 50.80]		
Weight - Operating (lbs) [kg]	586 [265.8]	644 [292.1]	698 [316.6]
Weight - Packaged (lbs) [kg]	626 [283.9]	684 [310.3]	738 [334.8]

* Unit with "F" Blower Drive Package is always Large Motor.

All units have grommet compressor mountings, and 1/2-inch & 1-3/4-inch electrical knockouts.

Unit with WSE Option

TC_LH Series	072	096	120
Water Coil Dimensions (in) [cm]	20 x 54 [50.8 x 137.2]	20 x 60 [50.8 x 152.4]	
Internal Water Coil Volume (Gal) [L]	5.6 [21.6]	6.2 [23.5]	6.8 [25.7]
Weight - Operating (lbs.) [Kg]	838 [380]	921 [418]	998 [453]
Weight - Packaged (lbs.) [Kg]	900 [408]	978 [444]	1058 [480]

TC_LH072-120 Corner Weights

	TC_LH072	TC_LH096	TC_LH120
Weight - Operating (lbs) [kg]	586 [265.8]	644 [292.1]	698 [316.6]
Weight - Packaged (lbs) [kg]	626 [283.9]	684 [310.3]	738 [334.8]
Weight - Corner - Control box/ Compressor side (lbs) [kg]	235 [106.6]	254 [115.2]	271 [122.9]
Weight - Corner - Compressor side (lbs) [kg]	101 [45.8]	120 [54.4]	137 [62.1]
Weight - Corner - Blower side (lbs) [kg]	180 [81.6]	190 [86.2]	200 [90.7]
Weight - Corner - Air Coil side (lbs) [kg]	70 [31.8]	80 [36.3]	90 [40.8]

TC_LH072-120 Dimensional Data

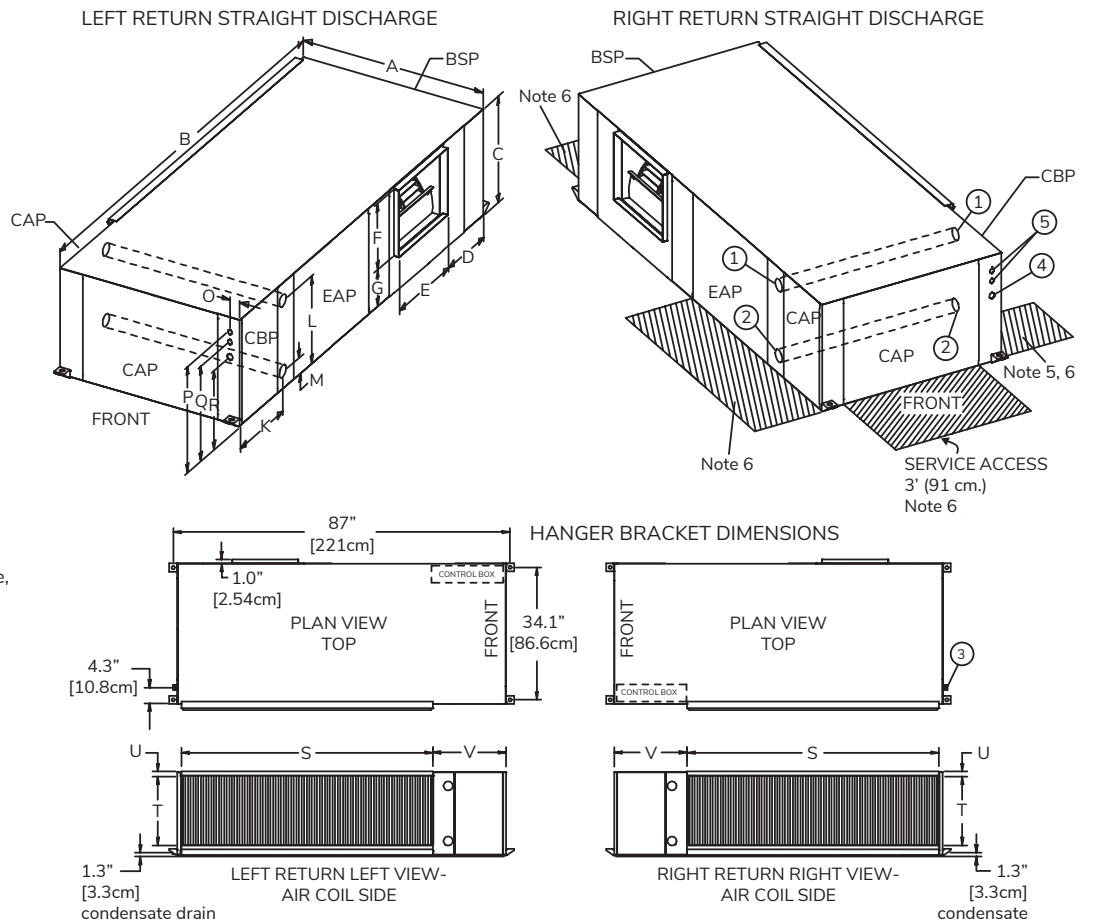
Model	Overall Cabinet			Discharge Connections Duct Flange				Water Connections			Electrical Knockouts				Return Air Connections Using Return Air Opening				
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	K	L	M	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	
	Depth	Width	Height		Supply Depth	Supply Width	Supply Height		1 Water Outlet	2 Water Inlet					Return Depth	Return Height			
072-120	in.	36.3	84.9	21.6	14.0	17.0	13.5	7.8	15.0	8.3	4.0	2.0	18.8	16.8	13.8	65.0	18.0	1.0	18.9
	cm.	92.2	215.6	54.9	35.6	43.2	34.3	19.8	38.1	21.1	10.2	5.1	47.8	42.7	35.1	165.1	45.7	2.5	48.0

Notes:

All dimensions in table are inches (cm).

- Service access is required for all removable panels and installer should take care to comply with all building codes and allow adequate clearance for future field service.
- Water inlet and water outlet connections are available on either side (left or right) of the unit. Qty (2x) MPT Plugs are shipped loose in a plastic bag tied to the water leg in front of the unit. Installer must plug water inlet/outlet side not being connected to.
- Condensate drain is 3/4-inch FPT and is located on cabinet end opposite the compressor.
- Electrical access is available on either side (left or right) of the front.
- Electric box is on right side. It can be field converted to left side. Conversion should only be attempted by qualified service technician. If electric box relocated to opposite side, and water connected to opposite side, then this access is not required.
- Units require 3-foot (90.1 cm) clearance for water connections, CAP, CBP, EAP, and BSP service access.
- Overall cabinet width dimensions does not include filter rail and duct flange.
- Units are shipped with air filter rails that are not suitable for supporting return air ductwork. An air filter frame with duct mounting collar is available as an accessory.

ALL CONFIGURATIONS REQUIRE SERVICE ACCESS AREA DESCRIBED IN NOTES 5 AND 6.



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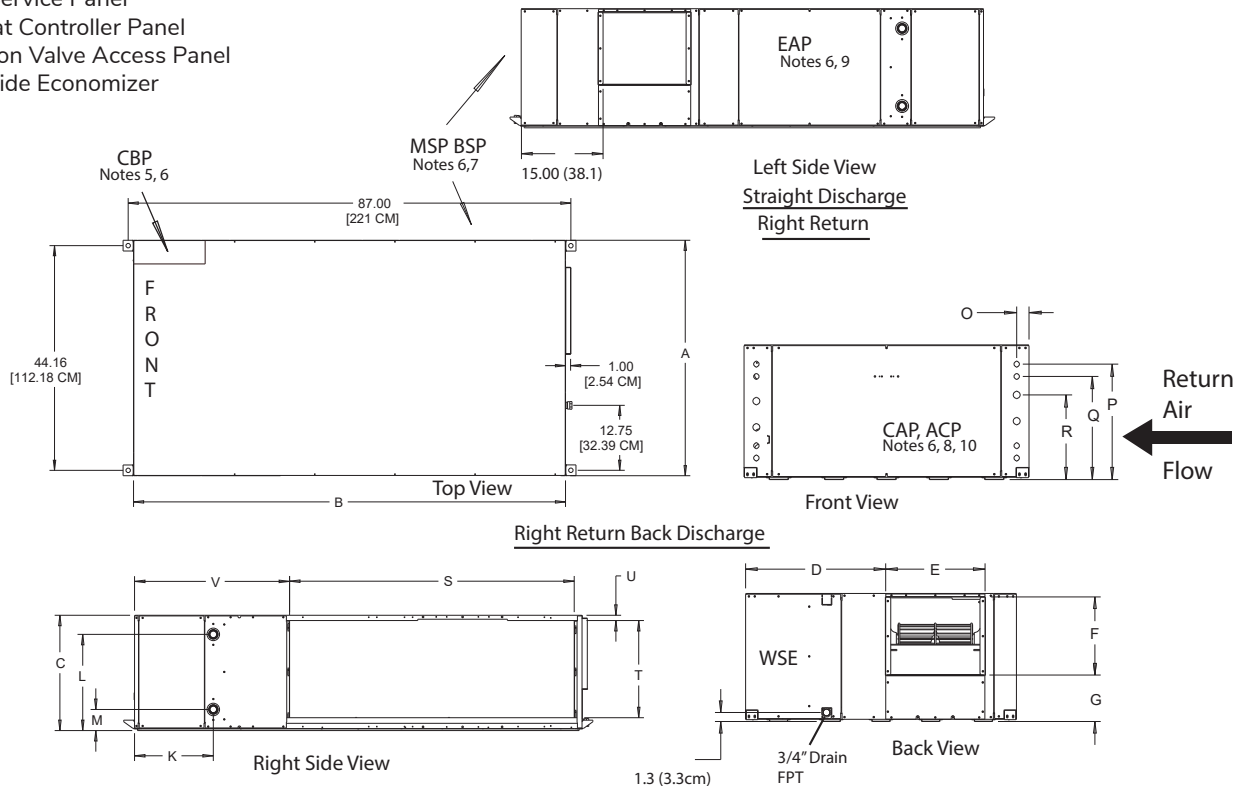
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TC_LH072-120 w/WSE Dimensional Data

Model	Overall Cabinet			Discharge Connections Duct Flange				Water Connections			Electrical Knockouts				Return Air Connections Using Return Air Opening				
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	K	L	M	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	
	Width	Depth	Height		Supply Depth	Supply Width	Supply Height		1 Water Outlet	2 Water Inlet					Return Depth	Return Height			
072-120	in.	46.3	84.9	21.6	23.9	17.0	13.5	7.8	15.0	18.3	4.0	2.0	18.8	16.8	13.8	54.0	18.0	1.0	29.4
	cm.	117.6	215.6	54.9	60.9	43.2	34.3	19.8	38.1	46.4	10.2	5.1	47.8	42.7	35.1	137.2	45.7	2.5	74.7

Legend:

- BSP = Blower Service Panel
- CAP = Compressor Access Panel
- CBP = Control Box Panel
- MSP = Motor Service Panel
- ACP = Aquastat Controller Panel
- EAP = Expansion Valve Access Panel
- WSE = Waterside Economizer



Notes:

1. Service access is required for all removable panels and installer should take care to comply with all building codes allowing adequate clearance for future field service.
2. Units are shipped with air filter rails that are not suitable for supporting return air ductwork. An air filter frame with duct mounting collar is available as an accessory.
3. Discharge flange and hanger brackets are factory installed.
4. Condensate drain is 3/4 in. FPT and is located on cabinet end opposite the compressor.
5. Unit control box is on side opposite return air (not convertible)
6. Units require 3 ft (91 cm) clearance for water connections, CAP, CBP, EAP, MSP, ACP, and BSP service panels.
7. Blower service access is through back panel on straight discharge units or through panel opposite air coil on back discharge units.
8. Factory supplied controller (aquastat) is inside unit completely wired. To field adjust temperature setting, remove ACP panel and push button.
9. Expansion valve access panel is opposite return air side.
10. WSE coil air bleed access is through CAP.

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TC_LV Physical Data

Model	072	096	120	160	192	240	300
Compressor	Scroll						
Number of Circuits (Compressors)	2						
Factory Charge HFC-410a - (oz) [kg] per circuit	60 [1.70]	76 [2.15]	80 [2.27]	112 [3.18]	136 [3.86]	196 [5.56]	224 [6.35]
Blower Motor							
Blower Motor Quantity	1						
Standard Motor (hp) [kw]	1 [.75]	2 [1.49]	3 [2.23]	3 [2.24]	3 [2.24]	5 [3.73]	7.5 [5.60]
*Optional Large Motor (hp) [kw]	2 [1.49]	3 [2.24]	5 [3.73]	5 [3.73]	5 [3.73]	7.5 [5.59]	10 [7.46]
Blower							
No. of Blowers	1		2			3	
Blower Wheel Size D x W (in) [cm]	12 x 12 [30.48 x 30.48]						
Water Connection Size							
FPT (in) [mm]	1-1/4" [31.8]		1-1/2" [38.1]	2" [50.8]		2-1/2" [63.5]	
Coax Volume							
Volume (US Gallons) [liters]	1.62 [6.13]	1.81 [6.85]	2.40 [9.08]	3.62 [13.70]	4.83 [18.28]	4.90 [18.55]	7.39 [27.98]
Condensate Connection Size							
FPT (in) [mm]	1" [25.4]						
Air Coil Data							
Air Coil Dimensions H x W (in) [cm]	32 x 34 [81.28 x 86.36]	36 x 36 [91.44 x 91.44]		36 x 76 [91.44 x 193.04]			
Air Coil Total Face Area (ft²) [m²]	7.6 [0.71]	9.0 [0.84]		19 [1.77]			
Air Coil Tube Size (in) [cm]	3/8" [0.953]						
Air Coil Fin Spacing (fpi) [fins per cm]	14 [5.5]						12 [4.72]
Air Coil Number of Rows	3		2	3		4	
Miscellaneous Data							
Filter Standard - 1" [25.4mm] Throwaway (qty) (in) [cm]	(QTY. 2) 20 x 30 [50.80 x 76.2] (QTY. 2) 10 x 20 [25.4 x 40.64]			(QTY. 4) 20 x 25 [50.80 x 63.5] (QTY. 2) 20 x 30 [50.80 x 76.2]			
Weight - Operating (lbs) [kg]	586 [265.8]	644 [292.1]	698 [316.6]	1069 [484.9]	1164 [528.0]	1184 [537.1]	1297 [588.3]
Weight - Packaged (lbs) [kg]	626 [283.9]	684 [310.3]	738 [334.8]	1149 [521.2]	1244 [564.3]	1264 [573.3]	1377 [624.6]

*Unit with "F" Blower Drive Package is always Large Motor.

Unit with WSE Option

TC_LV Series	072	096	120	160	192	240	300
Water Coil Dimensions (in x cm)	32 x 34 [81.28 x 86.36]	35 x 36 [88.9 x 91.4]		35 x 76 [88.9 x 193]			
Internal Water Coil Volume (Gal) [L]	5.9 [22.3]	6.6 [25]	7.2 [27.3]	13.3 [50.3]	14.5 [54.9]	23.9 [90.5]	26.4 [99.9]
Weight - Operating (lbs.) [Kg]	762 [346]	837 [378]	907 [411]	1529 [694]	1665 [755]	1693 [768]	1855 [841]
Weight - Packaged (lbs.) [Kg]	814 [369]	889 [403]	962 [436]	1643 [745]	1779 [807]	1808 [820]	1974 [895]

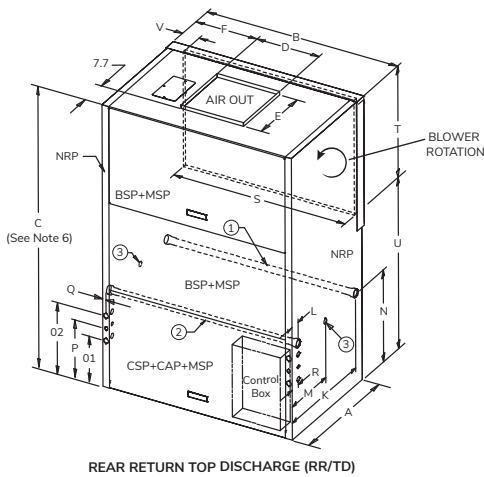
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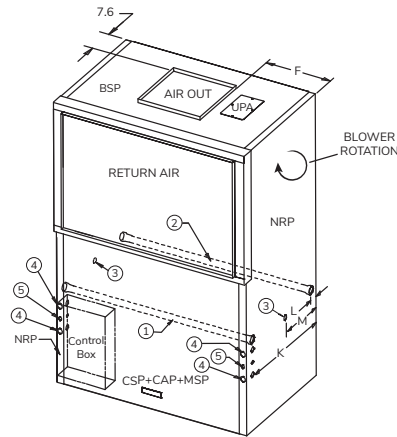
TC_LV072-120 Dimensional Data

Model	Overall Cabinet			Discharge Connection Duct Flange			Water Connections				Electric Knockouts					Return Air Connections Using Return Air Opening				
	A	B	C	D	E	F	K	L	M	N	O1	O2	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	
	Depth	Width	Height	Supply Width	Supply Depth		1 Water Inlet	2 Water Outlet	3 Condensate							Return Depth	Return Height			
072-120	in.	29.0	41.0	69.8	17.5	14.8	11.9	22.0	7.3	14.5	21.3	8.0	15.0	11.3	1.0	1.5	36.3	29.4	30.6	2.7
	cm.	73.7	104.1	177.2	44.5	37.5	30.2	55.9	18.4	36.8	54.0	20.3	38.1	28.6	2.5	3.8	96.2	74.7	77.8	6.9

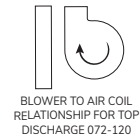
ALL CONFIGURATIONS REQUIRE SERVICE ACCESS AREA DESCRIBED IN NOTES 7, 8, and 9



REAR RETURN TOP DISCHARGE (RR/TD)



FRONT RETURN TOP DISCHARGE (FR/TD)



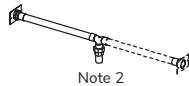
BLOWER TO AIR COIL RELATIONSHIP FOR TOP DISCHARGE 072-120

LEGEND	TCV072-096	TCV120
⊙ Water Inlet (See Note 2)	1-1/4" FPT	1-1/2" FPT
⊙ Water Outlet (See Note 2)	1-1/4" FPT	1-1/2" FPT
⊙ Condensate Drain (See Note 3)	1" FPT	
⊙ High Voltage Access (See Note 4)	1-3/8" [3.49 CM]	
⊙ Low Voltage Access (See Note 4)	7/8" [2.2 CM]	

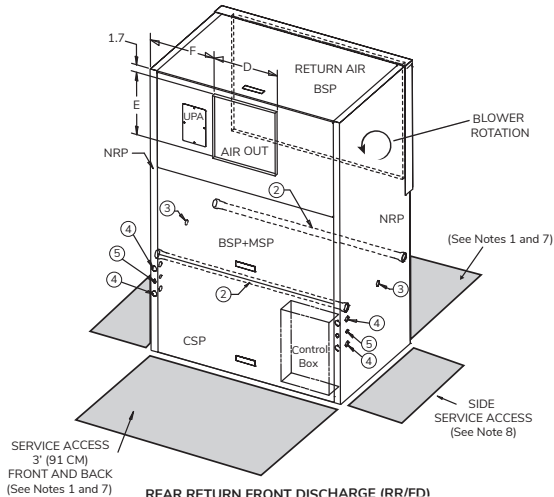
BSP - Blower Service Panel
 CAP - Control Access Panel
 CSP - Compressor Access Panel
 MSP - Motor Service Panel
 NRP - Non Removable Panel
 UPA - Upper Pulley Access

Notes:

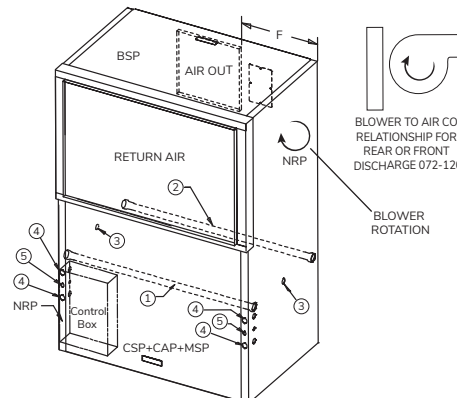
- 1. While access to all removable panels may not be required, installer should take care to comply with all building codes and allow adequate clearance for future field service.
- 2. Water inlet and water outlet connections are factory shipped on the left side. Union allows field conversion to right side.
- 3. Condensate drain is available on either side (left or right) of unit. Drain hose and drain connection will be tied inside the unit. Installer will untie the drain hose, form trap, and connect to the condensate drain hole of installer's choice.
- 4. Electrical access is available on either side (left or right) of unit and is also available in the front on the left or right side of the unit.
- 5. Overall width - Add 3.12 in. (8 cm) for 1 in. (2.5 cm) or 2 in. (5 cm) Filter Frame; or 5.12 in. (13 cm) for 4 in. (10.2 cm) and for front or rear supply add additional 1.06 in. (2.7 cm) for supply duct collar.
- 6. Overall cabinet height dimension does not include duct flange for top discharge configuration.
- 7. Units require 3 ft (91 cm) clearance, CAP, CSP, MSP, and BSP service access.
- 8. Side service access must be 2 ft (61 cm) on any side that connections are made.
- 9. Filter removal is from right or left side of filter frame, allow 2 ft (61 cm) access for servicing.



ALL CONFIGURATIONS



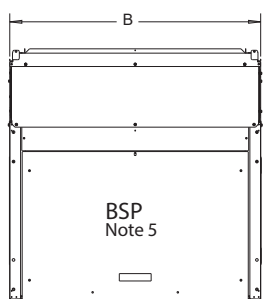
REAR RETURN FRONT DISCHARGE (RR/FD)



FRONT RETURN REAR DISCHARGE (FR/RD)

TC_LV072-120 w/WSE Dimensional Data

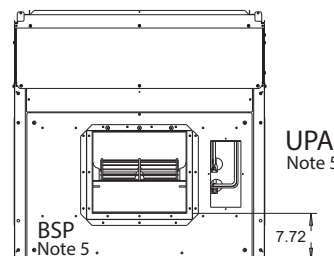
Model	Overall Cabinet			Discharge Connection Duct Flange			Water Connections				Electric Knockouts					Return Air Connections Using Return Air Opening				
	A	B	C	D	E	F	K 1 Water Inlet	L 2 Water Outlet	M 3 Condense- sate	N	O1	O2	P	Q	R	S Return Depth	T Return Height	U	V	
072-120	in.	39.5	41.0	69.8	17.5	14.8	11.9	22.0	7.3	14.5	21.3	8.0	15.0	11.3	1.0	1.5	36.3	29.4	30.6	2.7
	cm.	100.3	104.1	177.2	44.5	37.5	30.2	55.9	18.4	36.8	54.0	20.3	38.1	28.6	2.5	3.8	96.2	74.7	77.8	6.9



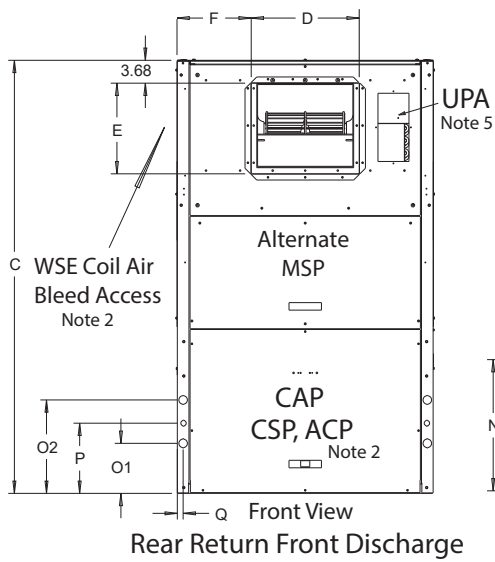
Top View
Rear Return Front Discharge

Legend:

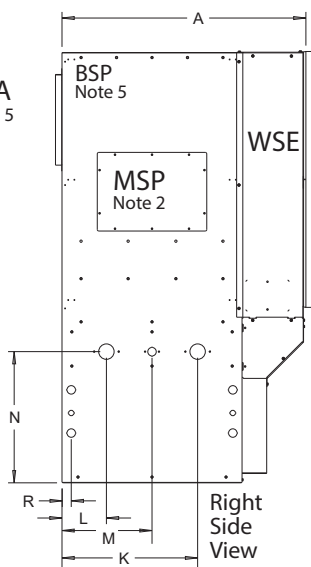
- BSP = Blower Service Panel
- CSP = Compressor Service Panel
- CAP = Control Access Panel
- MSP = Motor Service Panel
- UPA = Upper Pulley Access
- ACP = Aquastat Controller Panel
- WSE = Waterside Economizer



Top View
Rear Return Top Discharge

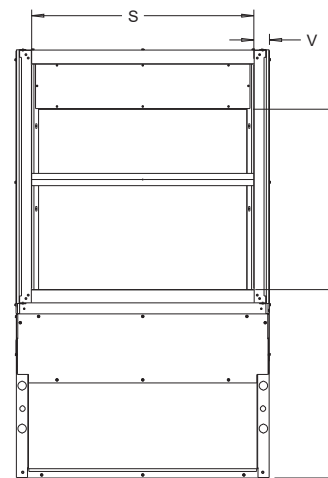


Front View
Rear Return Front Discharge



Right Side View

Return Air
Flow



Back View
Rear Return Front Discharge

Notes:

1. While clear access to all removable panels may not be required, installer should take care to comply with all building codes and allow adequate clearance for future field service.
2. Units require 3 ft (91 cm) clearance for water connections, WSE coil air bleed, CAP, CSP, BSP, ACP, UPA, and MSP.
3. Factory supplied controller (aquastat) is inside unit completely wired. To field adjust temperature setting remove ACP panel and push button.
4. Condensate drain is internally trapped, externally vented.
5. For top discharge units, UPA is on top and BSP is on front. For front discharge units, UPA is on front and BSP is on top. Allow 3 ft above unit for service.

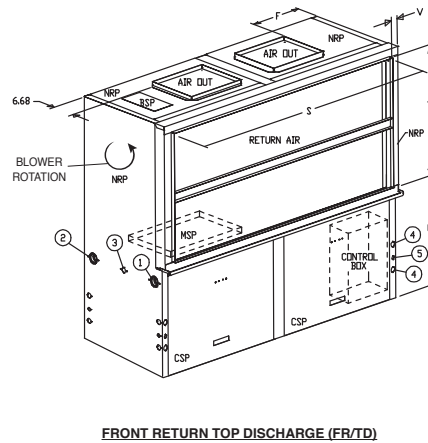
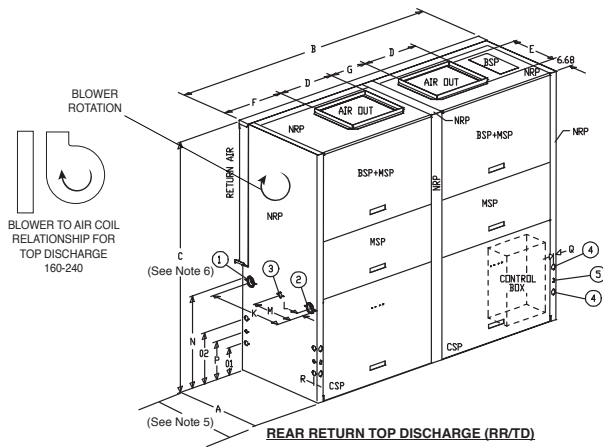
Tranquility® Compact High Capacity (TC_L) Series

Rev.: November 6, 2024

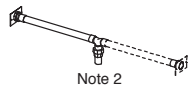
TC_LV160-240 Dimensional Data

Model	Overall Cabinet			Discharge Connection Duct Flange				Water Connections				Electric Knockouts				Return Air Connections Using Return Air Opening					
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	K	L	M	N	O1	O2	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	
	Depth	Width	Height	Supply Width	Supply Depth	Supply Width	Supply Depth	Water Inlet	Water Outlet	Condensate							Return Depth	Return Height			
160-240	in.	29.0	82.0	69.8	17.5	14.8	17.9	11.5	26.1	3.1	14.5	25.8	8.0	15.0	11.3	1.0	1.5	77.0	35.8	31.7	2.6
	cm.	73.7	208.3	177.2	44.5	37.5	45.4	29.3	66.3	7.9	36.8	65.5	20.3	38.1	28.6	2.5	3.8	195.6	90.8	80.5	6.7

ALL CONFIGURATIONS REQUIRE SERVICE ACCESS AREA DESCRIBED IN NOTES 7, 8, and 9



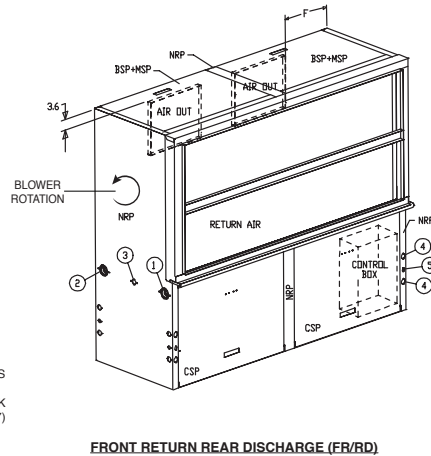
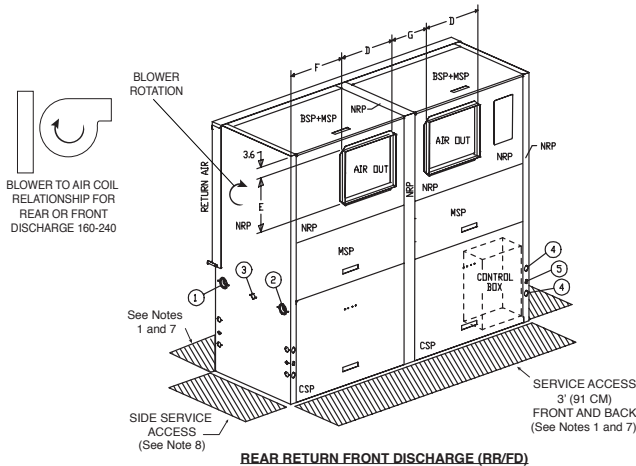
LEGEND	TCV160-240
① WATER INLET (SEE NOTE 2)	2" FPT
② WATER OUTLET (SEE NOTE 2)	2" FPT
③ CONDENSATE DRAIN (SEE NOTE 3)	1" FPT
④ HIGH VOLTAGE ACCESS (SEE NOTE 4)	1-3/8" [3.49 CM]
⑤ LOW VOLTAGE ACCESS (SEE NOTE 4)	7/8" [2.2 CM]
BSP - BLOWER SERVICE PANEL	
CAP - CONTROL ACCESS PANEL	
CSP - COMPRESSOR ACCESS PANEL	
MSP - METER SERVICE PANEL	
NRP - NON REMOVABLE PANEL	



ALL CONFIGURATIONS

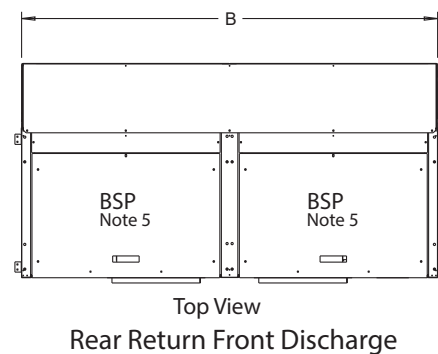
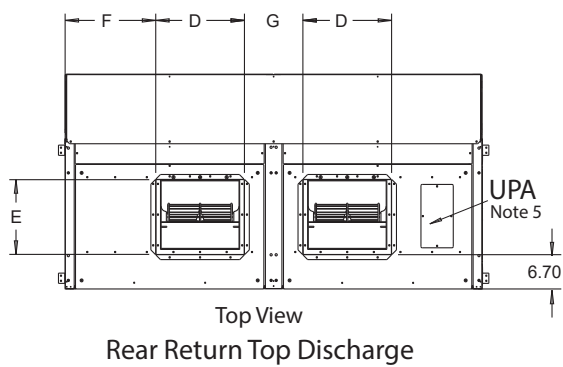
NOTES:

- All dimensions in table are inches (cm)
- While access to all removable panels may not be required, installer should take care to comply with all building codes and allow adequate clearance for future field service.
- Water inlet and water outlet connections are factory shipped on the left side. Union allows field conversion to right side.
- Condensate drain is available on either side (left or right) of unit. Drain hose and drain connection will be tied inside the unit. Installer will untie the drain hose, form trap, and connect to the condensate drain hole of installer's choice.
- Electrical access is available on either side (left or right) of unit and is also available in the front on the left or right side of the unit.
- Overall width - Add 3.12" (8cm) for 1" (2.5cm) or 2" (5cm) Filter Frame; or 5.12" (13cm) for 4" (10.2cm) and for front or rear supply add additional 1.06" (2.7cm) for supply duct collar.
- Overall cabinet height dimension does not include duct flange for top discharge configuration.
- Units require 3 feet (91 cm) clearance, CAP, CSP, MSP and BSP service access.
- Side service access must be 2 feet (9.4cm) on any side that connections are made.
- Filter removal is from right or left side of filter frame, allow 2 feet (9.4cm) access for servicing.



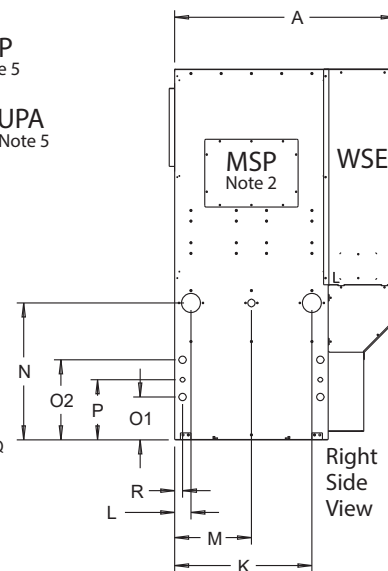
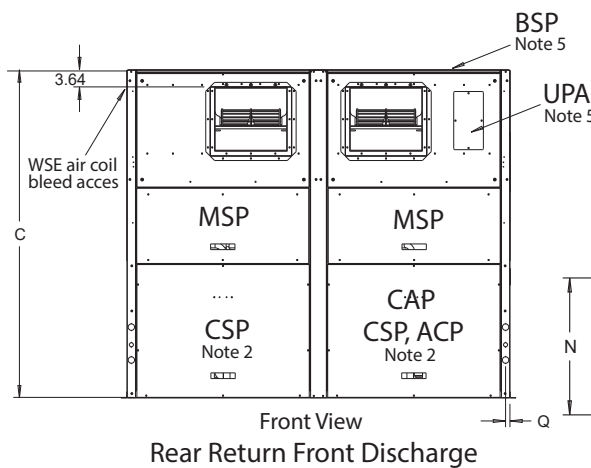
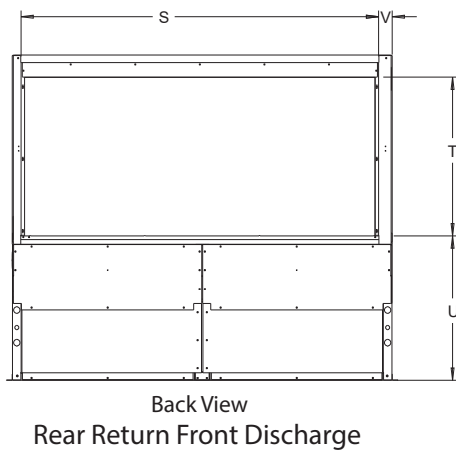
TC_LV160-240 w/WSE Dimensional Data

Model	Overall Cabinet			Discharge Connection Duct Flange				Water Connections				Electrical Knockouts				Return Air Connections Using Return Air Opening					
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	K	L	M	N	O1	O2	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	
	Depth	Width	Height	Supply Width	Supply Depth	Supply Width	Supply Depth	Water Inlet	Water Outlet	Condensate							Return Depth	Return Height			
160-240	in.	41.9	82.0	69.8	17.5	14.8	17.9	11.5	26.1	3.1	14.5	25.8	8.0	15.0	11.3	1.0	1.5	77.0	35.8	31.7	2.6
	cm.	106.4	208.3	177.2	44.5	37.5	45.4	29.3	66.3	7.9	36.8	65.5	20.3	38.1	28.6	2.5	3.8	195.6	90.8	80.5	6.7



Legend

- BSP = Blower Service Panel
- CSP = Compressor Service Panel
- CAP = Control Access Panel
- MSP = Motor Service Panel
- UPA = Upper Pulley Access
- ACP = Aquastat Controller Panel
- WSE = Waterside Economizer



Notes:

1. While clear access to all removable panels may not be required, installer should take care to comply with all building codes and allow adequate clearance for future field service.
2. Units require 3 ft (91 cm) clearance for water connections, WSE coil air bleed, CAP, CSP, BSP, ACP, UPA, and MSP.
3. Factory supplied controller (aquastat) is inside unit completely wired. To field adjust temperature setting remove ACP panel and push button.
4. Condensate drain is internally trapped, externally vented.
5. For top discharge units, UPA is on top and BSP is on front. For front discharge units, UPA is on front and BSP is on top. Allow 3 ft above unit for service.

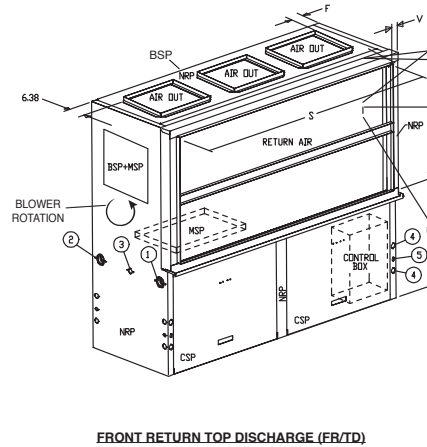
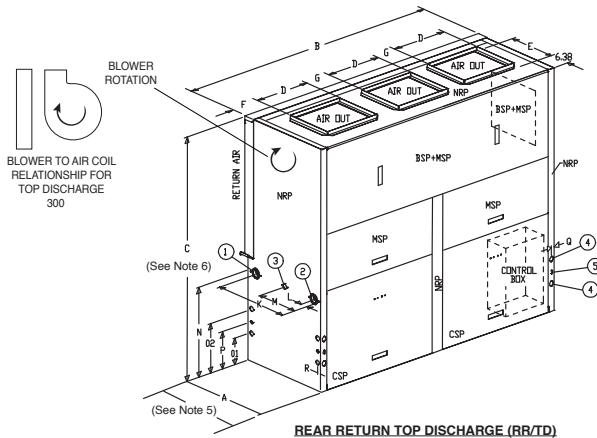
Tranquility® Compact High Capacity (TC_L) Series

Rev.: November 6, 2024

TC_LV300 Dimensional Data

Model	Overall Cabinet			Discharge Connection Duct Flange				Water Connections				Electrical Knockouts				Return Air Connections Using Return Air Opening					
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	K	L	M	N	O1	O2	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	
	Depth	Width	Height	Supply Width	Supply Depth	Supply Width	Supply Depth	Water Inlet	Water Outlet	Condensate							Return Depth	Return Height			
300	in.	29.0	82.0	69.8	17.5	14.8	6.3	8.6	25.7	3.1	14.5	25.8	8.0	15.0	11.3	1.0	1.5	77.0	35.8	31.7	2.6
	cm.	73.7	208.3	177.2	44.5	37.5	16.0	21.8	65.3	7.9	36.8	65.5	20.3	38.1	28.6	2.5	3.8	195.6	90.9	80.5	6.7

ALL CONFIGURATIONS REQUIRE SERVICE ACCESS AREA DESCRIBED IN NOTES 7, 8, and 9

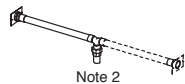


LEGEND	TCV300
① WATER INLET (SEE NOTE 2)	2-1/2" FPT
② WATER OUTLET (SEE NOTE 2)	2-1/2" FPT
③ CONDENSATE DRAIN (SEE NOTE 3)	1" FPT
④ HIGH VOLTAGE ACCESS (SEE NOTE 4)	1-3/8" [3.49 CM]
⑤ LOW VOLTAGE ACCESS (SEE NOTE 4)	7/8" [2.2 CM]

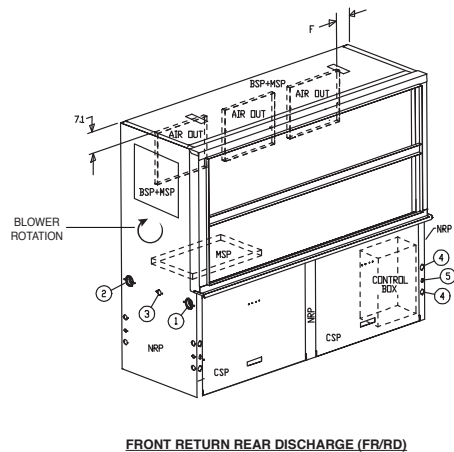
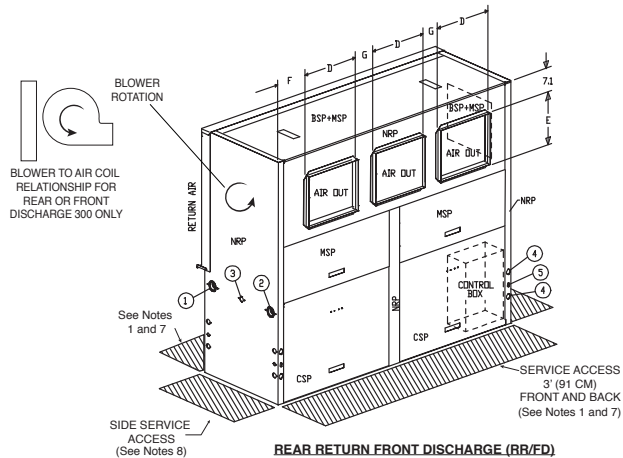
BSP - BLOWER SERVICE PANEL
 CAP - CONTROL ACCESS PANEL
 CSP - COMPRESSOR ACCESS PANEL
 MSP - MOTOR SERVICE PANEL
 NRP - NON REMOVABLE PANEL

NOTES:

- All dimensions in table are inches (cm)
- While access to all removable panels may not be required, installer should take care to comply with all building codes and allow adequate clearance for future field service.
- Water inlet and water outlet connections are factory shipped on the left side. Union allows field conversion to right side.
- Condensate drain is available on either side (left or right) of unit. Drain hose and drain connection will be tied inside the unit. Installer will untie the drain hose, form trap, and connect to the condensate drain hole of installer's choice.
- Electrical access is available on either side (left or right) of unit and is also available in the front on the left or right side of the unit.
- Overall width - Add 3.12" (8cm) for 1" (2.5cm) or 2" (5cm) Filter Frame; or 5.12" (13cm) for 4" (10.2cm) and for front or rear supply add additional 1.06" (2.7cm) for supply duct collar.
- Overall cabinet height dimension does not include duct flange for top discharge configuration.
- Units require 3 feet (91 cm) clearance, CAP, CSP, MSP and BSP service access.
- Side service access must be 2 feet (9.4cm) on any side that connections are made.
- Filter removal is from right or left side of filter frame, allow 2 feet (9.4cm) access for servicing.

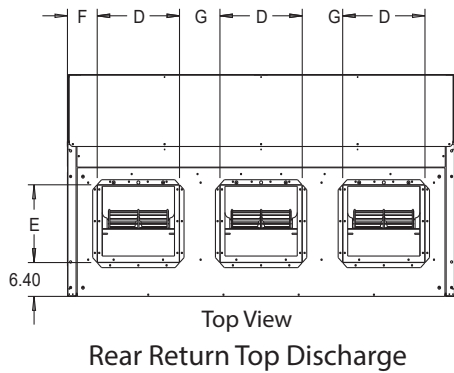


ALL CONFIGURATIONS



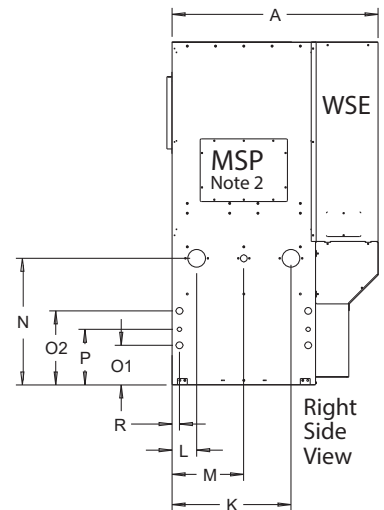
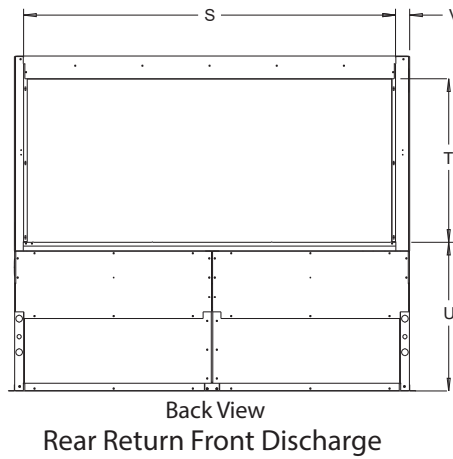
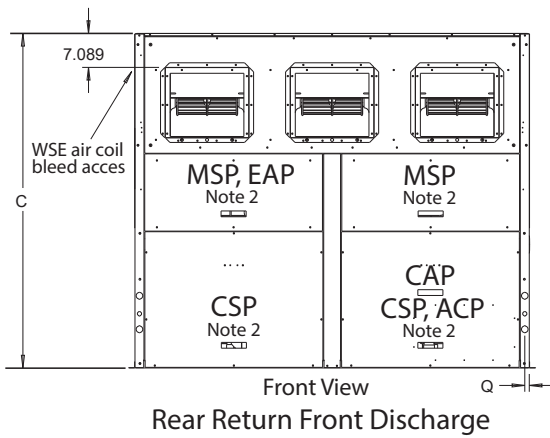
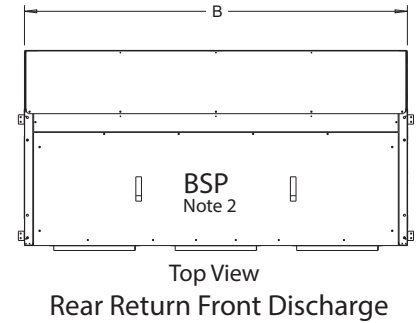
TC_LV300 w/WSE Dimensional Data

Model	Overall Cabinet			Discharge Connection Duct Flange				Water Connections				Electrical Knockouts				Return Air Connections Using Return Air Opening					
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	K	L	M	N	O1	O2	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	
	Depth	Width	Height	Supply Width	Supply Depth	Supply Width	Supply Depth	Water Inlet	Water Outlet	Condensate							Return Depth	Return Height			
300	in.	41.9	82.0	69.8	17.5	14.8	6.3	8.6	25.7	3.1	14.5	25.8	8.0	15.0	11.3	1.0	1.5	77.0	35.8	31.7	2.6
	cm.	106.4	208.3	177.2	44.5	37.5	16.0	21.8	65.3	7.9	36.8	65.5	20.3	38.1	28.6	2.5	3.8	195.6	90.9	80.5	6.7



Legend

- BSP = Blower Service Panel
- CSP = Compressor Service Panel
- CAP = Control Access Panel
- MSP = Motor Service Panel
- ACP = Aquastat Controller Panel
- WSE = Waterside Economizer
- EAP = Expansion Valve Access Panel



Notes:

1. While clear access to all removable panels may not be required, installer should take care to comply with all building codes and allow adequate clearance for future field service.
2. Units require 3 ft (91 cm) clearance for water connections, WSE coil air bleed, CAP, CSP, BSP, ACP, and MSP.
3. Factory supplied controller (aquastat) is inside unit completely wired. To field adjust temperature setting remove ACP panel and push button.
4. Condensate drain is internally trapped and externally vented.
5. For top discharge units, BSP is on front. For front discharge units, BSP is on top. Allow 3 ft above unit for service.

Tranquility® Compact High Capacity (TC_L) Series

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Horizontal Installation

Horizontal Unit Location - Units are not designed for outdoor installation. Locate the unit in an INDOOR area that allows enough space for service personnel to perform typical maintenance or repairs without removing unit from the ceiling. Horizontal units are typically installed above a false ceiling or in a ceiling plenum. Never install units in areas subject to freezing or where humidity levels could cause cabinet condensation (such as unconditioned spaces subject to 100% outside air). Consideration should be given to access for easy removal of the filter and access panels. Provide sufficient room to make water, electrical, and duct connection(s). Allow 3 feet (91 cm) clearance for servicing unit through all access panels.

If the unit is located in a confined space, such as a closet, provisions must be made for return air to freely enter the space by means of a louvered door, etc. Any access panel screws that would be difficult to remove after the unit is installed should be removed prior to setting the unit. Refer to Figure 3 for an illustration of a typical installation. Refer to unit submittal data or engineering design guide for dimensional data.

Conform to the following guidelines when selecting unit location:

1. Provide a hinged access door in concealed-spline or plaster ceilings. Provide removable ceiling tiles in T-bar or lay-in ceilings. Refer to horizontal unit dimensions for specific series and model in unit submittal data. Size the access opening to accommodate the service technician during the removal or replacement of the compressor, control, or blower assembly. Provide access to hanger brackets, water valves and fittings. Provide screwdriver clearance to access panels, discharge collars and all electrical connections.
2. DO NOT obstruct the space beneath the unit with piping, electrical cables and other items that prohibit future removal of components or the unit itself.
3. Use a manual portable jack/lift to lift and support the weight of the unit during installation and servicing.

The installation of water source heat pump units and all associated components, parts and accessories which make up the installation shall be in accordance with the regulations of ALL authorities having jurisdiction and MUST conform to all applicable codes. It is the responsibility of the installing contractor to determine and comply with ALL applicable codes and regulations.

Mounting Horizontal Units

Horizontal units have 4 hanger brackets partially attached at the factory, one at each corner. Enclosed within the unit there is a hanger kit hardware bag containing vibration isolation grommets, washers, screws and a hanger installation instruction page. One additional screw from the hardware bag must be added to each hanger bracket before unit installation. Tighten each screw to 75 in-lbs (8.5 Nm). See Figure 1. Refer to the hanger installation instruction page contained in the hardware bag for details of final hanger bracket attachment and unit suspension. See Figure 1a.

Use four (4) field supplied threaded rods and factory provided vibration isolators to suspend the unit. Safely lift the unit into position supporting the bottom of the unit. Ensure the top of the unit is not in contact with any external objects. Connect the top end of the 4 all-thread rods, slide rods through the brackets and grommet then assemble washers and double nuts at each rod. Ensure that the unit is approximately level and that the threaded rod extends past the nuts.

Pitch the unit toward the drain as shown in Figure 2 to improve the condensate drainage.

Figure 1: Hanger Bracket

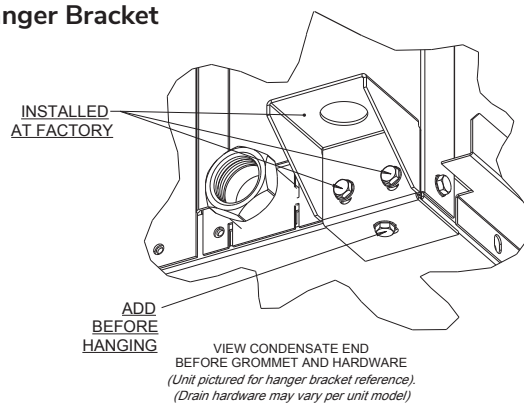
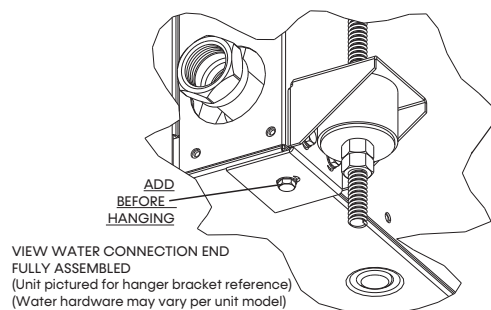
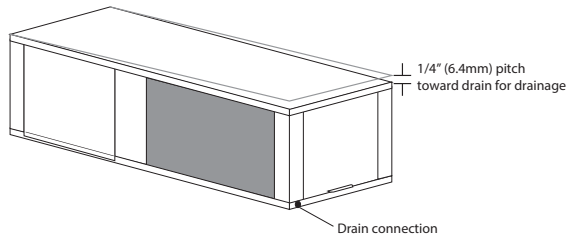


Figure 1a:



Horizontal Installation

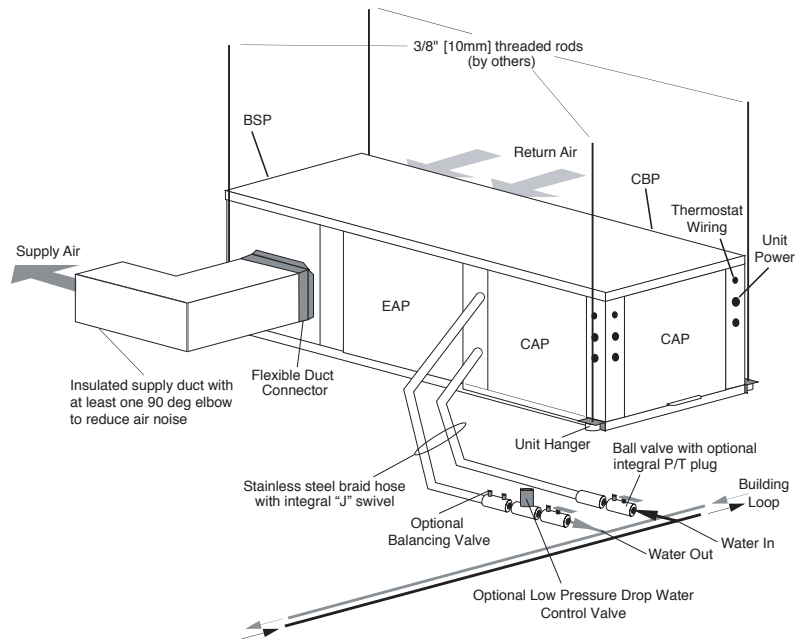
Figure 2: Horizontal Unit Pitch



LEGEND

CAP	=	Compressor Access Panel
CBP	=	Control Box Panel
BSP	=	Blower Service Panel
EAP	=	Expansion Valve Access panel
1	=	Water Outlet 1-1/4" FPT [3.2 cm] (072-096)
		1-1/2" FPT [3.8 cm] (120)
2	=	Water Inlet 1-1/4" FPT [3.2 cm] (072-096)
		1-1/2" FPT [3.8 cm] (120)
3	=	Condensate 3/4" FPT [1.9 cm]
4	=	High Voltage 1-1/8" [2.9cm] KO
5	=	Low Voltage 7/8" [2.2cm] KO

Figure 3: Typical Horizontal Unit Installation



Notes:

All dimensions in table are inches (cm).

1. Service access is required for all removable panels and installer should take care to comply with all building codes and allow adequate clearance for future field service.
2. Water inlet and water outlet connections are available on either side (left or right) of the unit. Qty (2x) MPT Plugs are shipped loose in a plastic bag tied to the water leg in front of the unit. Installer must plug water inlet/outlet side not being connected to.
3. Condensate drain is 3/4-inch FPT and is located on cabinet end opposite the compressor.
4. Electrical access is available on either side (left or right) of the front.
5. Electric box is on right side. It can be field converted to left side. Conversion should only be attempted by qualified service technician. If electric box relocated to opposite side, and water connected to opposite side, then this access is not required.
6. Units require 3-foot (90.1 cm) clearance for water connections, CAP, CBP, EAP, and BSP service access.
7. Overall cabinet width dimensions does not include filter rail and duct flange.
8. Units are shipped with air filter rails that are not suitable for supporting return air ductwork. An air filter frame with duct mounting collar is available as an accessory.

Air Coil - To obtain maximum performance, the air coil should be cleaned before start-up. A 10% solution of dishwasher detergent and water is recommended for both sides of the coil. A thorough water rinse should follow. **UV based anti-bacterial systems may damage coated air coils.**

Notice! Installation Note - Ducted Return: Many horizontal WSHPs are installed in a return air ceiling plenum application (above ceiling). Vertical WSHPs are commonly installed in a mechanical room with free return (e.g. louvered door). Therefore, filter rails are the industry standard and are included on ClimateMaster commercial heat pumps for the purposes of holding the filter only. For ducted return applications, the filter rail must be removed and replaced with a duct flange or filter frame. Canvas or flexible connectors should also be used to minimize vibration between the unit and ductwork.

Tranquility® Compact High Capacity (TC_L) Series

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TC_LH Field Conversion of Air Discharge

⚠️ WARNING! ⚠️

WARNING! To avoid possible injury or death due to electrical shock, open the power supply disconnect switch and secure it in an open position during installation or conversion.

Overview - Horizontal units can be field converted between straight (side) and back (end) discharge using the instructions below.

Note: It is not possible to field convert return air between left or right return models due to the necessity of refrigeration copper piping changes.

Preparation - Field conversion must be completed on the ground. If the unit is already hung it should be taken down for the field conversion. Place in a well-lighted area. Conversion should only be attempted by a qualified service technician.

Side to Back Discharge Conversion

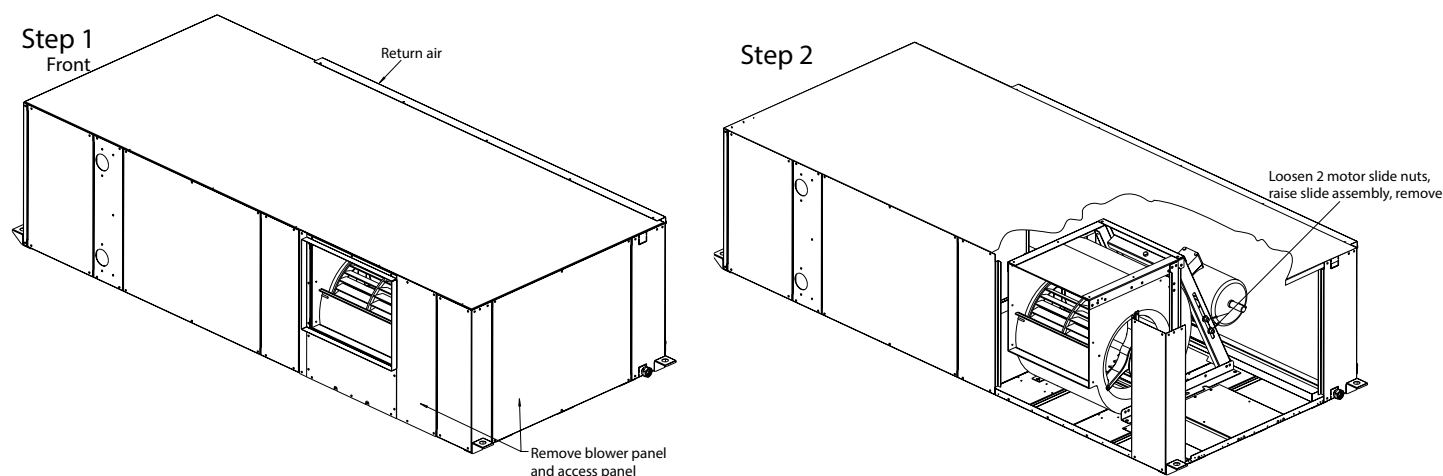
1. Remove back panel and side access panel
2. Loosen 2 motor slide nuts, raise motor slide assembly and remove belt and motor sheave.
3. Remove blower sheave. Remove motor bolts and carefully remove motor.
4. Remove 2 motor clips and reattach to opposite side.
5. Unbolt (3 per side) complete housing assembly.

6. Rotate complete assembly into new position. Locate over mounting holes in base, reattach using 3 bolts per side.
7. Mount motor, motor sheave, blower sheave and belt. Make sure wires are not pinched and not over sharp edges. Adjust motor downward to tighten belt. Raise or lower motor slide assembly with adjusting bolt and retighten 2 slide nuts. Check for correct tension (See Tensioning V-Belt Drives page). Rewire motor (at contactor) for correct rotation. Spin blower wheel to ensure wheel is not obstructed.
8. Replace 2 panels.

Back to Side Discharge Conversion - If the discharge is changed from back to side, use above instruction noting that illustrations will be reversed.

Left vs. Right Return - It is not possible to field convert return air between left or right return models due to the necessity of refrigeration copper piping changes. However, the conversion process of side to back or back to side discharge for either right or left return configuration is the same. In some cases, it may be possible to rotate the entire unit 180 degrees if the return air connection needs to be on the opposite side. Note that rotating the unit will move the piping to the other end of the unit.

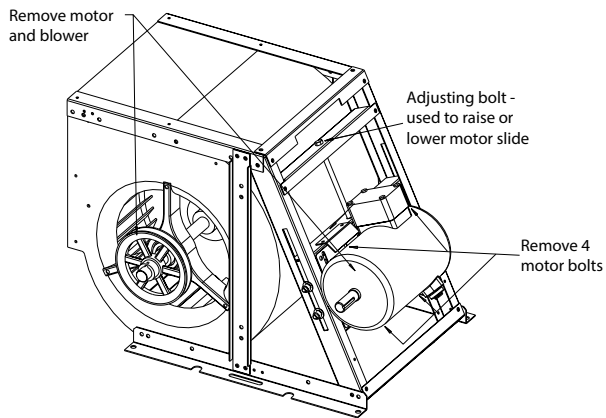
Figure 4: Left Return Side Discharge to Back - Steps 1-8



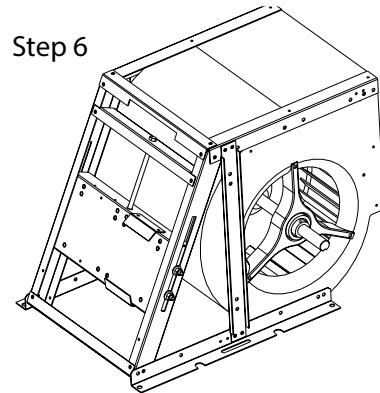
TC_LH Field Conversion of Air Discharge

Figure 4: Left Return Side Discharge to Back - Steps 1-8

Step 3

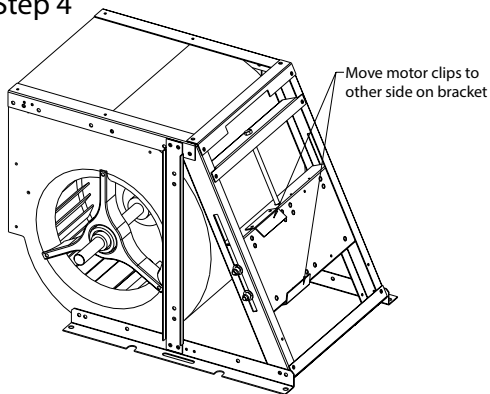


Step 6

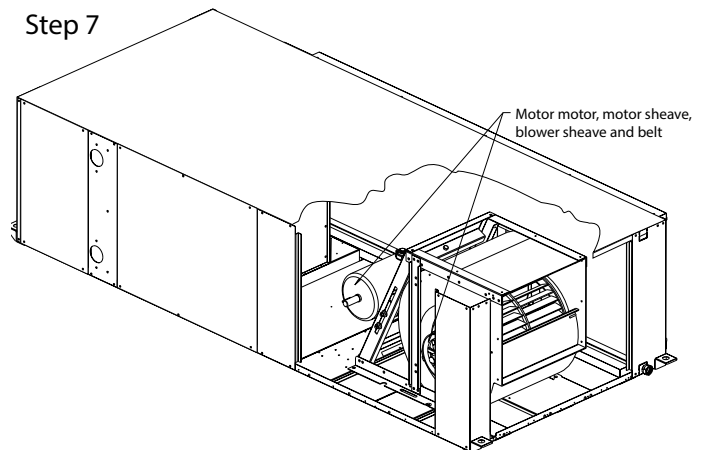


Rotate entire blower housing assembly to rest at back end of the unit. Locate housing holes and bolt down using previous 1/4-20 UNC bolts (3x) ea. side.

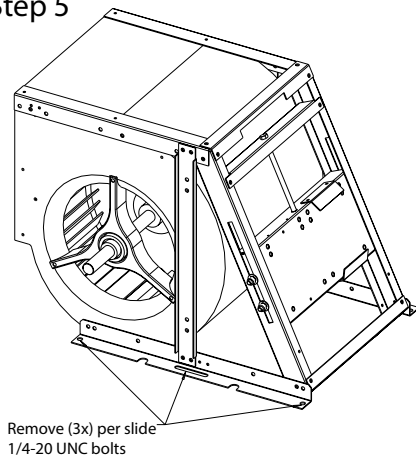
Step 4



Step 7

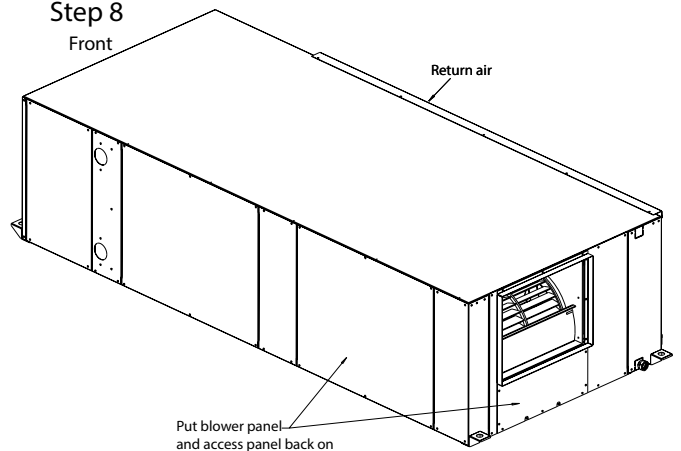


Step 5



Step 8

Front

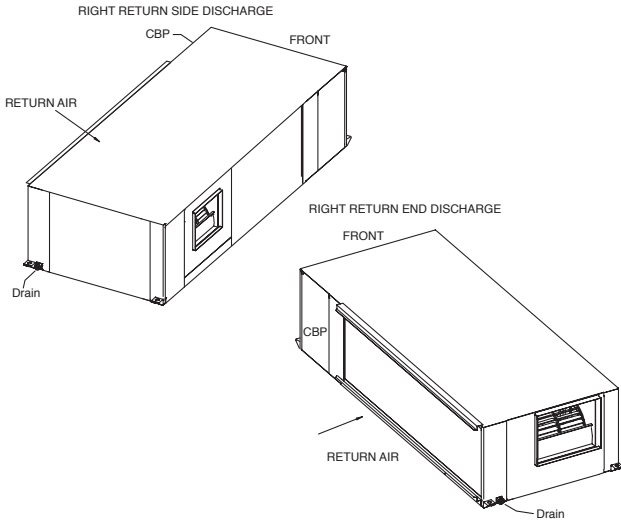


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Horizontal Installation

Figure 5: Right Return Side Discharge to Back



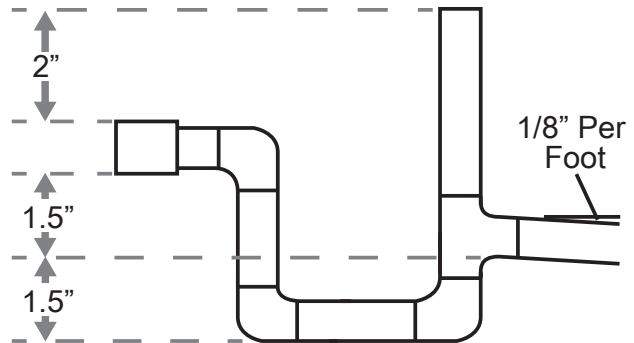
Horizontal Units Condensate Piping - Pitch the unit toward the drain as shown in Figure 2 to improve the condensate drainage. Ensure that unit pitch does not cause condensate leaks inside the cabinet.

Install condensate trap at each unit with the top of the trap positioned below the unit condensate drain connection as shown in Figure 6. Design the depth of the trap (water-seal) based upon the amount of ESP capability of the blower (where 2 inches [51mm] of ESP capability requires 2 inches [51mm] of trap depth). As a general rule, 1-1/2 inch [38mm] trap depth is the minimum.

Each unit must be installed with its own individual trap and connection to the condensate line (main) or riser. Provide a means to flush or blow out the condensate line. DO NOT install units with a common trap and/or vent.

Always vent the condensate line when dirt or air can collect in the line or a long horizontal drain line is required. Also vent when large units are working against higher external static pressure than other units connected to the same condensate main since this may cause poor drainage for all units on the line. **WHEN A VENT IS INSTALLED IN THE DRAIN LINE, IT MUST BE LOCATED AFTER THE TRAP IN THE DIRECTION OF THE CONDENSATE FLOW.**

Figure 6: Horizontal Condensate Connection



* Some units include a painted drain connection. Using a threaded pipe or similar device to clear any excess paint accumulated inside this fitting may ease final drain line installation.

! CAUTION! !

CAUTION! Ensure condensate line is pitched toward drain 1/8 inch per ft [11 mm per m] of run.

DUCT SYSTEM INSTALLATION

Duct System Installation - Proper duct sizing and design is critical to the performance of the unit. The duct system should be designed to allow adequate and even airflow through the unit during operation. Air flow through the unit **MUST** be at or above the minimum stated airflow for the unit to avoid equipment damage. Duct systems should be designed for quiet operation. Refer to Figure 3 for horizontal duct system details or Figure 8 for vertical duct system details. A flexible connector is recommended for both discharge and return air duct connections on metal duct systems to eliminate the transfer of vibration to the duct system. To maximize sound attenuation of

the unit blower, the supply and return plenums should include internal fiberglass duct liner or be constructed from ductboard for the first few feet. Application of the unit to uninsulated ductwork in an unconditioned space is not recommended, as the unit's performance may be adversely affected.

At least one 90° elbow should be included in the supply duct to reduce air noise. If air noise or excessive air flow is a problem, the blower speed can be changed. For airflow charts, consult submittal data for the series and model of the specific unit.

Vertical Installation

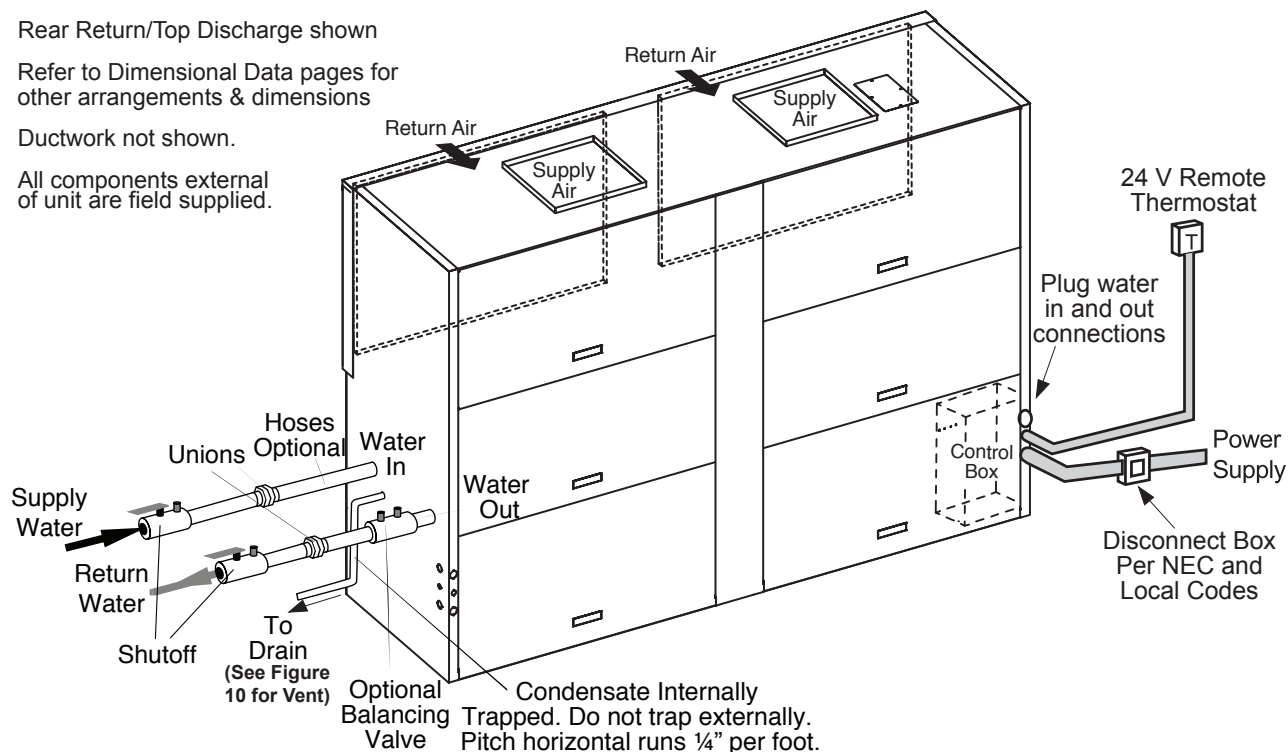
Figure 7: Typical Vertical Installation

Rear Return/Top Discharge shown

Refer to Dimensional Data pages for other arrangements & dimensions

Ductwork not shown.

All components external of unit are field supplied.



Vertical Location and Access

TC units are not designed for outdoor installation. Locate the unit in an indoor area that allows enough space for installation and for service personnel to perform typical maintenance or repairs. TC units are typically installed in a floor level closet or in a small mechanical room. Refer to Figure 7 for an illustration of a typical installation. Install units with adequate clearance to allow maintenance and servicing. Conform to the following guidelines when selecting unit location:

- Provide adequate clearance for filter replacement and drain pan cleaning. DO NOT block filter access with piping, conduit or other materials. Refer to submittal drawing for Vertical Unit Dimensions.
- Provide access for fan and fan motor maintenance and for servicing of the compressor and coils without removal of the unit.
- Provide an unobstructed path to the unit within the closet or mechanical room to enable removal of the unit if necessary.
- Provide access to water valves and fittings, and screwdriver access to the unit side panels, discharge collar and all electrical connections

Duct System Design & Installation Guidelines

The following application guidelines must be used when installing TC units. Failure to follow these guidelines could result in unsatisfactory unit performance and/or premature failure of some unit components. ClimateMaster will not warrant, or accept responsibility for products which fail, have defects, damage or insufficient performance as a result of improper application.

- The duct system must be sized to handle the airflow quietly and must not exceed the maximum allowable External Static Pressure. To maximize sound attenuation metal supply and return ducts should include internal insulation or be of duct board construction for the first 10 feet or end of first full-sized elbow.
- Install a flexible connector in all supply and return air ducts close to the unit to inhibit sound transfer to the ducts.
- Do not install uninsulated duct in an unconditioned space. The unit performance will be adversely affected and damage from condensate can occur.

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TC_LV Field Conversion of Air Discharge

WARNING!

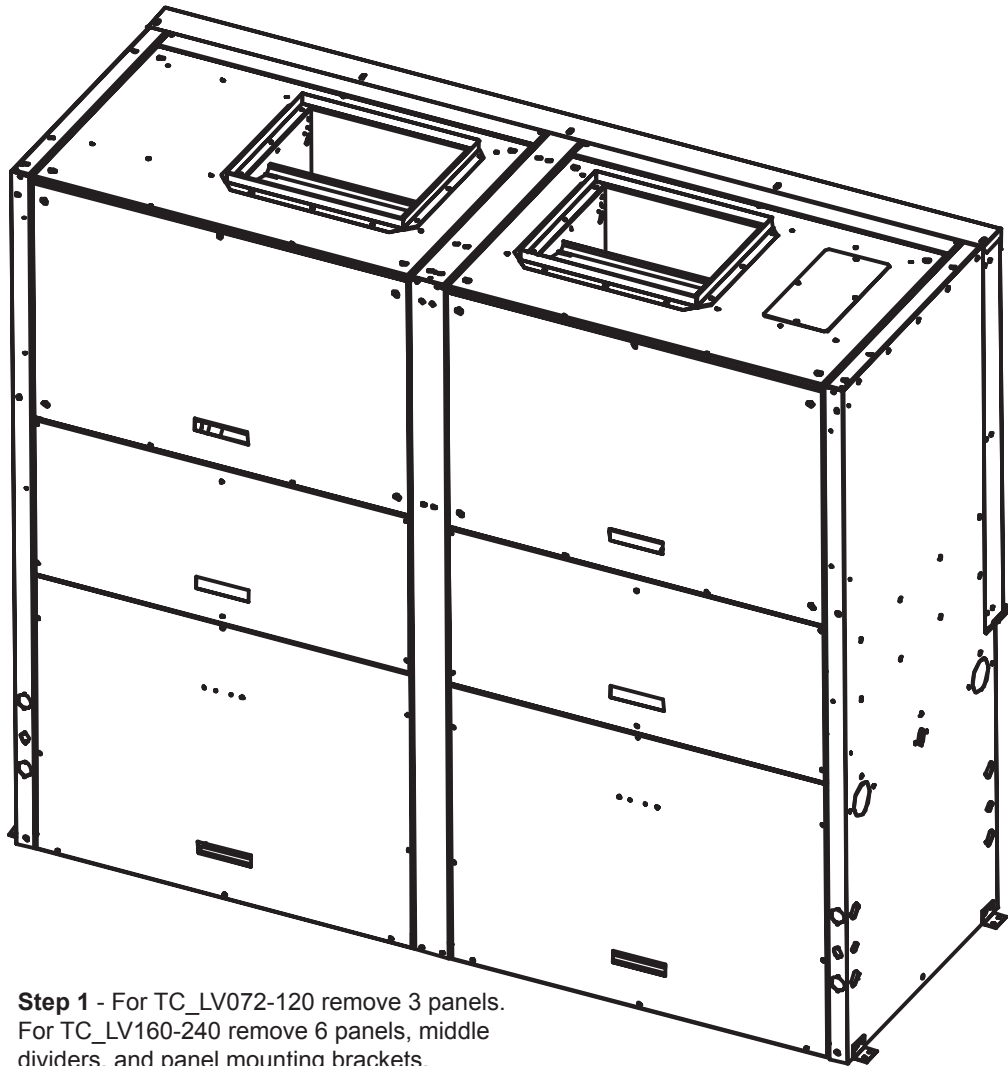
WARNING! To avoid possible injury or death due to electrical shock, open the power supply disconnect switch and secure it in an open position during installation or conversion.

Overview - Vertical units can be field converted between top and straight (side) and back (end) discharge using the instructions below.

Preparation - Place in a well-lighted area. Conversion should only be attempted by qualified service technicians.

TC_LV072-240 Field Conversion of Air Discharge

Figure 8: TC_LV072-120 and TC_LV160-240 Pictorially Shown
Top Discharge Steps to Convert to Straight Discharge



Step 1 - For TC_LV072-120 remove 3 panels.
For TC_LV160-240 remove 6 panels, middle
dividers, and panel mounting brackets.

Figure 8 Continued on Following Page

TC_LV072-240 Field Conversion of Air Discharge

Figure 8: TC_LV072-120 and TC_LV160-240 Pictorially Shown Top Discharge Steps to Convert to Straight Discharge

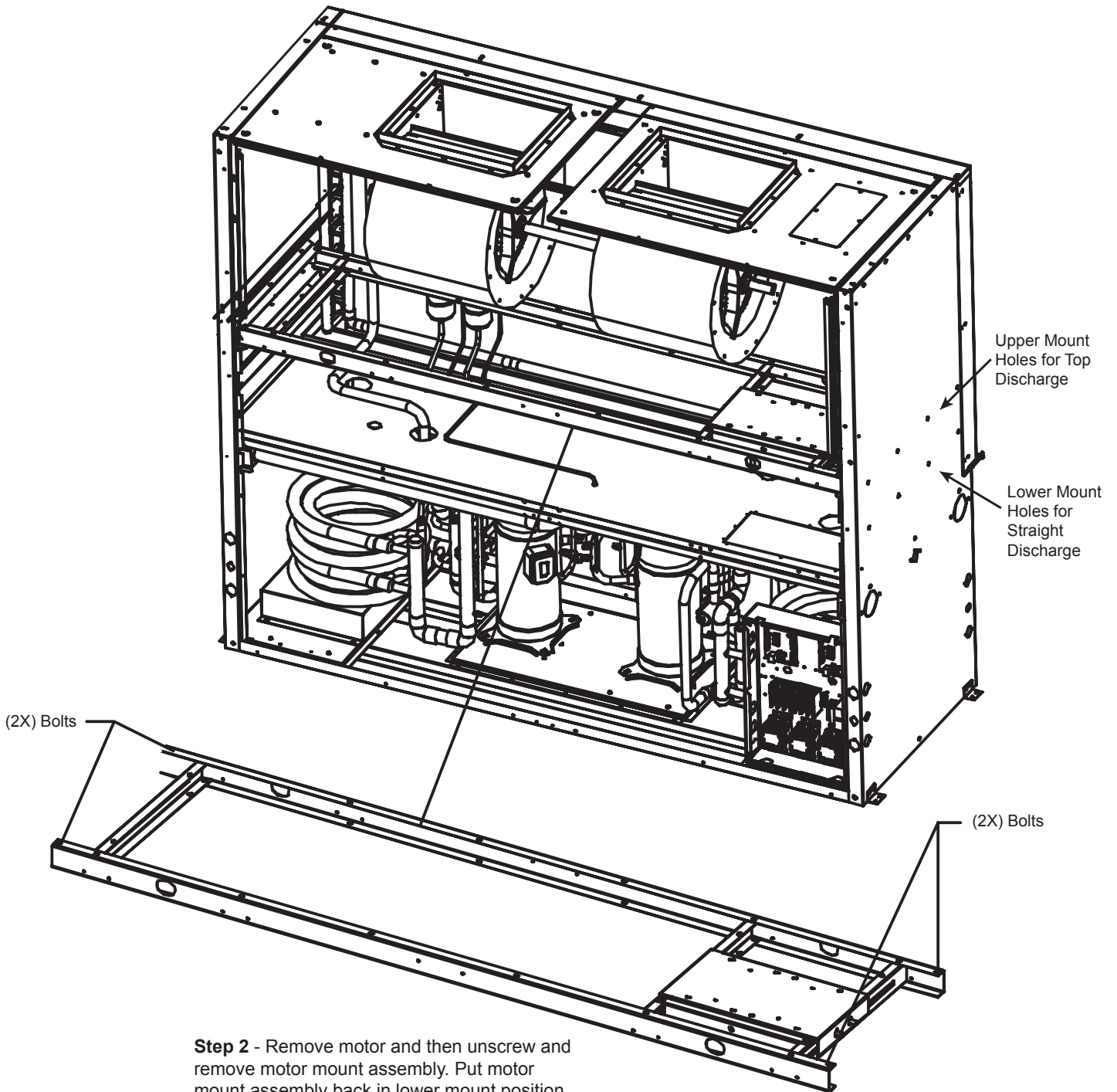
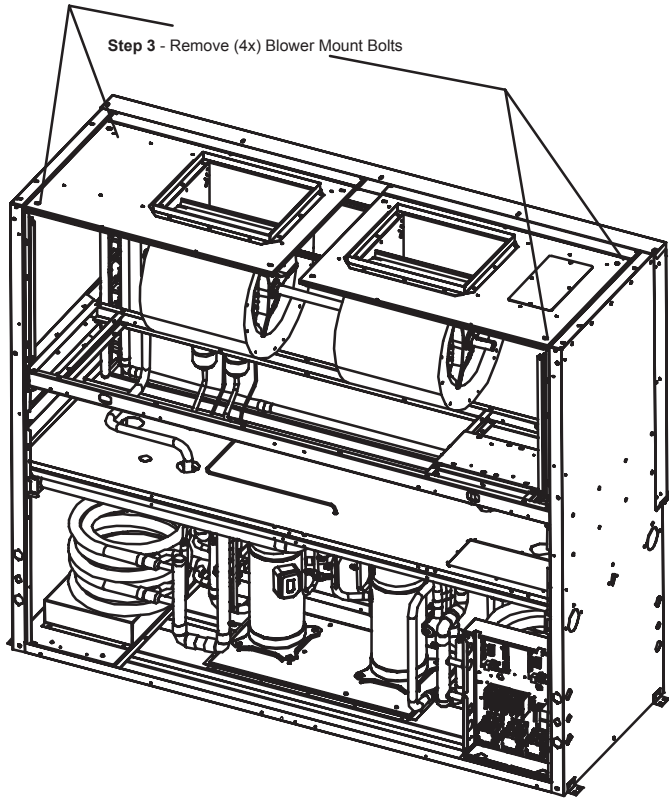


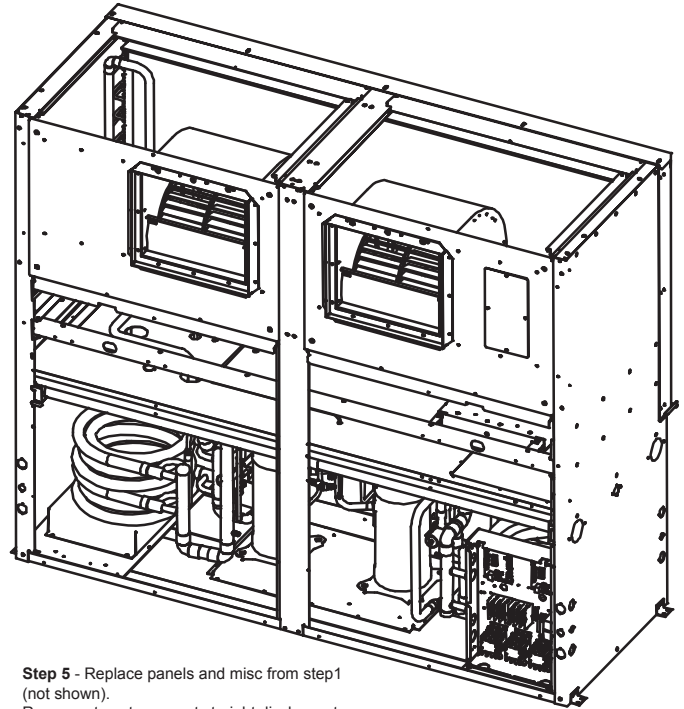
Figure 8 Continued on Following Page

TC_LV072-240 Field Conversion of Air Discharge

Figure 8 continued: TC_LV072-120 and TC_LV160-240 Pictorially Shown
Top Discharge Steps to Convert to Straight Discharge



Step 4 - Rotate blower assembly 90 degrees.
Reattach blower assembly to front of unit as shown. Put belt on and retighten.



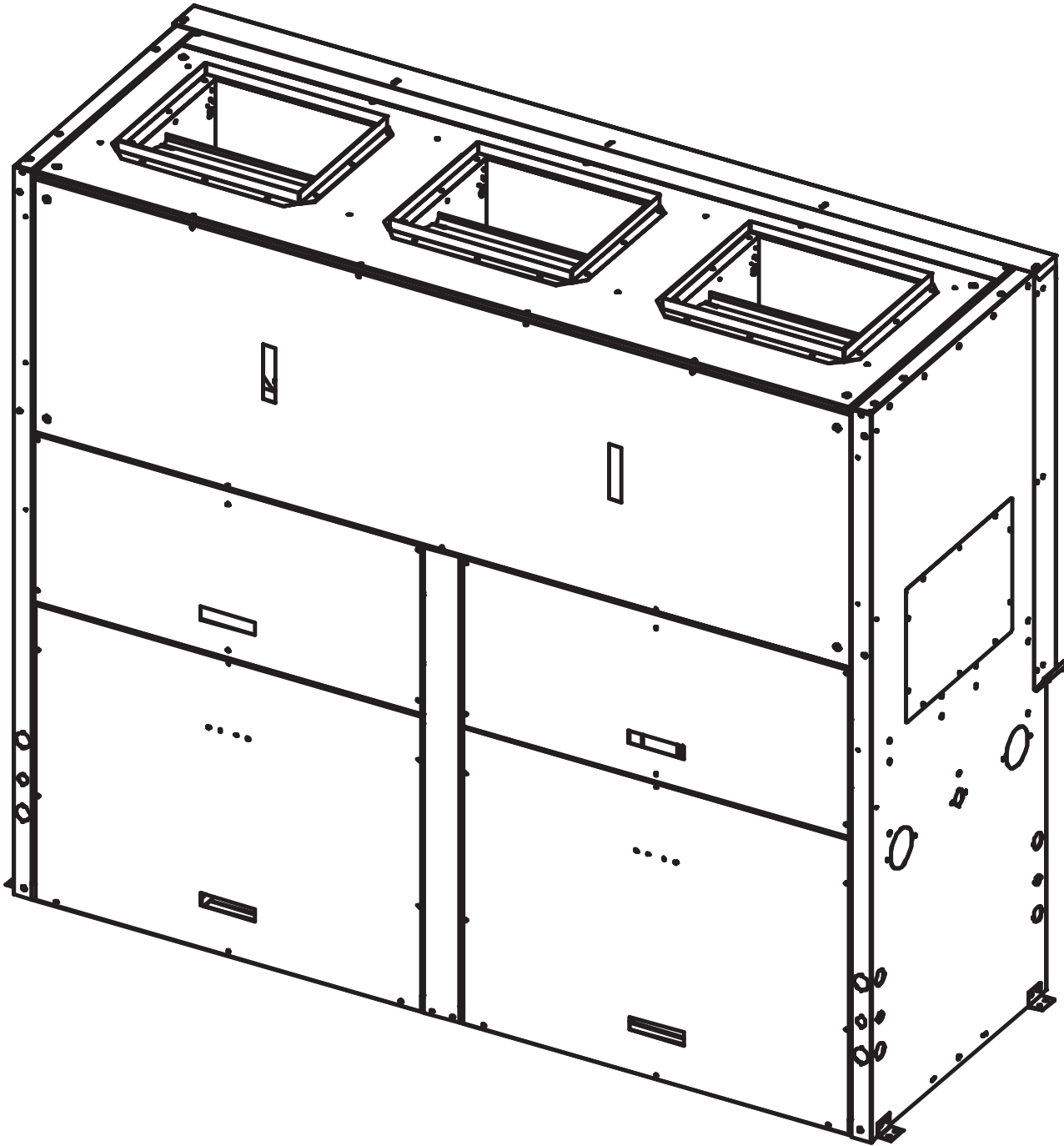
Step 5 - Replace panels and misc from step1 (not shown).
Reverse steps to convert straight discharge to top discharge.

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TC_LV300 Field Conversion of Air Discharge

Figure 9: TC_LV300 Top Discharge Steps to Convert to Straight Discharge



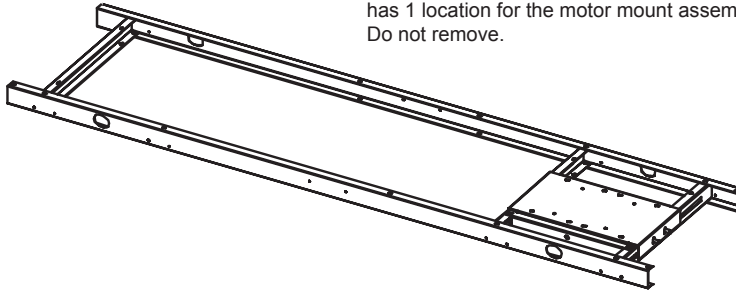
Step 1 - Remove 5 panels, dividers, and panel mount brackets.

Figure 9 Continued on Following Page

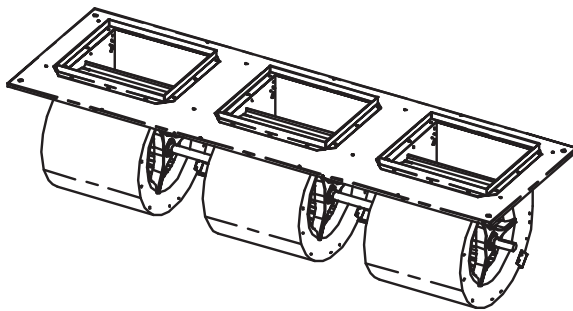
TC_LV300 Field Conversion of Air Discharge

Figure 9: TC_LV300 Top Discharge Steps to Convert to Straight Discharge

Note: Unlike the 160-240, the TC_LV300 only has 1 location for the motor mount assembly. Do not remove.



Step 2 - Unattach and lift entire 3 blower sub assembly out of the unit.



Step 3 - Rotate blower assembly 180 degrees. Remove blower sheave and put on opposite side.

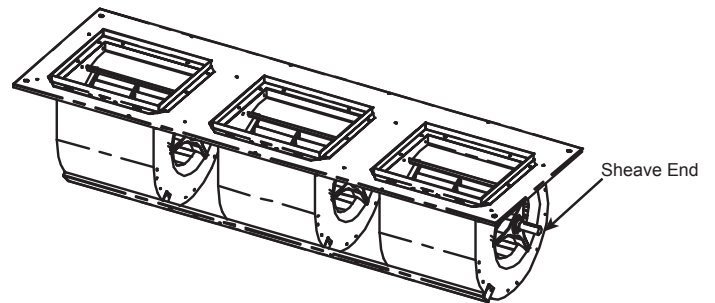


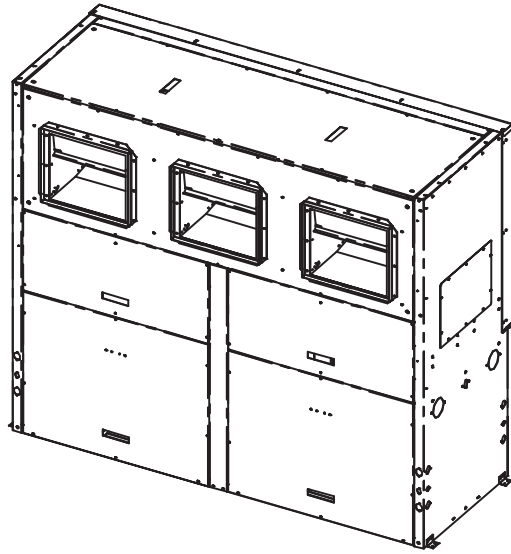
Figure 9 Continued on Following Page

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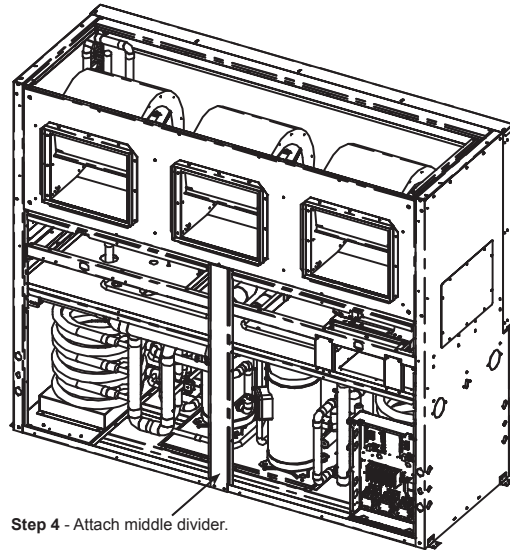
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TC_LV300 Field Conversion of Air Discharge

Figure 9: TC_LV300 Top Discharge Steps to Convert to Straight Discharge



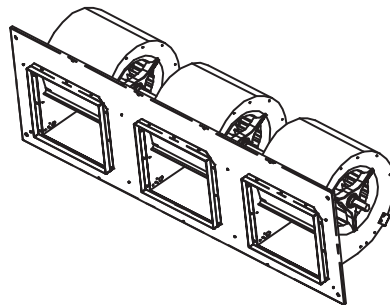
Step 7 - Replace brackets and 5 panels.
Reverse steps to convert straight discharge to top discharge.



Step 4 - Attach middle divider.

Step 6 - Reattach blower assembly to the front of the unit. Put belt on and retighten.

Step 5 - Rotate the blower assembly 90 degrees counter clockwise. The belly of the blowers should be facing upward.



TC_LV300 Field Conversion of Control Box

! WARNING! !

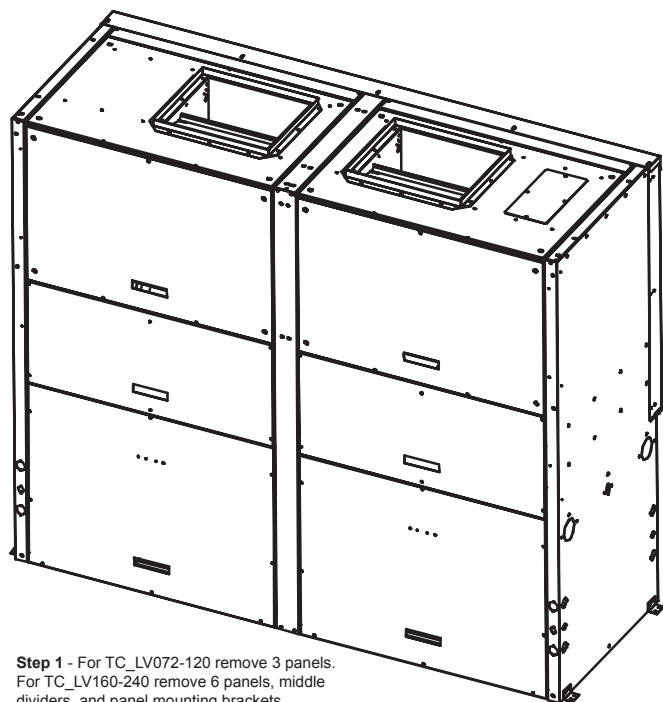
WARNING! To avoid possible injury or death due to electrical shock, open the power supply disconnect switch and secure it in an open position during installation or conversion.

Overview - Vertical unit control box can be field converted from front to any other corner for 160-300 or opposite corner (water coil side) for 072-120.

Preparation - Place in a well-lighted area. Conversion should only be attempted by a qualified service technician.

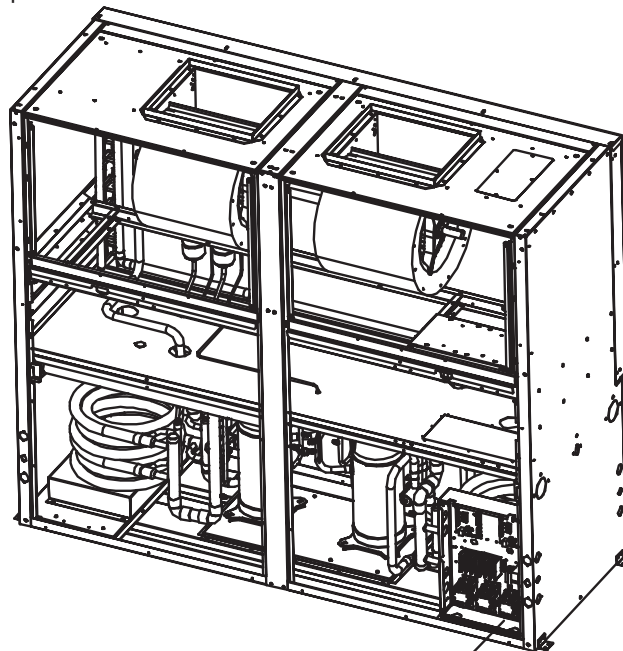
Figure 10: TC_LV160-240 Shown, Typical All TC_LV Models

Note: Must provide 3 feet (or code requirement) service access for new control box location.



Step 1 - For TC_LV072-120 remove 3 panels. For TC_LV160-240 remove 6 panels, middle dividers, and panel mounting brackets.

Step 1 - Remove control box access panel and panel box will be relocated to.



Original Control Box Location for Back Return Top Discharge

Step 2: Unattach all wires from components, remove the control box, tag wires. Pull wires out of box.

Step 3: Attach box to new location.

Step 4: Reroute wires. (Note: Keep wires away from hot lines and sharp edges).

Step 5: Reattach wires. (Note: Models with 2 compressors, rewire circuit 1 to same compressor. (I.E., compressor configuration does not change. Only location of control box changes.

Step 6: Check wiring is per wire diagram.

Step 7: Replace panels.

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TC_LV Field Conversion of Water Connections

WARNING!

WARNING! To avoid possible injury or death due to electrical shock, open the power supply disconnect switch and secure it in an open position during installation or conversion.

Overview - All models the water connection can be field converted to opposite side. Connections can be both left, right, or 1 each side.

Preparation - Field conversion must be completed on the ground. If the unit is already hung it should be taken down for the field conversion. Place in a well-lighted area. Conversion should only be attempted by a qualified service technician.

Side to Back Discharge Conversion

Step 1: Remove panels needed for access to water connections.

Step 2: Remove screws from side panels. Loosen (4x) screws in slots but do not remove.

Step 3: Both water in and out have a union centered in the middle of the unit. Undo both unions, rotate the water legs for opposite configuration retighten unions, reattach connection flanges to wrappers. Use slots to adjust and retighten screws in slots.

Step 4: Replace panels.

Step 5: Check wiring is per wire diagram.

Step 6: Replace panels

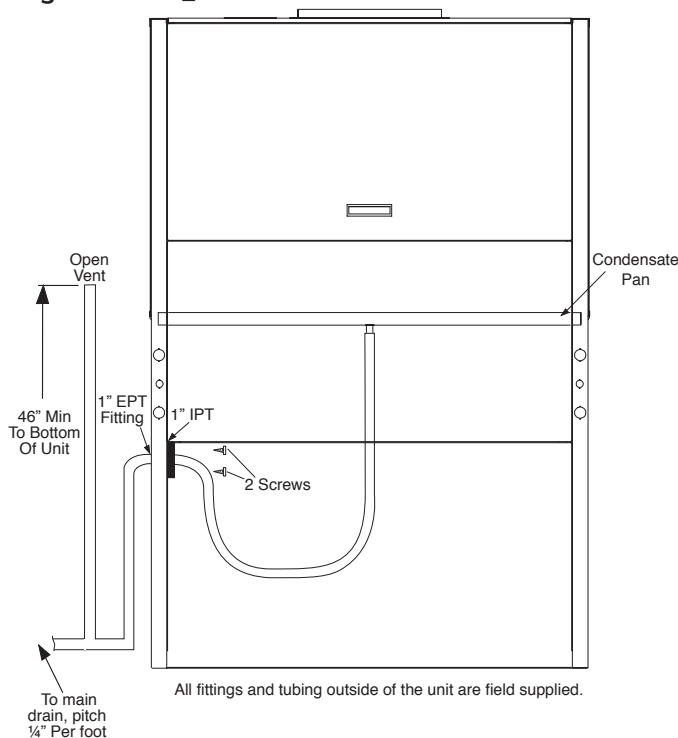
Vertical Condensate Installation

Condensate Piping - TC_LV - Remove KO on side that drain will be connected. Remove access panels. Inside of unit, untie and uncoil drain hose. Form trap in hose, make sure hose is not kinked or deformed. Connect plate assembly to side frame with 2 screws.

Outside of unit, connect 1-inch MPT fitting to plate assembly. Run line to building drain. Horizontal runs must be pitched 1/4" per foot (10 mm per 46 cm) toward drain. Do not trap externally.

Figure 11 illustrates a typical trap and vent used with TC_LV series equipment.

Figure 11: TC_LV



Each unit must be installed with its own individual line to the building main condensate drain line or riser. Provide a means to flush or blow out the condensate line. DO NOT install units with a common trap and or vent. Always vent the condensate line when dirt or air can collect in the line or a long horizontal drain line is required. Also vent when large units are working against higher external static pressure than other units connected to the same condensate main since this may cause poor drainage for all units on the line. WHEN A VENT IS INSTALLED IN THE DRAIN LINE, IT MUST BE LOCATED AFTER THE TRAP IN THE DIRECTION OF THE CONDENSATE FLOW and opening 46 inches (117 cm) minimum from bottom of unit. (Vent per code)

! WARNING! !

WARNING! Ensure condensate line is pitched toward drain 1/4 inch per foot [10mm per 46cm] of run.

Horizontal and Vertical Installations - Drain main or riser must be sized for all units connected to it.

Pipe Size	Connected Tons	Connected kW
3/4" [19mm]	<4	<14
1" [25mm]	<6	<21
1-1/4" [32mm]	<30	<105
1-1/2" [38mm]	<50	<175
2" [51mm]	<150	<527
3" [76mm]	<300	<1055
4" [102mm]	<500	<1758

* Make sure all connections are secure and water tight.

After drain is connected to main and all drain connections are secure and water tight, pour 1 gallon of water into condensate pan. Water should drain out freely. Repair any leaks.

- On units with multiple fan outlets a "pair of pants" duct connection must be used for proper air balance and distribution and to prevent fan oscillation.
- Include at least one 90-degree turn in supply air ducts to reduce noise transmission.
- Existing ducts must be checked to ensure proper size and configuration prior to installation of any replacement unit. Also inspect for and repair all air leaks in existing ducts.
- Units may only be connected to a dedicated duct system. Consult the factory BEFORE connecting multiple units to a common duct system.
- Never connect a unit to a duct system with automatic or modulating dampers, VAV boxes, etc. in the supply air system. Never allow a situation where the total unit CFM can drop below the minimum required for proper unit operation.
- Never connect a bypass damper from the supply air duct to the return air duct. Never allow the return air temperature to drop below the minimum allowable normal temperature for proper unit operation.
- Do not use TC units for 100% outdoor air treatment. Do not add hot-gas-bypass to "convert" a unit for outdoor air treatment. Always use a dedicated outdoor air unit for outdoor air treatment.
- Do not exceed 10% of the total unit CFM with untreated outdoor air.

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Piping Installation

If the unit is connected to existing ductwork, a previous check should have been made to ensure that the ductwork has the capacity to handle the airflow required for the unit. If ducting is too small, as in the replacement of a heating only system, larger ductwork should be installed. All existing ductwork should be checked for leaks and repaired as necessary.

Installation of Supply and Return Piping

Follow these piping guidelines:

1. Install a drain valve at the base of each supply and return riser to facilitate system flushing.
2. Install shut-off / balancing valves and unions at each unit to permit unit removal for servicing.
3. Place strainers at the inlet of each system circulating pump.
4. Select the proper hose length to allow slack between connection points. Hoses may vary in length by +2% to -4% under pressure.
5. Refer to Table 1. Do not exceed the minimum bend radius for the hose selected. Exceeding the minimum bend radius may cause the hose to collapse, which reduces water flow rate. Install an angle adapter to avoid sharp bends in the hose when the radius falls below the required minimum.

Note: When antifreeze is used in the loop, ensure that it is compatible with the Teflon® tape or pipe joint compound that is applied.

Maximum allowable torque for brass fittings is 30 ft-lbs [41 N-m]. If a torque wrench is not available, tighten finger-tight plus one quarter turn. Tighten steel fittings as necessary.

Optional pressure-rated hose assemblies designed specifically for use with ClimateMaster units are available. Similar hoses can be obtained from alternate suppliers. Supply and return hoses are fitted with swivel-joint fittings at one end to prevent kinking during installation.

Refer to Figure 12 for an illustration of a typical supply/return hose kit. Adapters secure hose assemblies to the unit and risers. Install hose assemblies properly and check regularly to avoid system failure and reduced service life.

! WARNING! !

WARNING! Polyolester Oil, commonly known as POE oil, is a synthetic oil used in many refrigeration systems including those with HFC-410A refrigerant. POE oil, if it ever comes in contact with PVC or CPVC piping, may cause failure of the PVC/CPVC. PVC/CPVC piping should never be used as supply or return water piping with water source heat pump products containing HFC-410A as system failures and property damage may result.

! CAUTION! !

CAUTION! Corrosive system water requires corrosion resistant fittings and hoses, and may require water treatment.

! CAUTION! !

CAUTION! Do not bend or kink supply lines or hoses.

! CAUTION! !

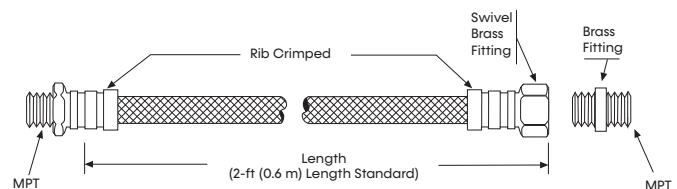
CAUTION! Piping must comply with all applicable codes.

Table 1: Metal Hose Minimum Bend Radii

Hose Diameter	Minimum Bend Radii
1/2" [12.7mm]	2-1/2" [6.4cm]
3/4" [19.1mm]	4" [10.2cm]
1" [25.4mm]	5-1/2" [14cm]
1-1/4" [31.8mm]	6-3/4" [17.1cm]
1-1/2" [38.1mm]	8.5" [21.6cm]

NOTICE! Do not allow hoses to rest against structural building components. Compressor vibration may be transmitted through the hoses to the structure, causing unnecessary noise complaints.

Figure 12 : Supply/Return Hose Kit



Water-Loop Heat Pump Applications

Commercial Water Loop Applications - Commercial systems typically include a number of units connected to a common piping system. Any unit plumbing maintenance work can introduce air into the piping system; therefore air elimination equipment is a major portion of the mechanical room plumbing. In piping systems expected to utilize water temperatures below 50°F [10°C], 1/2-inch (13mm) closed-cell insulation is required on all piping surfaces to eliminate condensation (extended range units required). Metal to plastic threaded joints should never be used due to their tendency to leak over time.

Teflon tape thread sealant is recommended to minimize internal fouling of the heat exchanger. Do not over tighten connections and route piping so as not to interfere with service or maintenance access. Hose kits are available from ClimateMaster in different configurations as shown in Figure 13 for connection between the unit and the piping system. Depending upon selection, hose kits may include shut off valves, P/T plugs for performance measurement, high pressure stainless steel braided hose, "Y" type strainer with blow down valve, and/or "J" type swivel connection. Balancing valves and an external low pressure drop solenoid valve for use in variable speed pumping systems may also be included in the hose kit.

The piping system should be flushed to remove dirt, piping chips, and other foreign material prior to operation (see "Piping System Cleaning and Flushing Procedures" in this manual). The flow rate is usually set between 2.25 and 3.5 gpm per ton [2.9 and 4.5 l/m per kW] of cooling capacity. ClimateMaster recommends 3 gpm per ton [3.9 l/m per kW] for most applications of water loop heat pumps. To ensure proper maintenance and servicing, P/T ports are imperative for temperature and flow verification, as well as performance checks.

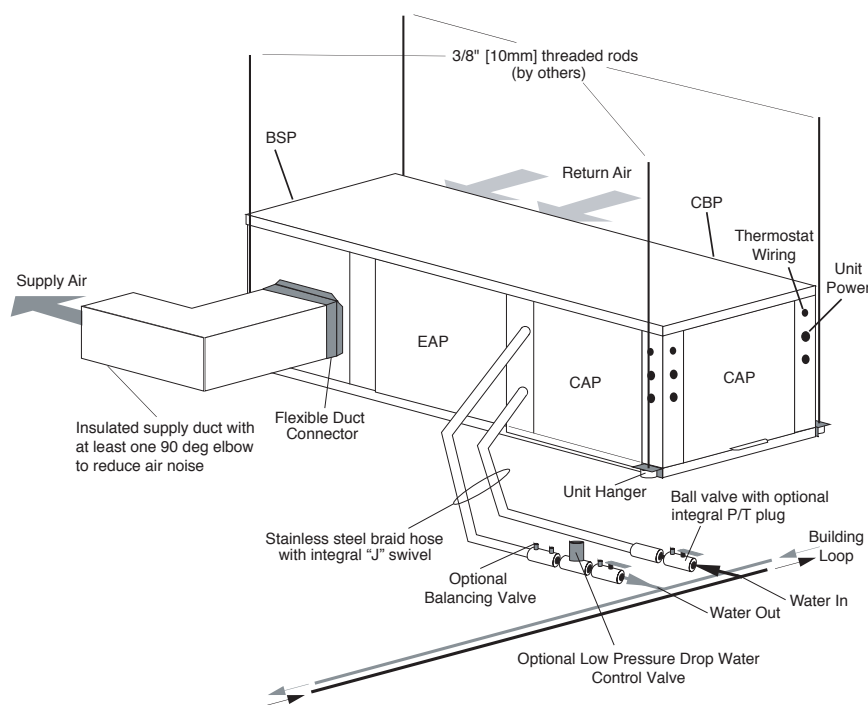
Water loop heat pump (cooling tower/boiler) systems typically utilize a common loop, maintained between 60 - 90°F [16 - 32°C]. The use of a closed circuit evaporative cooling tower with a secondary heat exchanger between the tower and the water loop is recommended. If an open type cooling tower is used continuously, chemical treatment and filtering will be necessary.

Low Water Temperature Cutout Setting - CXM2 Control

When antifreeze is selected, the LT1 jumper (JW3) should be clipped to select the low temperature (antifreeze 10.0°F [-12.2°C]) setpoint and avoid nuisance faults (see "Low Water Temperature Cutout Selection" in this manual).

NOTE: Low water temperature operation requires extended range equipment.

Figure 13: Typical Water-Loop Application



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Ground-Loop Heat Pump Applications

! CAUTION! !

CAUTION! The following instructions represent industry accepted installation practices for closed loop earth coupled heat pump systems. Instructions are provided to assist the contractor in installing trouble free ground loops. These instructions are recommendations only. State/provincial and local codes **MUST** be followed and installation **MUST** conform to ALL applicable codes. It is the responsibility of the installing contractor to determine and comply with ALL applicable codes and regulations.

! CAUTION! !

CAUTION! Ground loop applications require extended range equipment and optional refrigerant/water circuit insulation.

Pre-Installation - Prior to installation, locate and mark all existing underground utilities, piping, etc. Install loops for new construction before sidewalks, patios, driveways, and other construction has begun. During construction, accurately mark all ground loop piping on the plot plan as an aid in avoiding potential future damage to the installation.

Piping Installation - The typical closed loop ground source system is shown in Figure 14. All earth loop piping materials should be limited to polyethylene fusion only for in-ground sections of the loop. Galvanized or steel fittings should not be used at any time due to their tendency to corrode. All plastic to metal threaded fittings should be avoided due to their potential to leak in earth coupled applications. A flanged fitting should be substituted. P/T plugs should be used so that flow can be measured using the pressure drop of the unit heat exchanger.

Earth loop temperatures can range between 25 and 110°F [-4 to 43°C]. Flow rates between 2.25 and 3 gpm per ton [2.41 to 3.23 l/m per kW] of cooling capacity is recommended in these applications.

Test individual horizontal loop circuits before backfilling. Test vertical U-bends and pond loop assemblies prior to installation. Pressures of at least 100 psi [689 kPa] should be used when testing. Do not exceed the pipe pressure rating. Test entire system when all loops are assembled.

Flushing the Earth Loop - Upon completion of system installation and testing, flush the system to remove all foreign objects and purge to remove all air.

Antifreeze - In areas where minimum entering loop temperatures drop below 40°F [5°C] or where piping will be routed through areas subject to freezing, antifreeze is required. Alcohols and glycols are commonly used as antifreeze; however your local sales manager should be consulted for the antifreeze best suited to your area. Low temperature protection should be maintained to 15°F [9°C] below the lowest expected entering loop temperature. For example, if 30°F [-1°C] is the minimum expected entering loop temperature, the leaving loop temperature would be 25 to 22°F [-4 to -6°C] and low temperature protection should be at 15°F [-10°C]. Calculation is as follows: 30°F - 15°F = 15°F [-1°C - 9°C = -10°C].

All alcohols should be premixed and pumped from a reservoir outside of the building when possible or introduced under the water level to prevent fumes. Calculate the total volume of fluid in the piping system. Then use the percentage by volume shown in table 2 for the amount of antifreeze needed. Antifreeze concentration should be checked from a well mixed sample using a hydrometer to measure specific gravity.

Low Water Temperature Cutout Setting - CXM2 Control
When antifreeze is selected, the LT1 jumper (JW3) should be clipped to select the low temperature (antifreeze 10.0°F [-12.2°C]) setpoint and avoid nuisance faults (see “Low Water Temperature Cutout Selection” in this manual).
NOTE: Low water temperature operation requires extended range equipment.

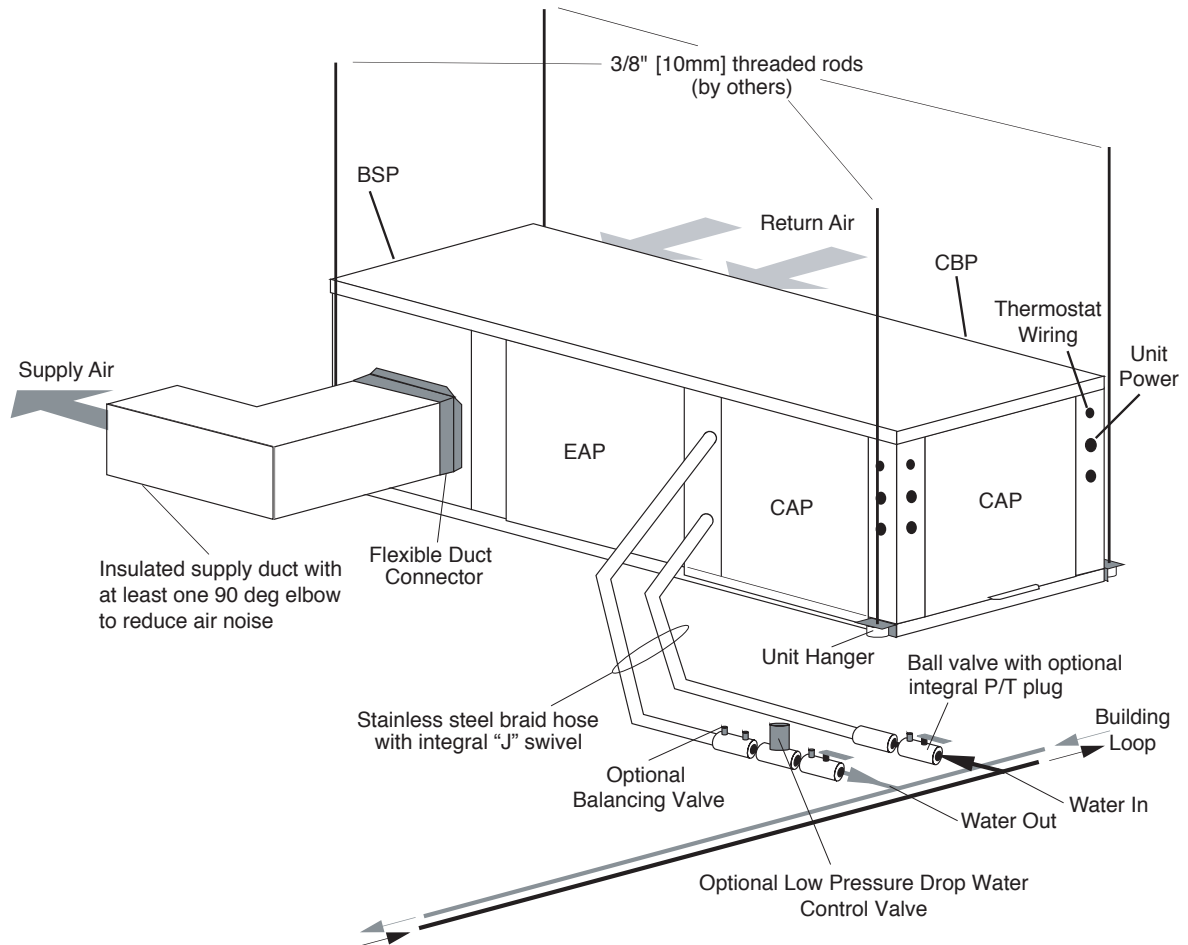
Table 2: Antifreeze Percentages by Volume

Type	Minimum Temperature for Low Temperature Protection			
	10°F [-12.2°C]	15°F [-9.4°C]	20°F [-6.7°C]	25°F [-3.9°C]
Methanol	25%	21%	16%	10%
100% USP food grade Propylene Glycol	38%	25%	22%	15%
Ethanol*	29%	25%	20%	14%

* Must not be denatured with any petroleum based product

Ground-Loop Heat Pump Applications

Figure 14: Typical Ground-Loop Application



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Ground-Water Heat Pump Applications

Open Loop - Ground Water Systems - Typical open loop piping is shown in Figure 15. Shut off valves should be included for ease of servicing. Boiler drains or other valves should be “tee'd” into the lines to allow acid flushing of the heat exchanger. Shut off valves should be positioned to allow flow through the coax via the boiler drains without allowing flow into the piping system. P/T plugs should be used so that pressure drop and temperature can be measured. Supply and return water piping materials should be limited to copper, PE, or similar material. PVC or CPVC should never be used as they are incompatible with the POE oils used in HFC-410A products and piping system failure and property damage may result.

WARNING!

WARNING! Polyolester Oil, commonly known as POE oil, is a synthetic oil used in many refrigeration systems including those with HFC-410A refrigerant. POE oil, if it ever comes in contact with PVC or CPVC piping, may cause failure of the PVC/CPVC. PVC/CPVC piping should never be used as supply or return water piping with water source heat pump products containing HFC-410A as system failures and property damage may result.

Water quantity should be plentiful and of good quality. Consult table 3 for water quality guidelines. The unit can be ordered with either a copper or cupro-nickel water heat exchanger. Consult Table 3 for recommendations. Copper is recommended for closed loop systems and open loop ground water systems that are not high in mineral content or corrosiveness. In conditions anticipating heavy scale formation or in brackish water, a cupro-nickel heat exchanger is recommended. In ground water situations where scaling could be heavy or where biological growth such as iron bacteria will be present, an open loop system is not recommended. Heat exchanger coils may over time lose heat exchange capabilities due to build up of mineral deposits. Heat exchangers must only be serviced by a qualified technician, as acid and special pumping equipment is required. Desuperheater coils can likewise become scaled and possibly plugged. In areas with extremely hard water, the owner should be informed that the heat exchanger may require occasional acid flushing. In some cases, the desuperheater option should not be recommended due to hard water conditions and additional maintenance required.

Water Quality Standards - Table 3 should be consulted for water quality requirements. Scaling potential should be assessed using the pH/Calcium hardness method. If the pH <7.5 and the calcium hardness is less than 100 ppm, scaling potential is low. If this method yields numbers out of range of those listed, the Ryznar Stability and Langelier Saturation indices should be calculated. Use the appropriate scaling surface temperature for the application, 150°F [66°C] for direct use (well water/open loop) and DHW (desuperheater); 90°F [32°F] for indirect use. A monitoring plan should be implemented in these probable scaling situations. Other water quality issues such as iron fouling, corrosion prevention and erosion and clogging should be referenced in Table 3.

Expansion Tank and Pump - Use a closed, bladder-type expansion tank to minimize mineral formation due to air exposure. The expansion tank should be sized to provide at least one minute continuous run time of the pump using its drawdown capacity rating to prevent pump short cycling. Discharge water from the unit is not contaminated in any manner and can be disposed of in various ways, depending on local building codes (e.g. recharge well, storm sewer, drain field, adjacent stream or pond, etc.). Most local codes forbid the use of sanitary sewer for disposal. Consult your local building and zoning department to assure compliance in your area.

Water Control Valve - Note the placement of the water control valve in Figure 15. Always maintain water pressure in the heat exchanger by placing the water control valve(s) on the discharge line to prevent mineral precipitation during the off-cycle. Pilot operated slow closing valves are recommended to reduce water hammer. If water hammer persists, a mini-expansion tank can be mounted on the piping to help absorb the excess hammer shock. Ensure that the total ‘VA’ draw of the valve can be supplied by the unit transformer. For instance, a slow closing valve can draw up to 35VA. This can overload smaller 40 or 50VA transformers depending on the other controls in the circuit. A typical pilot operated solenoid valve draws approximately 15VA. Note the special wiring diagrams for slow closing valves (Figures 19 & 20).

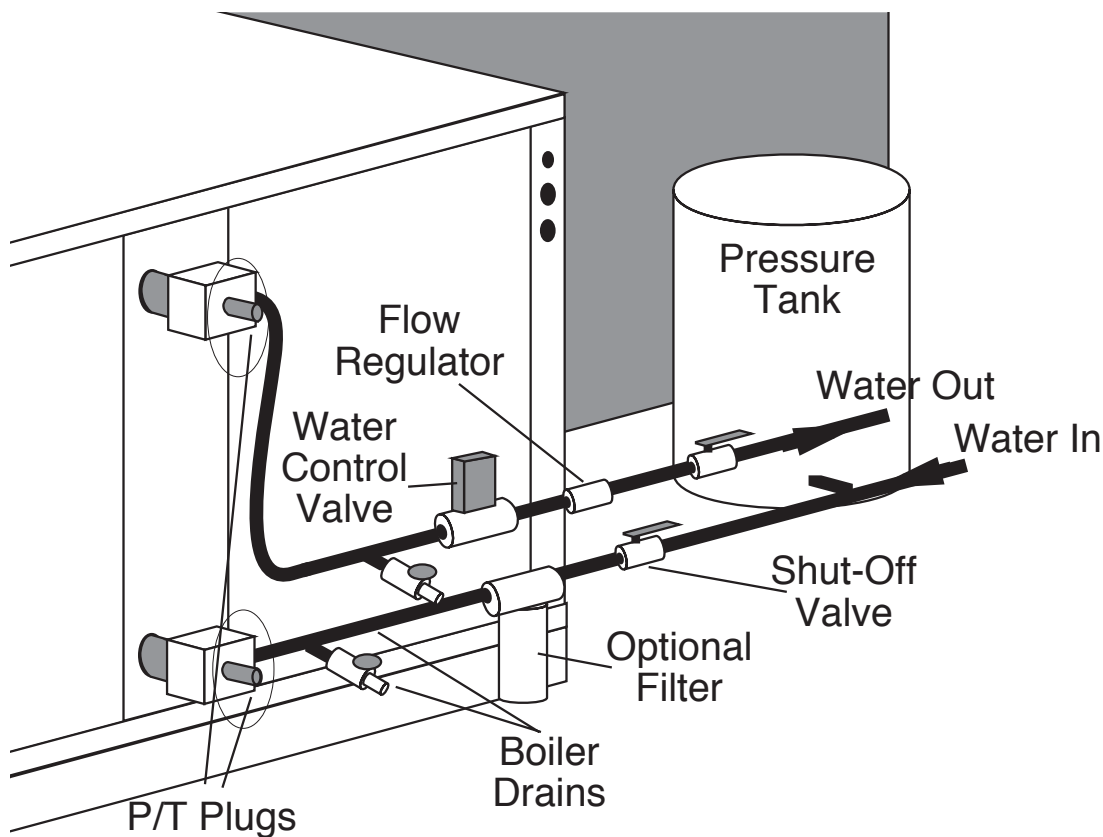
Ground-Water Heat Pump Applications

Flow Regulation - Flow regulation can be accomplished by two methods. One method of flow regulation involves simply adjusting the ball valve or water control valve on the discharge line. Measure the pressure drop through the unit heat exchanger, and determine flow rate from Tables 8a through 8e. Since the pressure is constantly varying, two pressure gauges may be needed. Adjust the valve until the desired flow of 1.5 to 2 gpm per ton [2.0 to 2.6 l/m per kW] is achieved. A second method of flow control requires a flow control device mounted on the outlet of the water control valve. The device is typically a brass fitting with an orifice of rubber or plastic material that is designed to allow a specified flow rate. On occasion, flow control

devices may produce velocity noise that can be reduced by applying some back pressure from the ball valve located on the discharge line. Slightly closing the valve will spread the pressure drop over both devices, lessening the velocity noise. **NOTE: When EWT is below 50°F [10°C], 2 gpm per ton (2.6 l/m per kW) is required.**

Water Coil Low Temperature Limit Setting - For all open loop systems the 30°F [-1.1°C] FP1 setting (factory setting-water) should be used to avoid freeze damage to the unit. See “Low Water Temperature Cutout Selection” in this manual for details on the low limit setting.

Figure 15: Typical Open Loop/Well Application



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Water Quality Standards

Table 3: Water Quality Standards

Clean water is essential to the performance and life span of water source heat pumps. Contaminants, chemicals, and minerals all have the potential to cause damage to the water heat exchanger if not treated properly. All closed water loop systems should undergo water quality testing and be maintained to the water quality standards listed in this table.

WATER QUALITY REQUIREMENTS							
For Closed-Loop and Open-Loop Systems							
	Description	Symbol	Units	Heat Exchanger Type			
				All Heat Exchanger Types	Open Loop, Tower, Ground Source Well		
					COAXIAL HX Copper Tube in Tube	COAXIAL HX Cupronickel	Brazed Plate HX 316 SS
Scaling Potential	pH - Chilled Water <85°F			7.0 to 9.0	7.0 to 9.0	7.0 to 9.0	7.0 to 9.0
	pH - Heated Water >85°F			8.0 to 10.0	8.0 to 10.0	8.0 to 10.0	8.0 to 10.0
	Alkalinity	(HCO ₃ ⁻)	ppm - CaCO ₃ equiv.	50 to 500	50 to 500	50 to 500	50 to 500
	Calcium	(Ca)	ppm	<100	<100	<100	<100
	Magnesium	(Mg)	ppm	<100	<100	<100	<100
	Total Hardness	(CaCO ₃)	ppm - CaCO ₃ equiv.	30 to 150	150 to 450	150 to 450	150 to 450
	Langelier Saturation Index	LSI		-0.5 to +0.5	-0.5 to +0.5	-0.5 to +0.5	-0.5 to +0.5
Ryznar Stability Index	RSI		6.5 to 8.0	6.5 to 8.0	6.5 to 8.0	6.5 to 8.0	
Corrosion Prevention	Total Dissolved Solids	(TDS)	ppm - CaCO ₃ equiv.	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1500
	Sulfate	(SO ₄ ²⁻)	ppm	<200	<200	<200	<200
	Nitrate	(NO ₃ ⁻)	ppm	<100	<100	<100	<100
	Chlorine (free)	(Cl)	ppm	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	Chloride (water < 80°F)	(Cl ⁻)	ppm	<20	<20	<150	<150
	Chloride (water > 120°F)	(Cl ⁻)	ppm	<20	<20	<125	<125
	Hydrogen Sulfide ^a	(H ₂ S)	ppb	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	Carbon Dioxide	(CO ₂)	ppm	0	<50	10 to 50	10 to 50
	Iron Oxide	(Fe)	ppm	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<0.2
	Manganese	(Mn)	ppm	< 0.4	<0.4	<0.4	<0.4
	Ammonia	(NH ₃)	ppm	<0.05	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Chloramine	(NH ₂ CL)	ppm	0	0	0	0	
Fouling & Biological	Iron Bacteria		cells/mL	0	0	0	0
	Slime Forming Bacteria		cells/mL	0	0	0	0
	Sulfate reducing bacteria		cells/mL	0	0	0	0
	Suspended Solids ^b	(TSS)	ppm	<10	<10	<10	<10
Electrolysis All HX types	Earth Ground Resistance ^x		Ohms	0	Consult NEC & local electrical codes for grounding requirements		
	Electrolysis Voltage ^δ		mV	<300	Measure voltage internal water loop to HP ground		
	Leakage Current ^δ		mA	<15	Measure current in water loop pipe		
	Building Primary Electrical Ground to unit, must meet local diameter and penetration length requirements Do not connect heat pump to steel pipe unless dissimilar materials are separated by using Di-electric unions. Galvanic corrosion of heat pump water pipe will occur.						

Water Quality Standards

1. The ClimateMaster Water Quality Table provides water quality requirements for coaxial & brazed plate heat exchangers.
 2. The water must be evaluated by an independent testing facility comparing site samples against this Table. When water properties are outside of these parameters, the water must either be treated by a professional water treatment specialist to bring the water quality within the boundaries of this specification, or an external secondary heat exchanger must be used to isolate the heat pump water system from the unsuitable water. Failure to do so will void the warranty of the heat pump system and will limit liability for damage caused by leaks or system failure.
 3. Regular sampling, testing and treatment of the water is necessary to assure that the water quality remains within acceptable levels thereby allowing the heat pump to operate at optimum levels.
 4. If closed-loop systems are turned off for extended periods, water samples must be tested prior to operating the system.
 5. For optimal performance, it is recommended that the closed-loop piping systems are initially filled with de-ionized water.
 6. Well water with chemistry outside of these boundaries, and salt water or brackish water requires an external secondary heat exchanger. Surface/Pond water should not be used.
 7. If water temperature is expected to fall below 40°F, antifreeze is required. Refer to the heat pump IOM for the correct solution ratios to prevent freezing.
- α Hydrogen Sulfide has an odor of rotten eggs. If one detects this smell, a test for H₂S must be performed. If H₂S is detected above the limit indicated, remediation is necessary (Consult with your Water Testing/Treatment Professional) or a secondary heat exchanger is required using appropriate materials as recommended by the heat exchanger supplier.
 - β Suspended solids and particulates must be filtered to prevent fouling and failure of heat exchangers. Strainers or particulate filters must be installed to provide a maximum particle size of 600 micron (0.60 mm, 0.023 in.) using a 20 to 30 mesh screen size. When a loop is installed in areas with fine material such as sand or clay, further filtration is required to a maximum of 100 micron. Refer to the Strainer / Filter Sizing Chart to capture the particle sizes encountered on the site.
 - χ An electrical grounding system using a dedicated ground rod meeting NEC and Local Electrical codes must be installed. Building Ground must not be connected to the WSHP piping system or other plumbing pipes.
 - δ Refer to IOM for instructions on measuring resistance and leakage currents within water loops.

Do not use PVC pipe for water loop (compressor POE oil and glycols damage PVC) use of HDPE pipe is recommended.

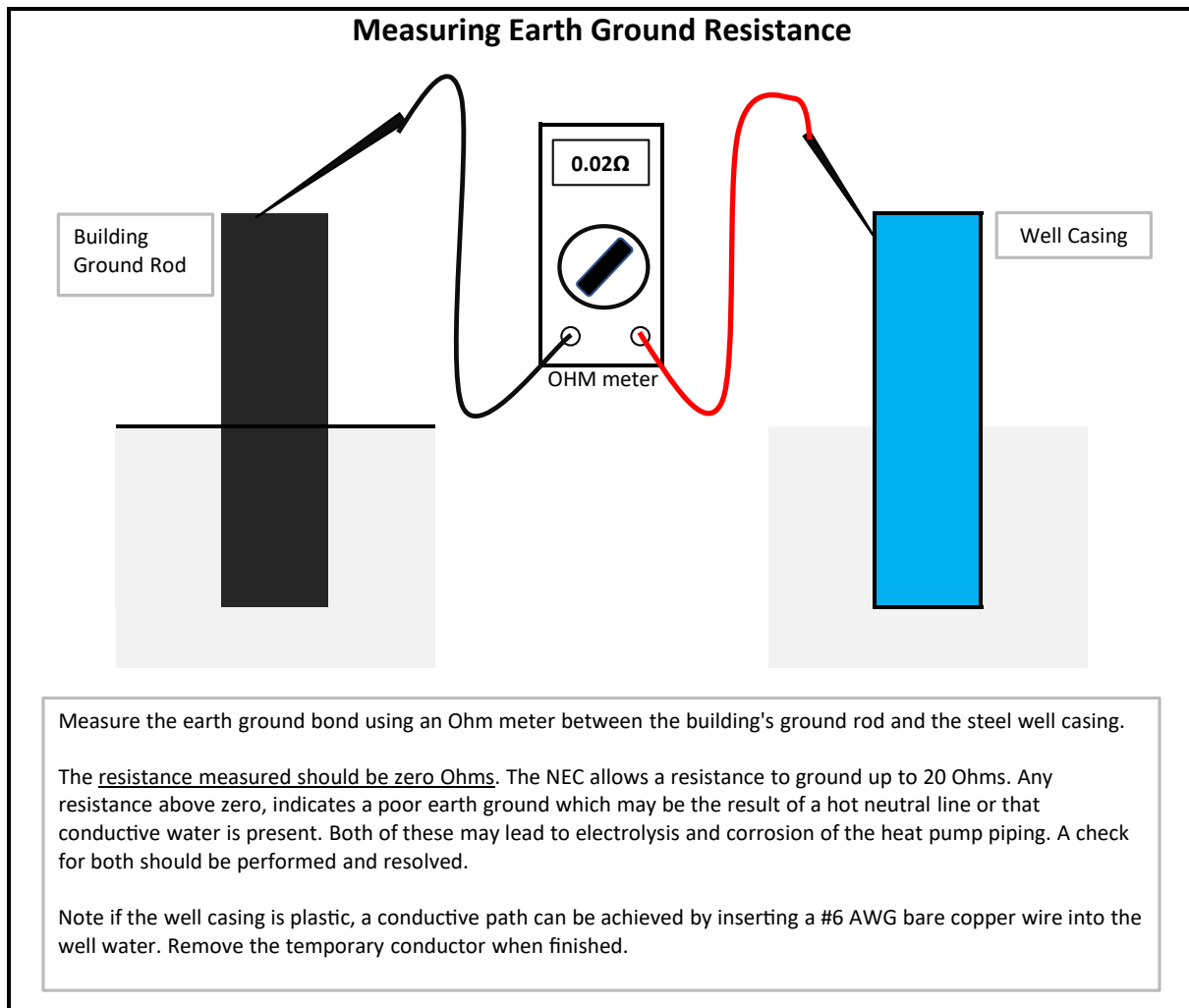
Strainer / Filter Sizing			
Mesh Size	Particle Size		
	Microns	MM	Inch
20	840	0.840	0.0340
30	533	0.533	0.0210
60	250	0.250	0.0100
100	149	0.149	0.0060
150	100	0.100	0.0040
200	74	0.074	0.0029

ppm = parts per million
ppb = parts per billion

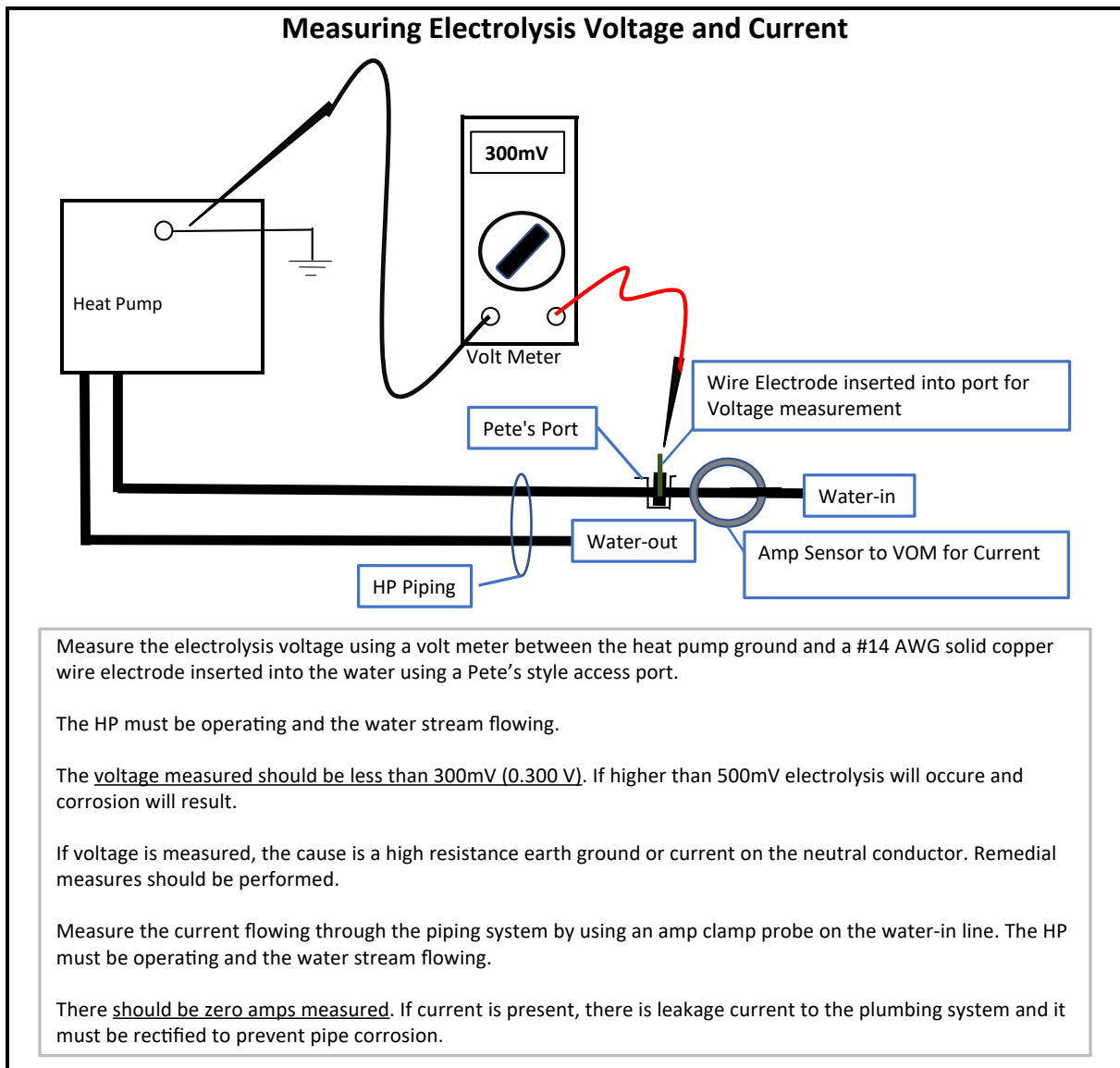
Tranquility® Compact High Capacity (TC_L) Series

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Water Quality Standards



Water Quality Standards



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Electrical – Line Voltage

Electrical – Line Voltage - All field installed wiring, including electrical ground, must comply with the National Electrical Code as well as all applicable local codes. Refer to the unit electrical data for fuse sizes. Consult wiring diagram for field connections that must be made by the installing (or electrical) contractor. All final electrical connections must be made with a length of flexible conduit to minimize vibration and sound transmission to the building.

General Line Voltage Wiring - Be sure the available power is the same voltage and phase shown on the unit serial plate. Line and low voltage wiring must be done in accordance with local codes or the National Electric Code, whichever is applicable.

Transformer - All 208/230 voltage units are factory wired for 208 volt. If supply voltage is 230 volt, installer must rewire transformer. See wire diagram for connections.

⚠ WARNING! ⚠

WARNING! To avoid possible injury or death due to electrical shock, open the power supply disconnect switch and secure it in an open position during installation.

⚠ CAUTION! ⚠

CAUTION! Use only copper conductors for field installed electrical wiring. Unit terminals are not designed to accept other types of conductors.

Table 4a: Tranquility® Compact (TC_L) Series Electrical Data - (Standard 60Hz Units)

Model #	Voltage Code	Voltage	Min/Max Voltage	Blower Option	Compressor			Fan Motor FLA	Total FLA/ Rated Current	Min Circuit Amp	SCCR kA rms symmetrical	SCCR Volts Maximum	Max Fuse/ HACR
					QTY	RLA	LRA						
TC_L072	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	A, B, C	2	10.4	73.0	3.2	24.0	26.6	5	600	35
	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	D, E	2	10.4	73.0	6.0	26.8	29.4	5	600	35
	F	460/60/3	414/506	A, B, C	2	5.8	38.0	1.6	13.2	14.7	5	600	20
	F	460/60/3	414/506	D, E	2	5.8	38.0	2.9	14.5	16.0	5	600	20
	N	575/60/3	518/633	A, B, C	2	3.8	36.5	1.2	8.8	9.8	5	600	15
	N	575/60/3	518/633	D, E	2	3.8	36.5	2.4	10.0	11.0	5	600	15
TC_L096	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	A, B, C	2	13.7	83.1	6.0	33.4	36.8	5	600	50
	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	D, E	2	13.7	83.1	8.5	35.9	39.3	5	600	50
	F	460/60/3	414/506	A, B, C	2	6.2	41.0	2.9	15.3	16.9	5	600	20
	F	460/60/3	414/506	D, E	2	6.2	41.0	4.1	16.5	18.1	5	600	20
	N	575/60/3	518/633	A, B, C	2	4.8	33.0	2.4	12.0	13.2	5	600	15
	N	575/60/3	518/633	D, E	2	4.8	33.0	3.2	12.8	14.0	5	600	15
TC_L120	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	A, B, C	2	15.6	110.0	8.5	39.7	43.6	5	600	50
	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	D, E	2	15.6	110.0	13.8	45.0	48.9	5	600	60
	F	460/60/3	414/506	A, B, C	2	7.8	52.0	4.1	19.7	21.7	5	600	25
	F	460/60/3	414/506	D, E	2	7.8	52.0	6.5	22.1	24.1	5	600	30
	N	575/60/3	518/633	A, B, C	2	5.8	38.9	3.2	14.8	16.3	5	600	20
	N	575/60/3	518/633	D, E	2	5.8	38.9	5.2	16.8	18.3	5	600	20
TC_LV160	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	A, B, C	2	23.2	164.0	8.5	54.9	60.7	5	600	80
	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	D, E	2	23.2	164.0	13.8	60.2	66.0	5	600	80
	F	460/60/3	414/506	A, B, C	2	11.2	75.0	4.1	26.5	29.3	5	600	40
	F	460/60/3	414/506	D, E	2	11.2	75.0	6.5	28.9	31.7	5	600	40
	N	575/60/3	518/633	A, B, C	2	7.9	54.0	3.2	19.0	21.0	5	600	25
	N	575/60/3	518/633	D, E	2	7.9	54.0	5.2	21.0	23.0	5	600	30

All fuses Class RK-5
NOTE: All VFD Unit (Option F Motors) use E Motors in chart.

Table Continued on Following Page

Electrical – Line Voltage

Table 4a: Tranquility® Compact (TC_L) Series Electrical Data - (Standard 60Hz Units)

Model #	Voltage Code	Voltage	Min/Max Voltage	Blower Option	Compressor			Fan Motor FLA	Total FLA/ Rated Current	Min Circuit Amp	SCCR kA rms symmetrical	SCCR Volts Maximum	Max Fuse/ HACR
					QTY	RLA	LRA						
TC_LV192	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	A, B, C	2	25.0	164.0	8.5	58.5	64.8	5	600	80
	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	D, E	2	25.0	164.0	13.8	63.8	70.1	5	600	90
	F	460/60/3	414/506	A, B, C	2	12.2	100.0	4.1	28.5	31.6	5	600	40
	F	460/60/3	414/506	D, E	2	12.2	100.0	6.5	30.9	34.0	5	600	45
	N	575/60/3	518/633	A, B, C	2	9.0	78.0	3.2	21.2	23.5	5	600	30
	N	575/60/3	518/633	D, E	2	9.0	78.0	5.2	23.2	25.5	5	600	30
TC_LV240	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	A, B, C	2	30.1	225.0	13.8	74.0	81.5	5	600	110
	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	D, E	2	30.1	225.0	21.0	81.2	88.7	5	600	110
	F	460/60/3	414/506	A, B, C	2	16.7	114.0	6.5	39.9	44.1	5	600	60
	F	460/60/3	414/506	D, E	2	16.7	114.0	9.9	43.3	47.5	5	600	60
	N	575/60/3	518/633	A, B, C	2	12.2	80.0	5.2	29.6	32.7	5	600	40
	N	575/60/3	518/633	D, E	2	12.2	80.0	8.0	32.4	35.5	5	600	45
TC_LV300	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	A, B, C	2	48.1	245.0	21.0	117.2	129.2	5	600	150
	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	E	2	48.1	245.0	26.0	122.2	134.2	5	600	150
	F	460/60/3	414/506	A, B, C	2	18.6	125.0	9.9	47.1	51.8	5	600	70
	F	460/60/3	414/506	E	2	18.6	125.0	12.5	49.7	54.4	5	600	70
	N	575/60/3	518/633	A, B, C	2	14.7	100.0	8.0	37.4	41.1	5	600	50
	N	575/60/3	518/633	E	2	14.7	100.0	10.2	39.6	43.3	5	600	50

All fuses Class RK-5

NOTE: All VFD Unit (Option F Motors) use E Motors in chart.

CLIMATEMASTER WATER-SOURCE HEAT PUMPS

Tranquility® Compact High Capacity (TC_L) Series

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Electrical – Line Voltage

Table 4b: Tranquility® Compact (TC_L) Series Electrical Data - (Dual Point Power 60Hz Units)

Model #	Voltage Code	Voltage	Min/Max Voltage	Blower Option	Compressor Power Supply							Emergency Power Supply					
					QTY	RLA	LRA	Comp FLA/ Rated Current	Comp MCA	SCCR kA rms symmetrical	SCCR Volts Maximum	Comp Max Fuse/ HACR	Fan FLA/ Rated Current	Fan MCA	SCCR kA rms symmetrical	SCCR Volts Maximum	Fan Max Fuse/ HACR
TC_L072	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	A, B, C	2	10.4	73.0	20.8	23.4	5	600	30	3.2	4.0	5	600	15
	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	D, E	2	10.4	73.0	20.8	23.4	5	600	30	6.0	7.5	5	600	15
	F	460/60/3	414/506	A, B, C	2	5.8	38.0	11.6	13.1	5	600	15	1.6	2.0	5	600	15
	F	460/60/3	414/506	D, E	2	5.8	38.0	11.6	13.1	5	600	15	2.9	3.6	5	600	15
	N	575/60/3	518/633	A, B, C	2	3.8	36.5	7.6	8.6	5	600	15	1.2	1.5	5	600	15
	N	575/60/3	518/633	D, E	2	3.8	36.5	7.6	8.6	5	600	15	2.4	3.0	5	600	15
TC_L096	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	A, B, C	2	13.7	83.1	27.4	30.8	5	600	40	6.0	7.5	5	600	15
	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	D, E	2	13.7	83.1	27.4	30.8	5	600	40	8.5	10.6	5	600	15
	F	460/60/3	414/506	A, B, C	2	6.2	41.0	12.4	14.0	5	600	20	2.9	3.6	5	600	15
	F	460/60/3	414/506	D, E	2	6.2	41.0	12.4	14.0	5	600	20	4.1	5.1	5	600	15
	N	575/60/3	518/633	A, B, C	2	4.8	33.0	9.6	10.8	5	600	15	2.4	3.0	5	600	15
	N	575/60/3	518/633	D, E	2	4.8	33.0	9.6	10.8	5	600	15	3.2	4.0	5	600	15
TC_L120	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	A, B, C	2	15.6	110.0	31.2	35.1	5	600	50	8.5	10.6	5	600	15
	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	D, E	2	15.6	110.0	31.2	35.1	5	600	50	13.8	17.3	5	600	30
	F	460/60/3	414/506	A, B, C	2	7.8	52.0	15.6	17.6	5	600	25	4.1	5.1	5	600	15
	F	460/60/3	414/506	D, E	2	7.8	52.0	15.6	17.6	5	600	25	6.5	8.1	5	600	15
	N	575/60/3	518/633	A, B, C	2	5.8	38.9	11.6	13.1	5	600	15	3.2	4.0	5	600	15
	N	575/60/3	518/633	D, E	2	5.8	38.9	11.6	13.1	5	600	15	5.2	6.5	5	600	15
TC_LV160	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	A, B, C	2	23.2	164.0	46.4	52.2	5	600	70	8.5	10.6	5	600	15
	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	D, E	2	23.2	164.0	46.4	52.2	5	600	70	13.8	17.3	5	600	30
	F	460/60/3	414/506	A, B, C	2	11.2	75.0	22.4	25.2	5	600	35	4.1	5.1	5	600	15
	F	460/60/3	414/506	D, E	2	11.2	75.0	22.4	25.2	5	600	35	6.5	8.1	5	600	15
	N	575/60/3	518/633	A, B, C	2	7.9	54.0	15.8	17.8	5	600	25	3.2	4.0	5	600	15
	N	575/60/3	518/633	D, E	2	7.9	54.0	15.8	17.8	5	600	25	5.2	6.5	5	600	15
TC_LV192	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	A, B, C	2	25.0	164.0	50.0	56.3	5	600	80	8.5	10.6	5	600	15
	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	D, E	2	25.0	164.0	50.0	56.3	5	600	80	13.8	17.3	5	600	30
	F	460/60/3	414/506	A, B, C	2	12.2	100.0	24.4	27.5	5	600	35	4.1	5.1	5	600	15
	F	460/60/3	414/506	D, E	2	12.2	100.0	24.4	27.5	5	600	35	6.5	8.1	5	600	15
	N	575/60/3	518/633	A, B, C	2	9.0	78.0	18.0	20.3	5	600	25	3.2	4.0	5	600	15
	N	575/60/3	518/633	D, E	2	9.0	78.0	18.0	20.3	5	600	25	5.2	6.5	5	600	15

All fuses Class RK-5
 Note: All VFD Units (Option F Fan Motors) use E motors.

Table Continued on Following Page

Tranquility® Compact High Capacity (TC_L) Series

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Electrical – Line Voltage

Table 4b: Tranquility® Compact (TC_L) Series Electrical Data - (Dual Point Power 60Hz Units)

Model #	Voltage Code	Voltage	Min/Max Voltage	Blower Option	Compressor Power Supply								Emergency Power Supply				
					QTY	RLA	LRA	Comp FLA/ Rated Current	Comp MCA	SCCR kA rms symmetrical	SCCR Volts Maximum	Comp Max Fuse/ HACR	Fan FLA/ Rated Current	Fan MCA	SCCR kA rms symmetrical	SCCR Volts Maximum	Fan Max Fuse/ HACR
TC_LV240	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	A, B, C	2	30.1	225.0	60.2	67.7	5	600	90	13.8	17.3	5	600	30
	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	D, E	2	30.1	225.0	60.2	67.7	5	600	90	21.0	26.3	5	600	45
	F	460/60/3	414/506	A, B, C	2	16.7	114.0	33.4	37.6	5	600	50	6.5	8.1	5	600	15
	F	460/60/3	414/506	D, E	2	16.7	114.0	33.4	37.6	5	600	50	9.9	12.4	5	600	20
	N	575/60/3	518/633	A, B, C	2	12.2	80.0	24.4	27.5	5	600	35	5.2	6.5	5	600	15
	N	575/60/3	518/633	D, E	2	12.2	80.0	24.4	27.5	5	600	35	8.0	10.0	5	600	15
TC_LV300	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	A, B, C	2	48.1	245.0	96.2	108.2	5	600	150	21.0	26.3	5	600	45
	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	E	2	48.1	245.0	96.2	108.2	5	600	150	26.0	32.5	5	600	50
	F	460/60/3	414/506	A, B, C	2	18.6	125.0	37.2	41.9	5	600	60	9.9	12.4	5	600	20
	F	460/60/3	414/506	E	2	18.6	125.0	37.2	41.9	5	600	60	12.5	15.6	5	600	25
	N	575/60/3	518/633	A, B, C	2	14.7	100.0	29.4	33.1	5	600	45	8.0	10.0	5	600	15
	N	575/60/3	518/633	E	2	14.7	100.0	29.4	33.1	5	600	45	10.2	12.8	5	600	20

Table 4c: Tranquility® Compact (TC_L) Series Electrical Data - (Standard with VFD 60Hz Units)

Model #	Voltage Code	Voltage	Min/Max Voltage	Blower Option	Compressor			VFD FLA	Total FLA/ Rated Current	Min Circuit Amp	SCCR kA rms symmetrical	SCCR Volts Maximum	Max Fuse/ HACR
					QTY	RLA	LRA						
TCH/V072	H	208-3-60	197/254	F	2	10.4	73.0	13.2	34.0	37.3	5	600	50
	F	460-3-60	414/506	F	2	5.8	38.0	6.9	18.5	20.2	5	600	25
TCH/V096	H	208-3-60	197/254	F	2	13.7	83.1	23.9	51.3	57.3	5	600	80
	F	460-3-60	414/506	F	2	6.2	41.0	9.6	22.0	24.4	5	600	30
TCH/V120	H	208-3-60	197/254	F	2	15.6	110.0	27.3	58.5	65.3	5	600	90
	F	460-3-60	414/506	F	2	7.8	52.0	13.6	29.2	32.6	5	600	45
TCV160	H	208-3-60	197/254	F	2	23.2	164.0	27.3	73.7	80.5	5	600	100
	F	460-3-60	414/506	F	2	11.2	75.0	13.6	36.0	39.4	5	600	50
TCV192	H	208-3-60	197/254	F	2	25.0	164.0	27.3	77.3	84.1	5	600	110
	F	460-3-60	414/506	F	2	12.2	100.0	13.6	38.0	41.4	5	600	50
TCV240	H	208-3-60	197/254	F	2	30.1	225.0	45.0	105.2	116.5	5	600	150
	F	460-3-60	414/506	F	2	16.7	114.0	18.8	52.2	56.9	5	600	70
TCV300	H	208-3-60	197/254	F	2	48.1	245.0	55.0	151.2	165.0	5	600	200
	F	460-3-60	414/506	F	2	18.6	125.0	22.1	59.3	64.8	5	600	80

Tranquility® Compact High Capacity (TC_L) Series

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Electrical – Line Voltage

Table 4d: Tranquility® Compact (TC_L) Series Electrical Data - (Dual Point Power and VFD 60Hz Units)

Model #	Voltage Code	Voltage	Min/Max Voltage	Blower Option	Compressor Power Supply								Emergency Power Supply				
					QTY	RLA	LRA	Comp FLA/ Rated Current	Comp MCA	SCCR kA rms symmetrical	SCCR Volts Maximum	Comp Max Fuse/HACR	VFD FLA/ Rated Current	Fan MCA	SCCR kA rms symmetrical	SCCR Volts Maximum	Fan Max Fuse/HACR
TCH/V072	H	208-3-60	197/254	F	2	10.4	73.0	20.8	23.4	5	600	30	13.2	16.5	5	600	25
	F	460-3-60	414/506	F	2	5.8	38.0	11.6	13.1	5	600	15	6.9	8.6	5	600	15
TCH/V096	H	208-3-60	197/254	F	2	13.7	83.1	27.4	30.8	5	600	40	23.9	29.9	5	600	50
	F	460-3-60	414/506	F	2	6.2	41.0	12.4	14.0	5	600	20	9.6	12.0	5	600	20
TCH/V120	H	208-3-60	197/254	F	2	15.6	110.0	31.2	35.1	5	600	50	27.3	34.1	5	600	60
	F	460-3-60	414/506	F	2	7.8	52.0	15.6	17.6	5	600	25	13.6	17.0	5	600	30
TCV160	H	208-3-60	197/254	F	2	23.2	164.0	46.4	52.2	5	600	70	27.3	34.1	5	600	60
	F	460-3-60	414/506	F	2	11.2	75.0	22.4	25.2	5	600	35	13.6	17.0	5	600	30
TCV192	H	208-3-60	197/254	F	2	25.0	164.0	50.0	56.3	5	600	80	27.3	34.1	5	600	60
	F	460-3-60	414/506	F	2	12.2	100.0	24.4	27.5	5	600	35	13.6	17.0	5	600	30
TCV240	H	208-3-60	197/254	F	2	30.1	225.0	60.2	67.7	5	600	90	45.0	56.3	5	600	100
	F	460-3-60	414/506	F	2	16.7	114.0	33.4	37.6	5	600	50	18.8	23.5	5	600	40
TCV300	H	208-3-60	197/254	F	2	48.1	245.0	96.2	108.2	5	600	150	55.0	68.8	5	600	100
	F	460-3-60	414/506	F	2	18.6	125.0	37.2	41.9	5	600	60	22.1	27.6	5	600	45

Electrical – Power Wiring

! WARNING! !

WARNING! Disconnect electrical power source to prevent injury or death from electrical shock.

! CAUTION! !

CAUTION! Use only copper conductors for field installed electrical wiring. Unit terminals are not designed to accept other types of conductors.

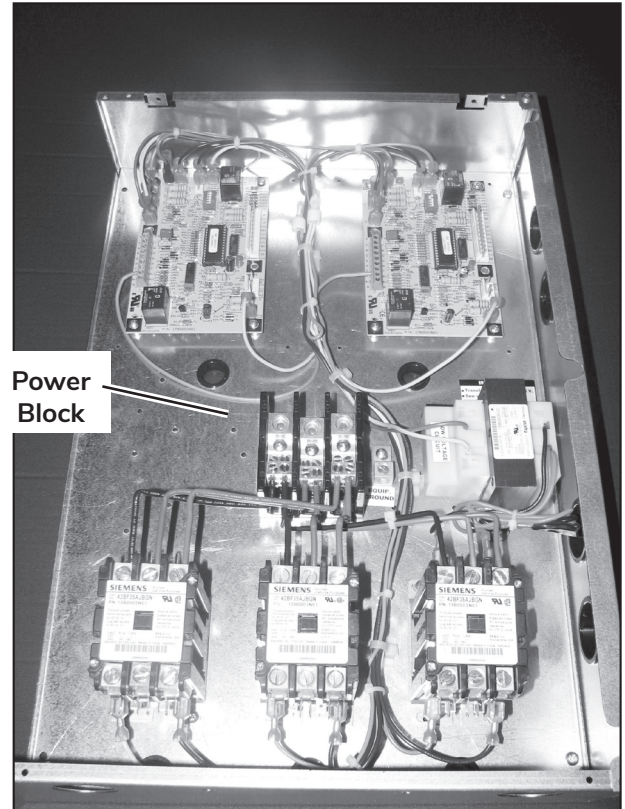
Electrical – Line Voltage - All field installed wiring, including electrical ground, must comply with the National Electrical Code as well as all applicable local codes. Refer to the unit electrical data for fuse sizes. Consult wiring diagram for field connections that must be made by the installing (or electrical) contractor. All final electrical connections must be made with a length of flexible conduit to minimize vibration and sound transmission to the building.

General Line Voltage Wiring - Be sure the available power is the same voltage and phase shown on the unit serial plate. Line and low voltage wiring must be done in accordance with local codes or the National Electric Code, whichever is applicable.

Power Connection - Line voltage connection is made by connecting the incoming line voltage wires to the “L” side of the power block as shown in Figure 16. Consult electrical data tables for correct fuse size.

Transformer - All 208/230 voltage units are factory wired for 208 volt. If supply voltage is 230 volt, installer must rewire transformer. See wire diagram for connections.

Figure 16: TC_LH072-120 Line Voltage Wiring



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Electrical – Power & Low Voltage Wiring

Thermostat Connections - The thermostat should be wired directly to the CXM2 or DXM2.5 board. Figure 17 shows wiring for TC units. See “Electrical – Thermostat” (Figure 21) for specific terminal connections. Review the appropriate AOM (Application, Operation and Maintenance) manual for units with DDC controls.

Low Water Temperature Cutout Selection - The CXM2/DXM2.5 control allows the field selection of low water (or water-antifreeze solution) temperature limit by clipping jumper JW3, which changes the sensing temperature associated with thermistor LT1. Note that the LT1 thermistor is located on the refrigerant line between the coaxial heat exchanger and expansion device (TXV or cap tube). Therefore, LT1 is sensing refrigerant temperature, not water temperature, which is a better indication of how water flow rate/temperature is affecting the refrigeration circuit.

The factory setting for LT1 is for systems using water (30°F [-1.1°C] refrigerant temperature). In low water temperature (extended range) applications with antifreeze (most ground loops), jumper JW3 should be clipped as shown in Figure 18 to change the setting to

10°F [-12.2°C] refrigerant temperature, a more suitable temperature when using an antifreeze solution. All ClimateMaster units operating with entering water temperatures below 59°F [15°C] must include the optional water/refrigerant circuit insulation package to prevent internal condensation.

Figure 17: TC_LH072-120 Low Voltage Field Wiring (CXM2 Shown) NOTE: For DXM2.5, Y2 wiring at Board 1

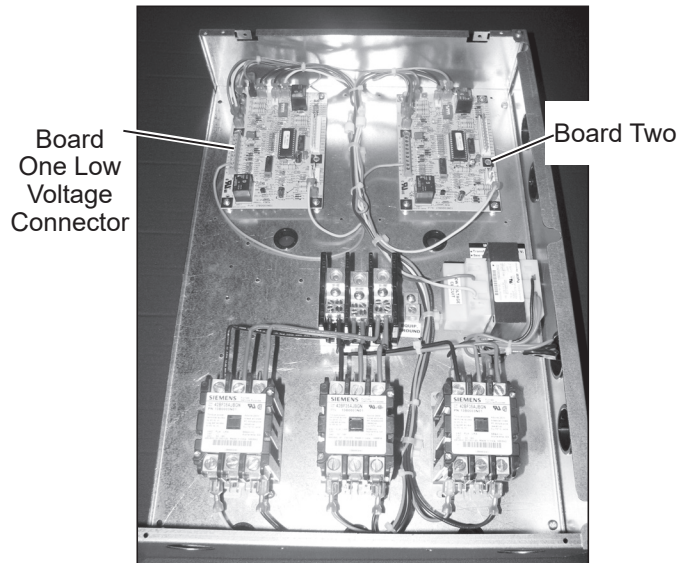
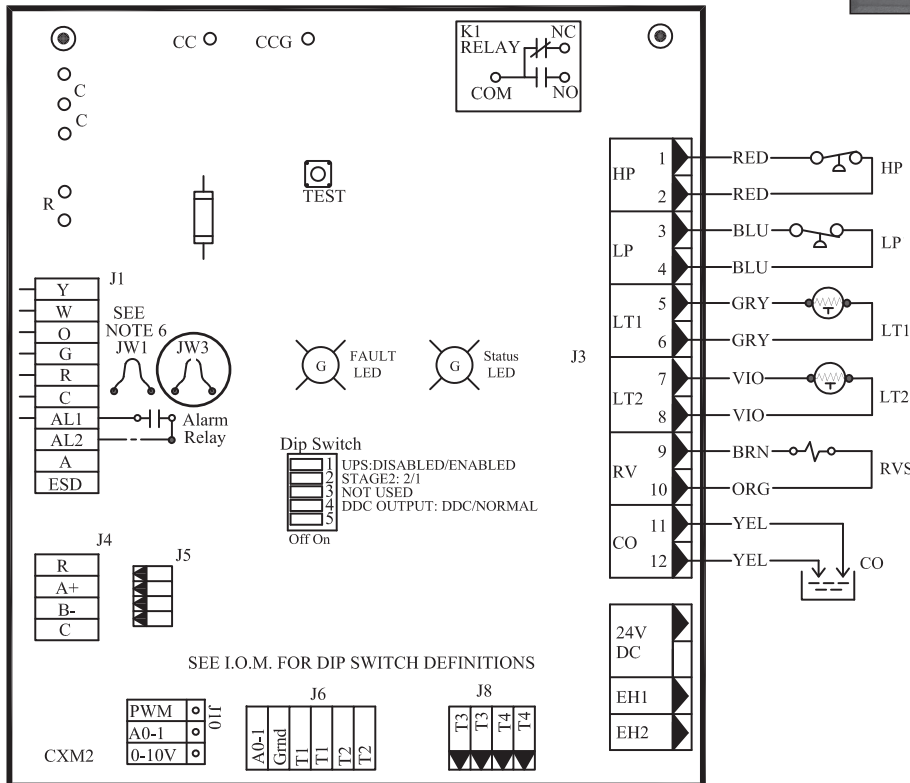


Figure 18: LT1 Limit Setting



Electrical – Low Voltage Wiring

Models with Waterside Economizer - Controller is factory assembled. Factory settings are 45°F (7.2°C), valve opens, closes at 55°F (12.8°C), and 5 minute short cycle delay. Settings are adjustable.

Accessory Connections - A terminal paralleling the compressor contactor coil has been provided on the CXM2/DXM2.5 control. Terminal “A” is designed to control accessory devices, such as water valves. Note: This terminal should be used only with 24 Volt signals and not line voltage. Terminal “A” is energized with the compressor contactor. See the specific unit wiring diagram for details.

Low Voltage VA Ratings

Components In Unit	VA
Typical Blower Contactor	6 - 9
Typical Reversing Valve Solenoid (2)	8 - 12
30A Compressor Contactor (2)	12 - 18
CXM2 board (2)	10 - 18
DXM2.5 board (2)	16 - 24
Units with CXM2 Remaining VA for Accessories	39 - 18
Units with DXM2.5 Remaining VA for Accessories	33 - 12

Standard transformer is 75VA.

Figure 19 : Accessory Wiring

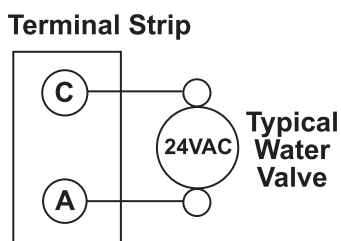
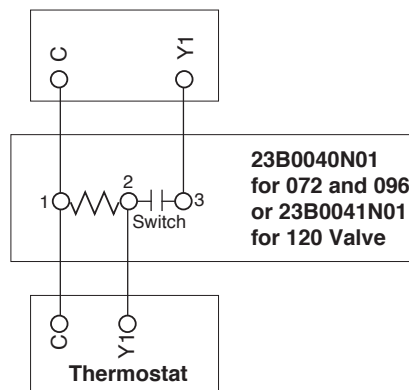


Figure 20: Optional Motorized Water Valve Wiring



Water Solenoid Valves - An external solenoid valve(s) should be used on ground water installations to shut off flow to the unit when the compressor is not operating. A slow closing valve may be required to help reduce water hammer. Figure 14 shows typical wiring for a 24VAC external solenoid valve. This wiring should only be used if valve fully opens in 15 second. Figure 20 illustrates a typical slow closing water control valve wiring for Belimo valves. Slow closing valves take approximately 60 seconds to open (very little water will flow before 45 seconds). Once fully open, an end switch allows the compressor to be energized. Only relay or triac based electronic thermostats should be used with slow closing valves. When wired as shown, the slow closing valve will operate properly with the following notations:

1. The valve will remain open during a unit lockout.
2. The valve will draw approximately 25-35 VA through the “Y” signal of the thermostat.

Note: This valve can overheat the anticipator of an electromechanical thermostat. Therefore, only relay or triac based thermostats should be used.

CAUTION!

CAUTION! Many units are installed with a factory or field supplied manual or electric shut-off valve. **DAMAGE WILL OCCUR** if shut-off valve is closed during unit operation. A high pressure switch must be installed on the heat pump side of any field provided shut-off valves and connected to the heat pump controls in series with the built-in refrigerant circuit high pressure switch to disable compressor operation if water pressure exceeds pressure switch setting. The field installed high pressure switch shall have a cut-out pressure of 300 psig and a cut-in pressure of 250 psig. This pressure switch can be ordered from ClimateMaster with a 1/4-inch internal flare connection as part number 39B0005N02.

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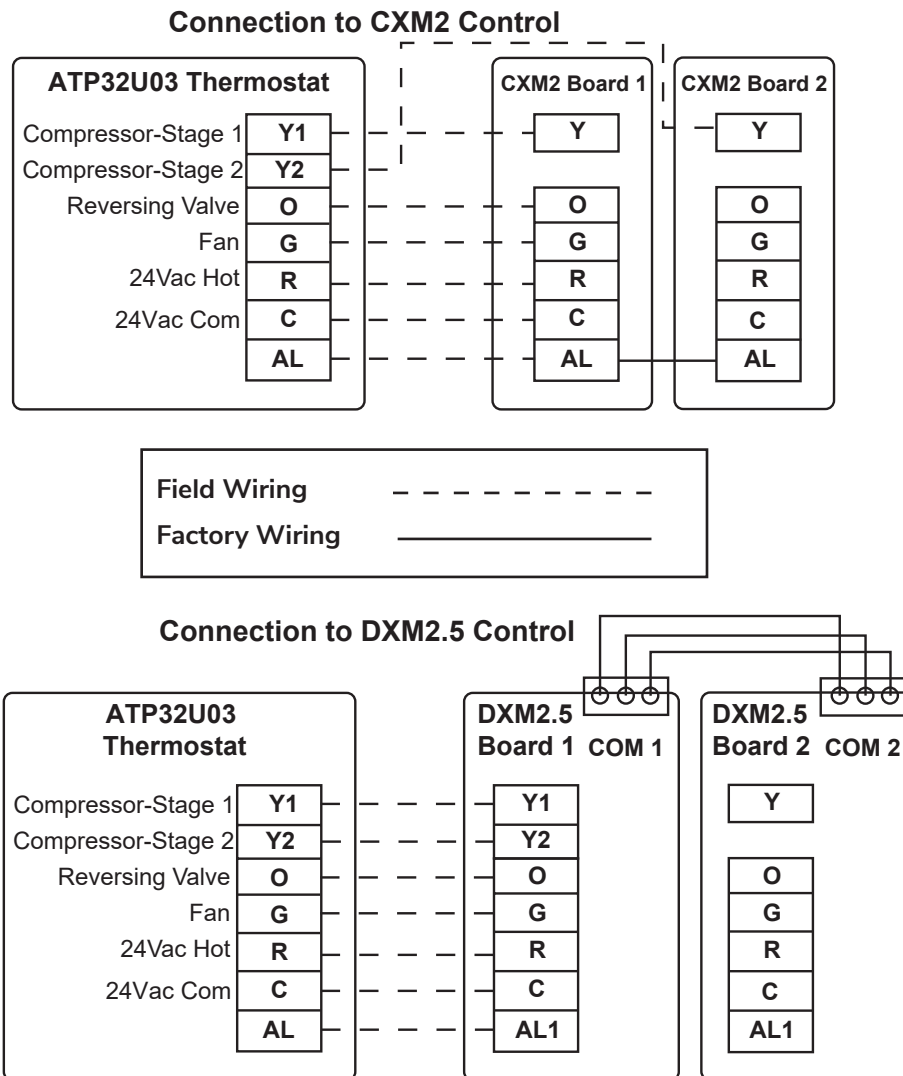
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Electrical – Thermostat Wiring

Thermostat Installation - The thermostat should be located on an interior wall in a larger room, away from supply duct drafts. DO NOT locate the thermostat in areas subject to sunlight, drafts or on external walls. The wire access hole behind the thermostat may in certain cases need to be sealed to prevent erroneous temperature measurement. Position the thermostat back plate against the wall so that it appears level and so the thermostat wires protrude through the middle

of the back plate. Mark the position of the back plate mounting holes and drill holes with a 3/16-inch (5 mm) bit. Install supplied anchors and secure plate to the wall. Thermostat wire must be 18 AWG wire. Wire the appropriate thermostat as shown in Figure 20 to the low voltage terminal strip on the CXM2 or DXM2.5 control board. Practically any heat pump thermostat will work with ClimateMaster units, provided it has the correct number of heating and cooling stages.

Figure 21: Thermostat Connection



Controls – CXM2 and DXM2.5



CXM2 Controls

For detailed controller information, see the CXM2 Application, Operation, and Maintenance (AOM) manual (part # 97B0137N01). To confirm the controller type of your particular unit, refer to digit 9 on the unit model number and the unit nomenclature diagram found on page 3 of this manual.



DXM2.5 Controls

For detailed controller information, see the DXM2.5 Application, Operation, and Maintenance (AOM) manual (part # 97B0142N01). To confirm the controller type of your particular unit, refer to digit 9 on the unit model number and the unit nomenclature diagram found on page 3 of this manual.

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Blower Adjustment



CAUTION! Always disconnect all power supply(s) to unit prior to making belt or sheave adjustments. Inadvertently starting of the motor can cause damage to the equipment and personal injury.

Airflow and External Static Pressure

Selection Adjustment - The TC_L Series is available with standard, low, and high static options. These options will substitute a different blower drive sheave for each static range. In addition certain static ranges (see blower tables) may require the optional large fan motor. Please specify static range and motor horsepower when ordering. See model nomenclature.

Sheave Adjustment - The TC_L Series is supplied with variable sheave drive on the fan motor to adjust for differing airflows at various ESP conditions. Select an airflow requirement on the left side of the table, then move horizontally to right under the required ESP. Note the sheave turns open, rpm and horsepower for that condition. Fully closed the sheave will produce the highest static capability (higher rpm). To adjust sheave position: loosen belt tension and remove belt, loosen set screw on variable sheave (on fan motor) and open sheave to desired position. Retighten set screw and replace belt and set belt tension as below.

Sheave and Pulley Alignment - Verify belt is straight; misalignment will cause premature belt failure. Adjust sheave if needed.

Belt Tensioning - An overly loose belt will, upon motor start, produce a slippage 'squeel' and cause premature belt failure and or intermittent airflow. An overly tight belt can cause premature motor or blower bearing failure.

Belt Tensioning Procedure - TC_L

1. Remove belt from motor sheave
2. Lift motor assembly
3. Loosen the 5/16-inch hex nuts on the grommet motor adjustment bolts (2 per bolt). To increase the belt tension loosen the top hex nut. To decrease the belt tension loosen the bottom hex nut.
4. Turn the bolts by hand to the desired position then tighten the 5/16-inch hex nuts (2 per bolt).
5. Lower the motor assembly
6. Install the belt
7. The belt should be tensioned using a tensioning gauge method such as the Browning Belt Tensioner to set proper belt tension (See next page).

Notes:

- **Motor position should not need adjustment.**
- **Motor sheave position is at mid position of each sheave. Thus the motor sheave is typically 2.5 turns open on a 5 turn sheave.**

Special Note for AHRI Testing

The Units should be adjusted as follows for rated airflow:
 TCH/V072 - 2400cfm/2.5 turns and 0.57 in wg ESP
 TCH/V096 - 3200cfm/3.0 turns and 0.62 in wg ESP
 TCH/V120 - 4000cfm/3.0 turns and 0.59 in wg ESP

VFD Operation

Single Zone Variable Air Volume (VAV)

Products with option “F” in the 11th digit of the model number come with a variable frequency drive (VFD) and are intended to be applied in single zone VAV applications. The VFD is operated by advanced DXM2.5 controls paired with a second (lag) CXM2 board to control the second compressor operation. The VFD receives a modulating 0-10VDC signal from the DXM2.5, and varies the output frequency directly proportionally to the input signal. With 60HZ current, a signal of 10VDC will result in a 60HZ current to motor. If the signal is 5VDC, the the VFD output will be will be 30 HZ (50% fan speed).

VFD Blower Operation

If the DXM2.5 is configured for VFD blower operation, the DXM2.5 will control an external VFD using a 0–10VDC control signal on AO1, and will default to the LAT control mode.

NOTE: VFD output is 50% of last value during heating or cooling blower off delay times.

The actual operating range for the VFD when the blower should be active will be 2–10VDC associated to the operating speed of 0–100%. When the VFD should be off, the output should be set to 0VDC.

For each unit size, there will be a maximum and minimum operating speed that the VFD can be operated at for any mode, defined in table 7a.

The VFD blower may be operated in discrete speed or LAT control modes. If configured for discrete speed operation, the VFD speed will be operated using one of the three set operating speeds for each unit size, defined table 7a. If configured for LAT operation, the VFD speed will be controlled by the DXM2.5 to achieve or maintain the selected target LAT value for the current operating mode.

4.6.5.1 Discrete Speed VFD Operation

When the DXM2.5 is configured for discrete speed VFD operation, the VFD speed will be set to the selected operating speed (A, B or C) for full load heating or cooling. Full load operation is defined as second stage or higher heating or cooling. The possible discrete operating speeds for each unit size are defined in table 7a.

When the DXM2.5 is configured for discrete speed VFD operation, the VFD operating speed may be increased or decreased by 10%, if the appropriate speed adjustment flag is set in the VFD configuration flags. If the increase

and decrease flags are both set, there will be no adjustment from the normal value.

When operating in first stage heating or cooling, the VFD speed will be set to the percentage of the selected full load operating speed (A, B or C, plus or minus adjustment) listed for each unit size as defined in table 7a.

4.6.5.2 LAT Control VFD Operation

When the DXM2.5 is configured for LAT control operation, the VFD speed will be controlled by the DXM2.5 to maintain the selected target LAT for heating or cooling operation.

When a compressor demand is recognized, the VFD output will be set to the most recent operating speed of the VFD in the current operating mode (heating or cooling). If there is no value stored from a previous heating or cooling cycle, the VFD speed will initially set at 75% or 8.0VDC. After the VFD speed is initially set, the VFD control signal will not be adjusted until after 90 seconds of compressor operation, and then will be periodically checked and adjusted every 10 seconds if needed to maintain the LAT.

If the control switches from the heating mode to cooling, or cooling to heating without de-activating the compressor, the VFD control voltage will immediately switch to the last stored control voltage for the new operating mode, and then will not be adjusted for the first 90 seconds of operation in the new operating mode.

The VFD control voltage is increased or decreased incrementally based on the magnitude of the differential between the current LAT and the target LAT, using the following:

LAT differential Actual – Target	VFD adjust (VDC)
$\Delta T \leq 1.0^{\circ}\text{F}$	0.0
$1.0 < \Delta T \leq 2.0^{\circ}\text{F}$	0.1
$2.0 < \Delta T \leq 3.0^{\circ}\text{F}$	0.2
$3.0 < \Delta T \leq 5.0^{\circ}\text{F}$	0.3
$\Delta T > 5.0^{\circ}\text{F}$	0.4

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VFD Operation

The VFD control voltage is increased or decreased based on both the operating mode and the whether the current LAT is above or below the target LAT, using the following:

Operating mode	LAT differential (Actual – Target)	VFD voltage adjustment
Heat	Above	Increase
	Below	Decrease
Cool	Above	Decrease
	Below	Increase

NOTE: Blower speed is directly proportional to VFD voltage

When the control stages from first to second stage operation, the output voltage signal will be immediately increased by 25% of the current value, not to exceed the maximum speed (voltage) for the selected heat pump family and size. The blower speed will not be adjusted further for 90 seconds after transition from first to second stage operation.

When making VFD speed adjustments for LAT control, the VFD speed should never go above the maximum speed (voltage) or below the minimum speed (voltage), for the selected heat pump family and size.

When the DXM2.5 is configured for LAT control operation, if auxiliary heat is active, either for auxiliary or emergency heat, the VFD will operate using the discrete speed C for the selected heat pump family and size, until the auxiliary heat is no longer active, rather than using LAT control.

4.6.5.3 Continuous Fan VFD Operation

When the DXM2.5 is configured for VFD blower operation, the continuous fan operating speed will be a selectable value. The default continuous fan operating speeds are shown in table 7a, along with the minimum and maximum operating speed values.

NOTE: In VFD operation (Blower Type = 128), the high speed fan relay (K2) is energized for high speed continuous fan, but the AO1 output voltage is unchanged.

Table 7a: VFD Control Valves

Unit Series	Unit Size	Minimum VFD Speed	Maximum VFD Speed	VFD Fixed Speed A	VFD Fixed Speed B	VFD Fixed Speed C	Part Load Multiplier	Default Fan Speed
TC_L	072	3.7	10.0	7.4	6.2	9.0	71%	5.2
	096	3.8	10.0	7.0	6.0	9.0	75%	5.0
	120	4.2	10.0	8.0	7.0	9.0	70%	6.0
	144	4.0	8.8	6.4	7.2	8.0	72%	6.4
	160	4.1	10.0	7.9	6.4	9.0	76%	5.4
	192	4.4	10.0	8.0	7.0	9.0	73%	6.0
	240	4.2	10.0	8.0	7.0	9.0	70%	6.0
	300	5.0	10.0	8.0	8.0	9.5	71%	7.0

Table 7b: Operating Temperatures

Unit Series	Unit Size	Minimum Heat LAT	Maximum Heat LAT	Default Heat LAT	Minimum Cool LAT	Maximum Cool LAT	Default Cool LAT
TC_L	072	85°	125°	105°	45°	65°	55°
	096	85°	125°	105°	45°	65°	55°
	120	85°	125°	105°	45°	65°	55°
	144	85°	125°	105°	45°	65°	55°
	160	85°	125°	105°	45°	65°	55°
	192	85°	125°	105°	45°	65°	55°
	240	85°	125°	105°	45°	65°	55°
	300	85°	125°	105°	45°	65°	55°

VFD Operation

Advanced Control Algorithm:

Option: The DXM2.5 is a communicating controller which also features two stage control of cooling and two stage control of heating modes for exacting temperature and dehumidification purposes. This control system coupled with a multi-stage thermostat will better dehumidify room air by automatically running the heat pump's fan at lower speed on the first stage of cooling thereby implementing low sensible heat ratio cooling. On the need for higher cooling performance the system will activate the second stage of cooling and automatically switch the fan to the higher fan speed setting.

When DXM2.5 is connected to either ACDU service tool or AWC thermostat the installer/service technician can; check and set CFM; toggle between discrete and LAT modes; select fixed fan speed or LAT set point.

Tranquility® Compact High Capacity (TC_L) Series

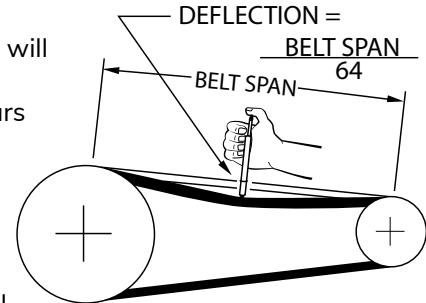
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Tensioning V-Belt Drives

Figure 22: Tensioning V-Belt Drives

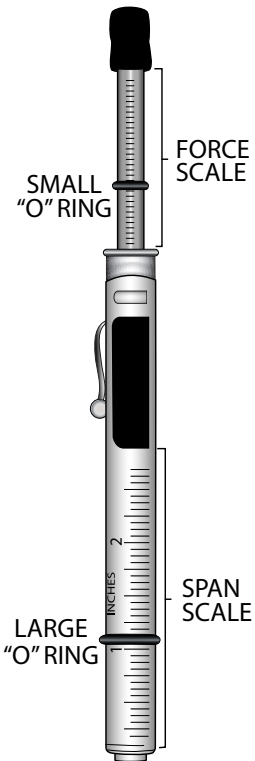
General Rules of Tensioning

1. Ideal tension is the lowest tension at which the belt will not slip under peak load conditions.
2. Check tension frequently during the first 24-48 hours of operation.
3. Over tensioning shortens belt and bearing life.
4. Keep belts free from foreign material which may cause slip.
5. Make V-drive inspection on periodic basis. Tension when slipping. Never apply belt dressing as this will damage the belt and cause early failure.



Tension Measurement Procedure

1. Measure the belt span (see sketch).
2. Position bottom of the large “O” ring on the span scale at the measured belt span.
3. Set the small “O” ring on the deflection force scale to zero.
4. Place the tension checker squarely on one belt at the center of the belt span. Apply a force on the plunger and perpendicular to the belt span until the bottom of the large “O” ring is even with the top of the next belt or with the bottom of a straight edge laid across the sheaves.
5. Remove the tension checker and read the force applied from the bottom of the small “O” ring on the deflection force scale.
6. Compare the force you have applied with the values given in the table below. The force should be between the minimum and maximum shown. The maximum value is shown for “New Belt” and new belts should be tensioned at this value to allow for expected tension loss. Used belts should be maintained at the minimum value as indicated in the table below.



NOTE: The ratio of deflection to belt span is 1:64.

		Belt Deflection Force				
		Super Gripbelts and Unnotched Gripbands		Gripnotch Belts and Notched Gripbands		
Cross Section	Smallest Sheave Diameter Range	RPM Range	Used Belt	New Belt	Used Belt	New Belt
A, AX	7.6 - 9.1	1000 - 2500	16.458	24.464	18.237	27.133
		2501 - 4000	12.454	18.682	15.123	22.240
	9.6 - 12.2	1000 - 2500	20.016	30.246	22.240	32.915
		2501 - 4000	16.902	25.354	19.126	28.467
	12.7 - 17.8	1000 - 2500	24.019	35.584	25.354	41.811
		2501 - 4000	20.906	31.136	22.685	33.805
B, BX	8.6 - 10.7	860- 2500	-	-	21.795	32.026
		2501 - 4000	-	-	18.682	27.578
	11.2 - 14.2	860- 2500	23.574	35.139	36.029	46.704
		2501 - 4000	20.016	29.802	31.581	40.477
	14.7 - 21.8	860- 2500	28.022	41.811	37.808	56.045
		2501 - 4000	26.688	39.587	32.470	48.483

Blower Sheave Information

Table 8: TC_L Blower Sheave and Belt Information

Model	Configuration Return/Supply	Component	Drive Package				
			A	B	C	D	E
72	Front or Back/ Top	Blower Sheave	BK67 X 1"	BK85 X 1"	BK67 X 1"	BK67 X 1"	BK67 X 1"
		Motor Sheave	1VP34 X 7/8"	1VP34 X 7/8"	1VP44 X 7/8"	1VP34 X 7/8"	1VP44 X 7/8"
		Motor	1HP	1HP	1HP	2HP	2HP
		HZ Belt (Qty. 1)	V-BELT BX47	V-BELT BX50	V-BELT BX48	V-BELT BX47	V-BELT BX48
		VT Belt (Qty. 1)	V-BELT BX56	V-BELT BX59	V-BELT BX57	V-BELT BX56	V-BELT BX57
96		Blower Sheave	BK67 X 1"	BK77 X 1"	BK62H X 1"	BK67 X 1"	BK62H X 1"
		Motor Sheave	1VP40 X 7/8"	1VP34 X 7/8"	1VP44 X 7/8"	1VP40 X 7/8"	1VP44 X 7/8"
		Motor	2HP	2HP	2HP	3HP	3HP
		HZ Belt (Qty. 1)	V-BELT BX47	V-BELT BX48	V-BELT BX47	V-BELT B49	V-BELT B49
		VT Belt (Qty. 1)	V-BELT BX56	V-BELT BX57	V-BELT BX56	V-BELT BX54	V-BELT BX54
120		Blower Sheave	BK67 X 1"	BK67 X 1"	BK67 X 1"	BK67 X 1"	BK67 X 1"
		Motor Sheave	1VP44 X 7/8"	1VP34 X 7/8"	1VP50 X 7/8"	1VP44 X 1-1/8"	1VP50 X 1-1/8"
		Motor	3HP	3HP	3HP	5HP	5HP
		HZ Belt (Qty. 1)	V-BELT BX50	V-BELT B49	V-BELT BX51	V-BELT BX50	V-BELT BX51
		VT Belt (Qty. 1)	V-BELT BX55	V-BELT BX54	V-BELT BX56	V-BELT BX55	V-BELT BX56
160	Blower Sheave	BK80H	BK80H	BK80H	BK80H	BK80H	
	Motor Sheave	1VP44 X 7/8"	1VP40 X 7/8"	1VP50 X 7/8"	1VP44 X 1-1/8"	1VP50 X 1-1/8"	
	Motor	3HP	3HP	3HP	5HP	5HP	
	VT Belt (Qty. 1)	V-BELT BX51	V-BELT BX51	V-BELT BX52	V-BELT BX51	V-BELT BX52	
192	Blower Sheave	BK77H	BK95H	BK70H	BK77H	BK70H	
	Motor Sheave	1VP44 X 7/8"	1VP44 X 7/8"	1VP50 X 7/8"	1VP44 X 1-1/8"	1VP50 X 1-1/8"	
	Motor	3HP	3HP	3HP	5HP	5HP	
	VT Belt (Qty. 1)	V-BELT BX51	V-BELT BX54	V-BELT BX51	V-BELT BX51	V-BELT BX51	
240	Blower Sheave	BK90H	BK90H	BK80H	2BK80H	2BK80H	
	Motor Sheave	1VP60 X 1-1/8"	1VP50 X 1-1/8"	1VP60 X 1-1/8"	2VP60 X 1-3/8"	2VP60 X 1-3/8"	
	Motor	5HP	5HP	5HP	7.5HP	7.5HP	
	VT Belt (Qty. 1)	V-BELT BX55	V-BELT BX54	V-BELT BX53	V-BELT BX52	V-BELT BX52	
300	Blower Sheave	2BK80H	BK90H	2BK80H	N/A	2BK80H	
	Motor Sheave	2VP60 X 1-3/8"	1VP60 X 1-3/8"	2VP62 X 1-3/8"		2VP62 X 1-3/8"	
	Motor	7.5HP	7.5HP	7.5HP		10HP	
	VT Belt (Qty. 2)	V-BELT BX52	V-BELT BX54	V-BELT BX53		V-BELT BX53	

Tranquility® Compact High Capacity (TC_L) Series

Rev.: November 6, 2024

TC_L072 Blower Performance

All Data is Wet Coil

SCFM	ESP	0.00	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.90	1.00	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50	
1800	BHP			0.28	0.32	0.35	0.39	0.42	0.45	0.48	0.52	0.56	0.60	0.64	0.69	0.72	0.76	
	Sheave/Mtr			B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	C	
	RPM			599	645	690	735	775	815	850	885	910	940	965	995	1015	1040	
	Turns Open			3	2	1	4	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	1	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	
1900	BHP			0.31	0.36	0.40	0.44	0.49	0.53	2.50	0.62	0.65	0.69	0.73	0.76	0.80	0.84	
	Sheave/Mtr			B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	C	C	
	RPM			604	655	695	740	780	820	855	890	920	950	980	1005	1030	1055	
	Turns Open			3	2	5	4	3	2.5	2	1.5	5.5	4.5	4	3.5	3	3	
2000	BHP		0.31	0.34	0.39	0.45	0.50	0.54	0.59	0.63	0.67	0.72	0.75	0.79	0.82	0.86	0.90	
	Sheave/Mtr			B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	C	C	
	RPM			568	615	660	705	750	785	825	860	895	930	960	990	1015	1040	1065
	Turns Open			4.5	2.5	1.5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5
2100	BHP	0.33	0.38	0.42	0.46	0.50	0.54	0.59	0.65	0.70	0.74	0.78	0.81	0.85	0.89	0.94	0.98	
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	C	C	
	RPM	531	583	630	670	715	755	795	835	875	905	940	970	1000	1025	1055	1080	
	Turns Open	4.5	3.5	2	5	4.5	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	1	5	4	4	3	2.5	2.5	
2200	BHP	0.37	0.40	0.45	0.49	0.55	0.60	0.65	0.70	0.75	0.79	0.83	0.87	0.92	0.96	1.00	1.04	
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	C	E	E	
	RPM	552	599	645	685	730	770	810	850	885	915	950	980	1010	1040	1065	1090	
	Turns Open	4	3	2	5	4	3	2.5	2	1.5	5.5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	
2300	BHP	0.42	0.47	0.51	0.56	0.60	0.65	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.84	0.89	0.94	1.00	1.05	1.10	1.16	
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	E	E	E	E	
	RPM	573	620	660	705	745	785	820	860	895	925	960	990	1020	1050	1075	1105	
	Turns Open	3.5	2.5	1.5	4.5	4	3	2.5	1.5	1	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	
2400	BHP	0.48	0.52	0.57	0.61	0.66	0.72	0.78	0.83	0.87	0.92	0.97	1.02	1.07	1.13	1.19	1.25	
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	E	E	E	E	E	
	RPM	604	645	690	730	765	805	845	880	910	945	975	1010	1035	1065	1095	1125	
	Turns Open	3	2	5	4	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	1	5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	
2500	BHP	0.52	0.57	0.61	0.66	0.72	0.78	0.83	0.89	0.94	1.00	1.03	1.08	1.14	1.20	1.25	1.31	
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	
	RPM	620	660	700	740	780	815	850	885	920	950	985	1015	1045	1075	1100	1130	
	Turns Open	2.5	1.5	4.5	4	3	2.5	2	1.5	5.5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	
2600	BHP	0.56	0.61	0.66	0.70	0.76	0.82	0.88	0.93	0.98	1.04	1.08	1.14	1.20	1.26	1.32	1.37	
	Sheave/Mtr	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	
	RPM	635	675	715	750	790	825	860	895	925	960	990	1020	1050	1080	1110	1135	
	Turns Open	2.5	5	4.5	3.5	3	2	1.5	1	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1.5	
2700	BHP	0.61	0.66	0.71	0.76	0.82	0.87	0.93	0.98	1.04	1.10	1.15	1.21	1.27	1.33	1.39	1.45	
	Sheave/Mtr	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	
	RPM	655	695	730	770	805	840	875	905	940	970	1000	1030	1060	1090	1120	1145	
	Turns Open	2	4.5	4	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	1	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	
2800	BHP	0.66	0.72	0.77	0.83	0.88	0.93	0.99	1.05	1.11	1.16	1.22	1.30	1.37	1.44	1.51	1.57	
	Sheave/Mtr	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	D	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	
	RPM	670	710	750	785	815	850	885	915	950	980	1010	1040	1070	1100	1130	1155	
	Turns Open	1.5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1.5	1	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	
2900	BHP	0.71	0.77	0.82	0.87	0.93	0.98	1.04	1.10	1.16	1.22	1.30	1.36	1.43	1.50	1.57	1.63	
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	A	D	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	
	RPM	685	725	765	795	830	860	895	925	955	985	1020	1045	1075	1105	1135	1160	
	Turns Open	5	4	3.5	3	2	1.5	1	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	1	
3000	BHP	0.79	0.84	0.90	0.95	1.01	1.07	1.13	1.19	1.25	1.31	1.38	1.46	1.52	1.59	1.66		
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	D	D	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E		
	RPM	710	745	780	815	850	885	915	945	975	1005	1035	1065	1090	1120	1150		
	Turns Open	4.5	4	3	2.5	2	1	1	5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1		

A = Standard Static/Standard Motor, B = Low Static/Standard Motor, C = High Static/Standard Motor, D = Standard Static/Large Motor, E = High Static/Large Motor
 Unit factory shipped with standard static sheave and drive at 2.5 turns open. Other speed require field selection.
 For applications requiring higher static pressures, contact your local representative. Performance data does not include drive losses and is based on sea level conditions.
 Do not operate in black regions. All airflow is rated at lowest Voltage if unit is dual Voltage rated, i.e. 208V for 208-230V units.

Tranquility® Compact High Capacity (TC_L) Series

Rev.: November 6, 2024

TC_L096 Blower Performance

All Data is Wet Coil

SCFM	ESP	0.00	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.90	1.00	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50
2400	BHP	0.45	0.50	0.54	0.59	0.63	0.69	0.74	0.80	0.85	0.90	0.94	0.99	1.04	1.10	1.16	1.22
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C
	RPM	578	625	665	705	745	785	820	860	895	925	960	990	1020	1050	1080	1110
	Turns Open	5	4	3	2.5	1.5	5.5	5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	4	3.5
2500	BHP	0.50	0.55	0.59	0.64	0.69	0.75	0.81	0.88	0.92	0.97	1.01	1.06	1.12	1.17	1.23	1.29
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C
	RPM	599	645	685	725	765	800	835	875	905	940	970	1005	1035	1060	1090	1120
	Turns Open	4.5	3.5	2.5	2	6	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1	4.5	3.5	3
2600	BHP	0.55	0.60	0.65	0.69	0.75	0.80	0.86	0.92	0.97	1.02	1.08	1.13	1.19	1.25	1.30	1.36
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C
	RPM	625	665	705	740	780	815	850	885	920	950	985	1015	1045	1075	1100	1130
	Turns Open	4	3	2.5	1.5	5.5	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	4	3.5	3
2700	BHP	0.60	0.65	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.86	0.91	0.97	1.02	1.08	1.14	1.20	1.26	1.32	1.38	1.44
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C
	RPM	645	685	725	760	795	830	865	900	930	960	995	1025	1055	1085	1115	1140
	Turns Open	3.5	2.5	2	6	5.5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	4.5	4	3.5	3
2800	BHP	0.65	0.71	0.76	0.82	0.87	0.93	0.98	1.04	1.10	1.16	1.21	1.28	1.36	1.43	1.50	1.56
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C
	RPM	665	705	745	780	810	845	880	910	945	975	1005	1035	1065	1095	1125	1150
	Turns Open	3	2.5	1.5	5.5	5	4.5	4	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	4	3.5	3	2.5
2900	BHP	0.71	0.76	0.82	0.87	0.92	0.98	1.03	1.09	1.16	1.22	1.29	1.36	1.43	1.50	1.57	1.63
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C
	RPM	685	720	760	795	825	860	890	920	955	985	1015	1045	1075	1105	1135	1160
	Turns Open	2.5	2	6	5.5	5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	4	3.5	3	2.5
3000	BHP	0.78	0.84	0.89	0.95	1.00	1.06	1.12	1.18	1.24	1.30	1.37	1.43	1.50	1.58	1.64	1.71
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	C
	RPM	700	740	775	810	845	880	910	940	970	1000	1030	1055	1085	1115	1140	1170
	Turns Open	2.5	1.5	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	1	4.5	3.5	3.5	3	2.5
3100	BHP	0.85	0.91	0.96	1.02	1.08	1.14	1.22	1.29	1.36	1.44	1.50	1.57	1.63	1.70	1.76	1.82
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	C
	RPM	720	755	790	825	860	890	925	955	985	1015	1040	1070	1095	1125	1150	1175
	Turns Open	2	1	5.5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	4	3.5	3	2.5	2
3200	BHP	0.93	1.00	1.07	1.14	1.20	1.26	1.32	1.38	1.44	1.51	1.57	1.64	1.70	1.78	1.85	1.92
	Sheave/Mtr	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	C	C
	RPM	740	775	810	845	875	905	935	965	995	1025	1050	1080	1105	1135	1160	1185
	Turns Open	1.5	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2	1.5	1	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2
3300	BHP	1.01	1.08	1.14	1.21	1.28	1.33	1.39	1.45	1.51	1.58	1.64	1.72	1.78	1.84	1.93	2.00
	Sheave/Mtr	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	C	E	E
	RPM	755	790	820	855	890	915	945	975	1005	1035	1060	1090	1115	1140	1170	1195
	Turns Open	1	5.5	5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	4	3.5	3	3	2.5	2
3400	BHP	1.08	1.15	1.22	1.29	1.35	1.41	1.47	1.53	1.59	1.68	1.75	1.83	1.90	1.96	2.02	2.08
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	E	E
	RPM	765	800	835	870	900	930	960	990	1015	1045	1070	1100	1125	1150	1175	1200
	Turns Open	6	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	2

A = Standard Static/Standard Motor, B = Low Static/Standard Motor, C = High Static/Standard Motor, D = Standard Static/Large Motor, E = High Static/Large Motor Unit factory shipped with standard static sheave and drive at 2.5 turns open. Other speed require field selection.
 For applications requiring higher static pressures, contact your local representative. Performance data does not include drive losses and is based on sea level conditions.
 Do not operate in black regions. All airflow in rated at lowest Voltage if unit is dual Voltage rated, i.e. 208V for 208-230V units.

Table Continued on Following Page

Tranquility® Compact High Capacity (TC_L) Series

Rev.: November 6, 2024

TC_L096 Blower Performance

Table Continued from Previous Page

All Data is Wet Coil

SCFM	ESP	0.00	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.90	1.00	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50
3500	BHP	1.16	1.23	1.29	1.36	1.42	1.48	1.54	1.60	1.66	1.73	1.79	1.85	1.92	2.01	2.09	2.17
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	E	E	E
	RPM	780	815	845	880	910	940	970	1000	1025	1055	1080	1105	1130	1160	1185	1210
	Turns Open	5.5	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5
3600	BHP	1.24	1.30	1.37	1.44	1.51	1.58	1.65	1.72	1.78	1.86	1.92	1.98	2.06	2.13	2.21	2.29
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	E	E	E	E
	RPM	795	825	860	890	920	950	980	1010	1035	1065	1090	1115	1145	1165	1190	1215
	Turns Open	5.5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	4	3.5	3	2.5	2.5	2	1.5
3700	BHP	1.34	1.40	1.46	1.53	1.61	1.68	1.75	1.82	1.90	1.97	2.06	2.13	2.21	2.28	2.36	2.44
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	E	E	E	E	E	E
	RPM	820	850	880	910	940	970	1000	1025	1055	1080	1110	1135	1160	1180	1205	1230
	Turns Open	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1.5
3800	BHP	1.43	1.49	1.56	1.63	1.70	1.78	1.86	1.94	2.02	2.12	2.20	2.28	2.34	2.42	2.50	2.58
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E
	RPM	840	870	900	930	960	990	1020	1045	1070	1100	1125	1150	1170	1195	1220	1245
	Turns Open	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	4	3.5	3	2.5	2.5	2	1.5	1
3900	BHP	1.58	1.64	1.71	1.78	1.85	1.93	2.01	2.09	2.19	2.27	2.35	2.41	2.49	2.57	2.65	
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	A	D	D	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	
	RPM	865	890	920	950	980	1010	1035	1060	1090	1115	1140	1160	1185	1210	1235	
	Turns Open	4	4	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	1	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1.5	
4000	BHP	1.68	1.75	1.83	1.92	2.00	2.08	2.16	2.26	2.34	2.42	2.50	2.56	2.64	2.72	2.80	
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	D	D	D	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	
	RPM	885	910	940	970	1000	1025	1050	1080	1105	1130	1155	1175	1200	1225	1250	
	Turns Open	4	3.5	2.5	2.5	2	1	1	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	2	1.5	1	

A = Standard Static/Standard Motor, B = Low Static/Standard Motor, C = High Static/Standard Motor, D = Standard Static/Large Motor, E = High Static/Large Motor Unit factory shipped with standard static sheave and drive at 2.5 turns open. Other speed require field selection.
 For applications requiring higher static pressures, contact your local representative. Performance data does not include drive losses and is based on sea level conditions.
 Do not operate in black regions. All airflow in rated at lowest Voltage if unit is dual Voltage rated, i.e. 208V for 208-230V units.

Tranquility® Compact High Capacity (TC_L) Series

Rev.: November 6, 2024

TC_L120 Blower Performance

All Data is Wet Coil

SCFM	ESP	0.00	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.90	1.00	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50
3000	BHP	0.75	0.81	0.86	0.91	0.97	1.03	1.09	1.15	1.21	1.27	1.34	1.41	1.47	1.54	1.61	1.67
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
	RPM	680	720	755	790	825	860	895	925	955	985	1015	1045	1070	1100	1130	1155
	Turns Open	5	4	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1
3100	BHP	0.82	0.88	0.94	0.99	1.04	1.10	1.17	1.26	1.33	1.40	1.46	1.53	1.59	1.66	1.72	1.80
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C
	RPM	700	735	775	805	840	875	905	940	970	1000	1025	1055	1080	1110	1135	1165
	Turns Open	4.5	4	3	2.5	2	6	5.5	4.5	4.5	3.5	3	3	2.5	2	1.5	4
3200	BHP	0.90	0.96	1.03	1.10	1.17	1.23	1.29	1.35	1.41	1.47	1.55	1.61	1.68	1.74	1.81	1.89
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C
	RPM	720	755	790	825	860	890	920	950	980	1010	1040	1065	1095	1120	1145	1175
	Turns Open	4	3.5	3	2	1.5	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	3.5
3300	BHP	0.98	1.04	1.11	1.18	1.25	1.31	1.37	1.43	1.49	1.55	1.62	1.68	1.75	1.81	1.88	1.95
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C
	RPM	740	770	805	840	875	905	935	965	995	1020	1050	1075	1105	1130	1155	1180
	Turns Open	4	3	2.5	2	6	5.5	5	4	4	3	2.5	2.5	2	1.5	1	3.5
3400	BHP	1.06	1.13	1.19	1.26	1.33	1.38	1.44	1.50	1.56	1.65	1.72	1.80	1.87	1.94	2.00	2.06
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C
	RPM	755	790	820	855	890	915	945	975	1005	1035	1060	1090	1115	1140	1165	1190
	Turns Open	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	6	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	4	3
3500	BHP	1.14	1.21	1.27	1.34	1.40	1.46	1.52	1.58	1.65	1.71	1.77	1.84	1.90	1.98	2.06	2.14
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C
	RPM	770	805	835	870	900	930	960	990	1020	1045	1070	1100	1125	1150	1175	1200
	Turns Open	3	2.5	2	6	5.5	5	4.5	3.5	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	3.5	3
3600	BHP	1.23	1.29	1.36	1.42	1.50	1.57	1.64	1.71	1.77	1.84	1.90	1.96	2.05	2.13	2.21	2.27
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C
	RPM	790	820	855	885	915	945	975	1005	1030	1060	1085	1110	1140	1165	1190	1210
	Turns Open	3	2.5	1.5	6	5.5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1.5	4	3.5	3
3700	BHP	1.32	1.38	1.44	1.51	1.58	1.65	1.73	1.81	1.88	1.96	2.03	2.10	2.18	2.26	2.34	2.42
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C
	RPM	810	840	870	900	930	960	990	1020	1045	1075	1100	1125	1150	1175	1200	1225
	Turns Open	2.5	2	6	5.5	5	4.5	4	3	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5
3800	BHP	1.41	1.47	1.54	1.61	1.68	1.75	1.82	1.91	1.99	2.07	2.17	2.25	2.31	2.39	2.47	2.55
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C
	RPM	830	860	890	920	950	980	1005	1035	1060	1085	1115	1140	1160	1185	1210	1235
	Turns Open	2	1.5	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	1	3.5	3	2.5
3900	BHP	1.54	1.60	1.67	1.74	1.82	1.89	1.96	2.04	2.14	2.22	2.30	2.38	2.46	2.52	2.60	2.68
	Sheave/Mtr	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C
	RPM	850	875	905	935	965	995	1020	1045	1075	1100	1125	1150	1175	1195	1220	1245
	Turns Open	2	6	5.5	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	2.5	2	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5	2
4000	BHP	1.63	1.71	1.78	1.86	1.94	2.03	2.11	2.19	2.27	2.37	2.45	2.51	2.59	2.67	2.75	2.85
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C
	RPM	865	895	920	950	980	1010	1035	1060	1085	1115	1140	1160	1185	1210	1235	1260
	Turns Open	6	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	1	3.5	3	2.5	2

A = Standard Static/Standard Motor, B = Low Static/Standard Motor, C = High Static/Standard Motor, D = Standard Static/Large Motor, E = High Static/Large Motor Unit factory shipped with standard static sheave and drive at 2.5 turns open. Other speed require field selection. For applications requiring higher static pressures, contact your local representative. Performance data does not include drive losses and is based on sea level conditions. Do not operate in black regions. All airflow in rated at lowest Voltage if unit is dual Voltage rated, i.e. 208V for 208-230V units.

Table Continued on Following Page

Tranquility® Compact High Capacity (TC_L) Series

Rev.: November 6, 2024

TC_L120 Blower Performance

Table Continued from Previous Page

All Data is Wet Coil

SCFM	ESP	0.00	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.90	1.00	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50
4100	BHP	1.73	1.81	1.90	1.97	2.05	2.12	2.20	2.27	2.34	2.42	2.52	2.62	2.70	2.80	2.90	
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	
	RPM	885	915	945	970	1000	1025	1055	1080	1105	1130	1155	1180	1200	1225	1250	
	Turns Open	6	5.5	4.5	4	4	3	2.5	2	2	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5	2	
4200	BHP	1.87	1.94	2.02	2.08	2.16	2.24	2.32	2.40	2.48	2.58	2.68	2.76	2.86	2.96		
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C		
	RPM	905	935	965	990	1020	1045	1070	1095	1120	1145	1170	1190	1215	1240		
	Turns Open	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	3.5	3.5	3	2.5		
4300	BHP	2.00	2.07	2.16	2.23	2.31	2.41	2.49	2.57	2.66	2.74	2.84	2.94	3.02	3.15		
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	E	E		
	RPM	930	955	985	1010	1035	1065	1090	1115	1140	1160	1185	1210	1230	1255		
	Turns Open	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2		
4400	BHP	2.14	2.22	2.32	2.40	2.48	2.56	2.65	2.74	2.82	2.92	3.00	3.10	3.18			
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	E	E	E			
	RPM	950	975	1005	1030	1055	1080	1110	1135	1155	1180	1200	1225	1245			
	Turns Open	4.5	4	3.5	3	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	4	3	3	2.5			
4500	BHP	2.30	2.38	2.46	2.54	2.62	2.72	2.80	2.88	3.00	3.08	3.16	3.26				
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	D	E	E	E				
	RPM	970	995	1020	1045	1070	1100	1125	1145	1170	1195	1215	1240				
	Turns Open	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5				
4600	BHP	2.39	2.45	2.54	2.63	2.72	2.83	2.92	3.00	3.10	3.18	3.28	3.38				
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	D	D	E	E	E				
	RPM	980	1000	1025	1050	1075	1105	1130	1150	1175	1195	1220	1245				
	Turns Open	4	3.5	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	1	3.5	3	2.5				
4700	BHP	2.46	2.52	2.62	2.72	2.82	2.92	3.02	3.12	3.22	3.32	3.40	3.50				
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	A	D	D	E	E	E	E				
	RPM	985	1005	1030	1055	1080	1105	1130	1155	1180	1205	1225	1250				
	Turns Open	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1.5	1	4	3.5	2.5	2.5				
4800	BHP	2.57	2.64	2.74	2.84	2.94	3.04	3.14	3.24	3.32	3.42	3.52	3.60				
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	D	D	D	E	E	E	E				
	RPM	990	1010	1035	1060	1085	1110	1135	1160	1180	1205	1230	1250				
	Turns Open	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	1	3.5	3	2.5	2				
4900	BHP	2.68	2.78	2.88	3.00	3.06	3.16	3.26	3.36	3.44	3.54	3.64	3.75				
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	D	D	D	D	E	E	E	E	E				
	RPM	995	1020	1045	1070	1090	1115	1140	1165	1185	1210	1235	1255				
	Turns Open	3.5	3	3	2.5	1.5	1.5	1	4	3.5	3	2.5	2				
5000	BHP	2.82	2.92	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.28	3.38	3.48	3.56	3.66	3.74					
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	D	D	D	D	D	E	E	E	E					
	RPM	1005	1030	1050	1075	1100	1120	1145	1170	1190	1215	1235					
	Turns Open	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	1	3.5	3	2.5	2					

A = Standard Static/Standard Motor, B = Low Static/Standard Motor, C = High Static/Standard Motor, D = Standard Static/Large Motor, E = High Static/Large Motor
 Unit factory shipped with standard static sheave and drive at 2.5 turns open. Other speed require field selection.
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Tranquility® Compact High Capacity (TC_L) Series

Rev.: November 6, 2024

Blower Performance Data – TC_LV160 Standard Unit

All Data is Wet Coil

SCFM	ESP	0.00	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.90	1.00	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50		
4200	BHP			0.69	0.78	0.86	0.95	1.02	1.11	1.21	1.32	1.41	1.50	1.57	1.64	1.72	1.80		
	Sheave/Mtr			B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C		
	RPM			547	594	640	685	725	765	805	845	880	915	945	975	1005	1030		
	Turns Open			5.5	4	3	1.5	6	5	4	3.5	2.5	2	1	3.5	3	2.5		
4400	BHP			0.75	0.83	0.92	1.01	1.11	1.21	1.31	1.41	1.51	1.60	1.68	1.76	1.85	1.94		
	Sheave/Mtr			B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C		
	RPM			563	609	655	695	735	775	815	855	890	925	955	985	1015	1045		
	Turns Open			5	3.5	2.5	1.5	5.5	5	4	3	2.5	1.5	1	3.5	2.5	2		
4600	BHP		0.75	0.85	0.95	1.03	1.11	1.19	1.30	1.40	1.50	1.60	1.70	1.78	1.89	2.00	2.10		
	Sheave/Mtr			B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C		
	RPM			526	573	625	665	705	745	785	825	860	895	930	960	995	1025	1050	
	Turns Open			6	4.5	3	2.5	1	5.5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	4	3	2.5	2	
4800	BHP		0.83	0.94	1.03	1.12	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.53	1.63	1.73	1.82	1.92	2.00	2.12	2.22		
	Sheave/Mtr			B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C		
	RPM			542	594	640	680	720	760	795	835	870	905	935	970	1000	1030	1055	
	Turns Open			5.5	4	3	2	6	5	4.5	3.5	3	2	1	3.5	3	2	1.5	
5000	BHP		0.93	1.02	1.11	1.20	1.31	1.41	1.52	1.64	1.76	1.85	1.95	2.03	2.12	2.24	2.36		
	Sheave/Mtr			B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C		
	RPM			563	609	650	690	735	770	805	840	880	910	945	975	1005	1035	1065	
	Turns Open			5	3.5	2.5	1.5	5.5	5	4	3.5	2.5	2	1	3.5	3	2	1.5	
5200	BHP	0.93	1.02	1.10	1.20	1.29	1.39	1.50	1.61	1.72	1.83	1.94	2.06	2.15	2.26	2.38	2.50		
	Sheave/Mtr			B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	
	RPM			542	583	625	665	705	745	780	815	850	885	920	955	985	1015	1045	1075
	Turns Open			5.5	4.5	3	2	1	5.5	4.5	4	3	2.5	1.5	1	3	2.5	2	1.5
5400	BHP	1.03	1.10	1.19	1.29	1.39	1.50	1.59	1.70	1.80	1.92	2.03	2.16	2.26	2.38	2.50	2.62		
	Sheave/Mtr			B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	C	
	RPM			563	599	640	680	720	760	790	825	860	895	925	960	990	1020	1050	1080
	Turns Open			5	4	3	2	1	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	4	3	2.5	1.5	1
5600	BHP	1.12	1.19	1.28	1.39	1.50	1.61	1.72	1.84	1.93	2.06	2.17	2.29	2.40	2.54	2.69	2.83		
	Sheave/Mtr			B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	C	
	RPM			583	620	655	695	735	770	805	840	870	905	935	970	1000	1030	1060	1090
	Turns Open			4.5	3.5	2.5	1.5	5.5	5	4	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	3.5	3	2	1.5	1
5800	BHP	1.17	1.28	1.39	1.49	1.60	1.70	1.81	1.90	2.02	2.14	2.28	2.40	2.52	2.67	2.81	2.96		
	Sheave/Mtr			B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	C	
	RPM			588	630	670	710	750	780	815	845	880	910	945	975	1005	1035	1065	1095
	Turns Open			4	3	2	1	5.5	4.5	4	3	2.5	2	1	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	1
6000	BHP	1.25	1.40	1.51	1.61	1.73	1.84	1.94	2.05	2.18	2.30	2.42	2.54	2.67	2.79	2.94	3.08		
	Sheave/Mtr			B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	E	
	RPM			604	645	685	720	760	795	825	860	895	925	955	985	1015	1040	1070	1100
	Turns Open			4	2.5	1.5	6	5	4.5	3.5	3	2	1.5	1	3	2.5	2	1.5	1
6200	BHP	1.40	1.51	1.62	1.75	1.86	1.98	2.09	2.20	2.34	2.49	2.63	2.78	2.92	3.06	3.18			
	Sheave/Mtr			B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	E	E		
	RPM			625	660	695	735	770	805	840	875	905	935	965	995	1025	1055	1080	
	Turns Open			3.5	2.5	1.5	5.5	5	4	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	4	3	2	1.5	1	
6400	BHP	1.55	1.68	1.79	1.90	2.04	2.18	2.32	2.44	2.56	2.68	2.80	2.92	3.07	3.19	3.33			
	Sheave/Mtr			B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	E	E	E		
	RPM			640	680	715	750	785	820	855	885	915	945	975	1005	1035	1060	1090	
	Turns Open			3	2	1	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	1	
6600	BHP	1.73	1.84	1.94	2.06	2.20	2.34	2.46	2.58	2.70	2.82	2.94	3.07	3.19	3.34	3.46			
	Sheave/Mtr			B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	E	E	E	E		
	RPM			665	700	730	765	800	835	865	895	925	955	985	1015	1040	1070	1095	
	Turns Open			2.5	1.5	5.5	5	4	3.5	3	2	1.5	1	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	
6800	BHP	1.87	1.98	2.08	2.20	2.34	2.48	2.62	2.74	2.86	2.96	3.08	3.24	3.38	3.55				
	Sheave/Mtr			B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	E	E	E	E			
	RPM			685	715	745	775	810	845	880	910	940	965	995	1025	1050	1080		
	Turns Open			2	1	5.5	4.5	4	3	2.5	2	1	4	3	2.5	2	1		
7000	BHP	2.03	2.13	2.22	2.36	2.50	2.62	2.76	2.88	3.00	3.12	3.22	3.37	3.49	3.61				
	Sheave/Mtr			B	A	A	A	A	A	D	E	E	E	E	E				
	RPM			705	730	755	790	825	855	890	920	950	980	1005	1035	1060	1085		
	Turns Open			1.5	6	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	3.5	3	2	1.5	1		

A = Standard Static/Standard Motor, B = Low Static/Standard Motor, C = High Static/Standard Motor, D = Standard Static/Large Motor, E = High Static/Large Motor

Unit factory shipped with standard static sheave and drive at 2.5 turns open. Other speed require field selection.

For applications requiring higher static pressure, contact your local representative.

Performance data does not include drive losses and is based on seal level conditions.

Do not operate in black regions. All airflow is rated at lowest Voltage if unit is dual Voltage rated, i.e. 208V for 208-230V units.

Tranquility[®] Compact High Capacity (TC_L) Series

Rev.: November 6, 2024

Blower Performance Data – TC_LV192 Standard Unit

All Data is Wet Coil

SCFM	ESP	0.00	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.90	1.00	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50
4800	BHP	0.99	1.07	1.18	1.27	1.37	1.49	1.60	1.73	1.82	1.92	2.00	2.10	2.22	2.32	2.44	2.56
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C
	RPM	615	660	700	740	775	815	855	890	920	955	985	1015	1045	1075	1105	
	Turns Open	5.5	4.5	3	2	5.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	5.5	5	4.5	4	
5000	BHP	0.99	1.07	1.18	1.27	1.37	1.49	1.60	1.73	1.82	1.92	2.00	2.10	2.22	2.32	2.44	2.56
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C
	RPM	594	635	680	720	760	795	830	870	900	935	965	1000	1030	1055	1085	1115
	Turns Open	6	5	4	2.5	5.5	5	3.5	3.5	3	2	1.5	1	5	4.5	4	3.5
5200	BHP	1.09	1.18	1.28	1.36	1.48	1.59	1.70	1.82	1.93	2.02	2.14	2.24	2.36	2.48	2.60	2.72
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	C
	RPM	620	660	700	735	775	810	845	880	915	945	980	1010	1040	1070	1100	1130
	Turns Open	5.5	4.5	3.5	2	5.5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	2	1	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5
5400	BHP	1.19	1.29	1.39	1.48	1.59	1.70	1.80	1.92	2.03	2.16	2.26	2.38	2.50	2.62	2.74	2.87
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	C
	RPM	640	680	720	755	790	825	860	895	925	960	990	1020	1050	1080	1110	1140
	Turns Open	5	4	2.5	6	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	5.5	5	4	3.5	3
5600	BHP	1.30	1.40	1.51	1.62	1.74	1.85	1.95	2.08	2.18	2.31	2.42	2.57	2.71	2.86	2.98	3.12
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	C	E
	RPM	660	700	740	775	810	845	875	910	940	975	1005	1035	1065	1095	1120	1150
	Turns Open	4.5	3.5	2	5.5	5	4	3	2.5	2	1.5	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3
5800	BHP	1.41	1.52	1.63	1.73	1.84	1.95	2.06	2.18	2.32	2.44	2.57	2.72	2.86	3.00	3.15	3.27
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	E	E	E
	RPM	680	720	760	790	825	860	890	920	955	985	1015	1045	1075	1105	1135	1160
	Turns Open	4	3	6	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	5.5	5	4.5	4	3	3
6000	BHP	1.56	1.67	1.78	1.89	2.00	2.12	2.24	2.36	2.48	2.60	2.74	2.89	3.01	3.15	3.30	3.42
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	E	E	E	E
	RPM	700	740	775	810	845	880	910	940	970	1000	1030	1060	1085	1115	1145	1170
	Turns Open	3.5	2.5	5.5	5	4	3	2.5	2	1.5	6	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5
6200	BHP	1.70	1.83	1.94	2.06	2.17	2.30	2.44	2.58	2.73	2.87	3.02	3.14	3.28	3.40	3.54	3.66
	Sheave/Mtr	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	E	E	E	E	E	E	E
	RPM	720	760	795	830	865	895	925	955	985	1015	1045	1070	1100	1125	1155	1180
	Turns Open	3	5.5	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5
6400	BHP	1.88	2.02	2.16	2.28	2.42	2.54	2.66	2.78	2.90	3.04	3.16	3.31	3.43	3.58	3.72	3.86
	Sheave/Mtr	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E
	RPM	745	780	815	845	880	910	940	970	1000	1030	1055	1085	1110	1140	1165	1190
	Turns Open	2.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	6	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2
6600	BHP	2.06	2.18	2.32	2.46	2.58	2.70	2.82	2.94	3.07	3.19	3.34	3.46	3.60	3.74	3.88	4.02
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E
	RPM	765	795	830	865	895	925	955	985	1015	1040	1070	1095	1125	1150	1175	1200
	Turns Open	5.5	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2
6800	BHP	2.22	2.36	2.50	2.62	2.74	2.86	3.00	3.10	3.27	3.41	3.58	3.72	3.85	3.97	4.11	4.23
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	D	D	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E
	RPM	780	815	850	880	910	940	970	1000	1030	1055	1085	1110	1135	1160	1190	1215
	Turns Open	5.5	4.5	4	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	1	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	2
7000	BHP	2.40	2.54	2.66	2.80	2.92	3.04	3.14	3.27	3.39	3.54	3.66	3.78	3.96	4.12	4.28	4.44
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	D	D	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E
	RPM	800	835	865	900	930	960	985	1015	1040	1070	1095	1120	1150	1175	1200	1225
	7000	5	4	3.5	3	2	1.5	1	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5
7200	BHP	2.58	2.70	2.85	2.99	3.14	3.28	3.42	3.54	3.66	3.81	3.93	4.06	4.22	4.38	4.54	4.70
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	D	D	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E
	RPM	820	850	885	915	945	975	1005	1030	1055	1085	1110	1135	1160	1185	1210	1235
	Turns Open	4.5	4	3	3	2	1.5	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2.5	2	1.5
7400	BHP	2.76	2.88	3.02	3.16	3.31	3.45	3.61	3.75	3.92	4.06	4.20	4.36	4.52	4.68	4.81	4.97
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	D	D	D	D	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E
	RPM	840	870	900	930	960	990	1020	1045	1075	1100	1125	1150	1175	1200	1220	1245
	Turns Open	4	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1.5
7600	BHP	2.94	3.07	3.22	3.36	3.50	3.63	3.82	3.98	4.14	4.34	4.50	4.66	4.78	4.94		
	Sheave/Mtr	A	D	D	D	D	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E		
	RPM	860	890	920	950	980	1005	1035	1060	1085	1115	1140	1165	1185	1210		
	Turns Open	4	3	2.5	2	1	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	2		
7800	BHP	3.22	3.34	3.49	3.63	3.78	3.96	4.12	4.28	4.44	4.63	4.76	4.92				
	Sheave/Mtr	D	D	D	D	D	E	E	E	E	E	E	E				
	RPM	880	905	935	965	995	1025	1050	1075	1100	1130	1150	1175				
	Turns Open	3.5	3	2	1.5	1	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5				
8000	BHP	3.41	3.58	3.75	3.92	4.06	4.26	4.42	4.58	4.74	4.90						
	Sheave/Mtr	D	D	D	D	E	E	E	E	E	E						
	RPM	895	925	955	985	1010	1040	1065	1090	1115	1140						
	Turns Open	3	2.5	1.5	1	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3						

A = Standard Static/Standard Motor, B = Low Static/Standard Motor, C = High Static/Standard Motor, D = Standard Static/Large Motor, E = High Static/Large Motor
Unit factory shipped with standard static sheave and drive at 2.5 turns open. Other speed require field selection.
For applications requiring higher static pressure, contact your local representative.
Performance data does not include drive losses and is based on seal level conditions.
Do not operate in black regions. All airflow is rated at lowest Voltage if unit is dual Voltage rated, i.e. 208V for 208-230V units.

Blower Performance Data – TC_LV240 Standard Unit

All Data is Wet Coil

SCFM	ESP	0.00	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.90	1.00	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50		
6000	BHP				1.78	1.89	2.00	2.12	2.24	2.36	2.48	2.60	2.74	2.89	3.01	3.15	3.30		
	Sheave/Mtr				B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C		
	RPM				775	810	845	880	910	940	970	1000	1030	1060	1085	1115	1145		
	Turns Open				5.5	4.5	4	6	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	3.5	3		
6200	BHP			1.82	1.93	2.04	2.15	2.30	2.44	2.58	2.73	2.87	2.99	3.14	3.26	3.40	3.52		
	Sheave/Mtr				B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C		
	RPM				755	790	825	860	895	925	955	985	1015	1040	1070	1095	1125	1150	
	Turns Open				6	5	4.5	3.5	5.5	5	4	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	4	3.5	3	
6400	BHP				2.00	2.14	2.26	2.40	2.52	2.64	2.76	2.88	3.02	3.14	3.28	3.40	3.56	3.70	
	Sheave/Mtr				B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C		
	RPM				775	810	840	875	905	935	965	995	1025	1050	1080	1105	1135	1160	
	Turns Open				5.5	4.5	4	3	5.5	4.5	4	3	2.5	2	1	4	3	2.5	
6600	BHP			2.02	2.16	2.30	2.42	2.56	2.68	2.80	2.92	3.05	3.17	3.29	3.43	3.55	3.71	3.85	
	Sheave/Mtr				B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C		
	RPM				755	790	825	855	890	920	950	980	1010	1035	1060	1090	1115	1145	1170
	Turns Open				6	5.5	4.5	3.5	6	5	4	3.5	3	2	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5
6800	BHP				2.18	2.32	2.46	2.58	2.70	2.84	2.94	3.06	3.21	3.35	3.52	3.66	3.82	3.94	4.06
	Sheave/Mtr				B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	
	RPM				770	805	840	870	900	935	960	990	1020	1045	1075	1100	1130	1155	1180
	Turns Open				5.5	5	4	3	5.5	4.5	4	3	2.5	2	1	4	3.5	2.5	2
7000	BHP	2.22	2.34	2.48	2.62	2.74	2.86	2.98	3.10	3.22	3.34	3.49	3.61	3.73	3.90	4.06	4.22		
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C		
	RPM	755	785	820	855	885	915	945	975	1005	1030	1060	1085	1110	1140	1165	1190		
	Turns Open	6	5.5	4.5	3.5	6	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5	2		
7200	BHP	2.38	2.52	2.64	2.78	2.92	3.06	3.21	3.35	3.47	3.62	3.74	3.88	4.00	4.16	4.32	4.48		
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	C		
	RPM	770	805	835	870	900	930	960	990	1015	1045	1070	1100	1125	1150	1175	1200		
	Turns Open	5.5	5	4	3.5	5.5	4.5	4	3	2.5	2	1.5	4	3.5	3	2	1.5		
7400	BHP	2.56	2.68	2.82	2.95	3.09	3.24	3.38	3.53	3.67	3.84	3.98	4.12	4.26	4.42	4.58	4.74		
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	C		
	RPM	790	820	855	885	915	945	975	1005	1030	1060	1085	1110	1135	1160	1185	1210		
	Turns Open	5	4.5	3.5	6	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5		
7600	BHP	2.74	2.86	2.98	3.12	3.26	3.41	3.55	3.70	3.89	4.05	4.21	4.40	4.53	4.69	4.85	5.01		
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	C	E		
	RPM	810	840	870	900	930	960	990	1015	1045	1070	1095	1125	1145	1170	1195	1220		
	Turns Open	4.5	4	3.5	5.5	4.5	4	3	2.5	2	1.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5		

A = Standard Static/Standard Motor, B = Low Static/Standard Motor, C = High Static/Standard Motor, D = Standard Static/Large Motor, E = High Static/Large Motor Unit factory shipped with standard static sheave and drive at 2.5 turns open. Other speed require field selection. For applications requiring higher static pressures, contact your local representative. Performance data does not include drive losses and is based on sea level conditions. Do not operate in black regions. All airflow in rated at lowest Voltage if unit is dual Voltage rated, i.e. 208V for 208-230V units.

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Tranquility® Compact High Capacity (TC_L) Series

Rev.: November 6, 2024

Blower Performance Data – TC_LV240 Standard Unit

Table Continued from Previous Page

All Data is Wet Coil

SCFM	ESP	0.00	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.90	1.00	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50
7800	BHP	2.98	3.13	3.25	3.39	3.54	3.68	3.83	3.99	4.15	4.34	4.50	4.66	4.82	4.95	5.11	5.27
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	C	E	E
	RPM	830	860	885	915	945	975	1005	1030	1055	1085	1110	1135	1160	1180	1205	1230
	Turns Open	4	3.5	6	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	0	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1
8000	BHP	3.18	3.30	3.44	3.61	3.78	3.94	4.10	4.29	4.45	4.61	4.77	4.93	5.09	5.25	5.38	5.54
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	E	E	E	E
	RPM	850	875	900	930	960	990	1015	1045	1070	1095	1120	1145	1170	1195	1215	1240
	Turns Open	4	3.5	5.5	4.5	4	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1
8200	BHP	3.35	3.48	3.65	3.79	3.96	4.13	4.27	4.44	4.58	4.72	4.88	5.08	5.24	5.44	5.64	
	Sheave/Mtr	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	E	E	E	E	
	RPM	865	890	920	945	975	1005	1030	1060	1085	1110	1135	1160	1180	1205	1230	
	7000	3.5	5.5	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	
8400	BHP	3.62	3.74	3.89	4.03	4.18	4.33	4.49	4.65	4.81	4.97	5.16	5.36	5.56	5.72	5.92	
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	E	E	E	E	E	
	RPM	880	905	935	965	995	1020	1045	1070	1095	1120	1145	1170	1195	1215	1240	
	Turns Open	6	5.5	4.5	4	3	2.5	2	1.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	
8600	BHP	3.81	3.98	4.12	4.29	4.46	4.62	4.78	4.94	5.10	5.28	5.48	5.64	5.84	6.04	6.20	
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	
	RPM	895	925	950	980	1010	1035	1060	1085	1110	1135	1160	1180	1205	1230	1250	
	Turns Open	5.5	5	4	3.5	3	2	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1.5	1	
8800	BHP	4.06	4.22	4.41	4.57	4.73	4.92	5.08	5.24	5.40	5.60	5.76	5.96	6.16	6.32		
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	A	D	E	E	E	E	E	E	E		
	RPM	915	940	970	995	1020	1050	1075	1100	1125	1150	1170	1195	1220	1240		
	Turns Open	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	4	3	3	2.5	2	1.5	1		
9000	BHP	4.38	4.54	4.70	4.86	5.02	5.18	5.34	5.50	5.68	5.88	6.08	6.24	6.44	6.60		
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	D	D	D	E	E	E	E	E	E	E		
	RPM	935	960	985	1010	1035	1060	1085	1110	1135	1160	1185	1205	1230	1250		
	Turns Open	4.5	4	3.5	3	2	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	1		

A = Standard Static/Standard Motor, B = Low Static/Standard Motor, C = High Static/Standard Motor, D = Standard Static/Large Motor, E = High Static/Large Motor
 Unit factory shipped with standard static sheave and drive at 2.5 turns open. Other speed require field selection.
 For applications requiring higher static pressures, contact your local representative. Performance data does not include drive losses and is based on sea level conditions.
 Do not operate in black regions. All airflow in rated at lowest Voltage if unit is dual Voltage rated, i.e. 208V for 208-230V units.

Table Continued on Following Page

Blower Performance Data – TC_LV240 Standard Unit

Table Continued from Previous Page

All Data is Wet Coil

SCFM	ESP	0.00	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.90	1.00	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50					
9200	BHP	4.65	4.76	4.90	5.08	5.26	5.44	5.62	5.80	6.00	6.16	6.36	6.56	6.72								
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	D	D	D	E	E	E	E	E	E	E								
	RPM	955	975	1000	1025	1050	1075	1100	1125	1150	1170	1195	1220	1240								
	Turns Open	4	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	4	3.5	2.5	2.5	2	1.5	1								
9400	BHP	4.83	4.94	5.12	5.32	5.52	5.72	5.92	6.12	6.32	6.48	6.68	6.88									
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	D	D	D	D	E	E	E	E	E	E									
	RPM	970	990	1015	1040	1065	1090	1115	1140	1165	1185	1210	1235									
	Turns Open	3.5	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1									
9600	BHP	5.10	5.24	5.44	5.64	5.84	6.04	6.24	6.40	6.60	6.80	6.96	7.16									
	Sheave/Mtr	D	D	D	D	D	E	E	E	E	E	E	E									
	RPM	985	1005	1030	1055	1080	1105	1130	1150	1175	1200	1220	1245									
	Turns Open	3.5	3	2	1.5	1	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1									

A = Standard Static/Standard Motor, B = Low Static/Standard Motor, C = High Static/Standard Motor, D = Standard Static/Large Motor, E = High Static/Large Motor
 Unit factory shipped with standard static sheave and drive at 2.5 turns open. Other speed require field selection.
 For applications requiring higher static pressure, contact your local representative. Performance data does not include drive losses and is based on seal level conditions.
 Do not operate in black regions. All airflow is rated at lowest Voltage if unit is dual Voltage rated, i.e. 208V for 208-230V units.

Tranquility® Compact High Capacity (TC_L) Series

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Blower Performance Data – TC_LV300 Standard Unit

All Data is Wet Coil

SCFM	ESP	0.00	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.90	1.00	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50
7500	BHP	2.69	2.84	2.96	3.11	3.27	3.45	3.60	3.78	3.96	4.08	4.23	4.38	4.53	4.69	4.86	5.03
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C
	RPM	890	925	955	990	1020	1050	1075	1105	1135	1155	1180	1205	1230	1255	1275	1295
	Turns Open	4.5	3.5	2.5	2	5.5	5	4.5	3.5	3	3	2	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5
7800	BHP	2.87	3.04	3.18	3.36	3.54	3.72	3.87	4.05	4.20	4.35	4.50	4.65	4.80	4.97	5.14	5.30
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C
	RPM	910	945	975	1010	1040	1070	1095	1125	1150	1175	1200	1225	1250	1270	1290	1310
	Turns Open	4	3	2	5.5	5	4.5	4	3	2.5	2.5	1.5	1	4	3	2.5	2.5
8100	BHP	3.10	3.26	3.42	3.60	3.78	3.96	4.14	4.34	4.52	4.70	4.88	5.06	5.21	5.35	5.53	5.68
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	C
	RPM	935	965	995	1025	1055	1085	1115	1145	1170	1195	1220	1245	1265	1285	1310	1330
	Turns Open	3.5	2.5	1.5	5.5	5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2
8400	BHP	3.36	3.52	3.74	3.92	4.14	4.36	4.57	4.75	4.93	5.11	5.29	5.47	5.62	5.80	5.94	6.12
	Sheave/Mtr	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	C
	RPM	955	985	1020	1045	1075	1105	1135	1160	1185	1210	1235	1260	1280	1305	1325	1350
	Turns Open	3	2	5.5	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5
8700	BHP	3.60	3.79	4.00	4.22	4.43	4.65	4.83	5.01	5.19	5.37	5.55	5.76	5.97	6.14	6.35	6.56
	Sheave/Mtr	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	C	C
	RPM	975	1005	1035	1065	1095	1125	1150	1175	1200	1225	1250	1275	1300	1320	1345	1370
	Turns Open	2.5	6	5	4.5	4	3	3	2	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1
9000	BHP	3.90	4.12	4.30	4.51	4.73	4.91	5.09	5.30	5.48	5.66	5.89	6.08	6.32	6.56	6.76	
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	C	C	
	RPM	1000	1030	1055	1085	1115	1140	1165	1195	1220	1245	1270	1290	1315	1340	1360	
	Turns Open	6	5.5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1.5	
9300	BHP	4.34	4.56	4.74	4.96	5.14	5.35	5.53	5.71	5.89	6.08	6.29	6.50	6.67	6.88	7.05	
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	C	C	
	RPM	1020	1050	1075	1105	1130	1160	1185	1210	1235	1260	1285	1310	1330	1355	1375	
	Turns Open	5.5	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	3	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	
9600	BHP	4.64	4.85	5.03	5.25	5.46	5.67	5.88	6.13	6.34	6.52	6.66	6.84	7.02	7.16		
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	C	C		
	RPM	1040	1070	1095	1125	1150	1175	1200	1230	1255	1280	1300	1325	1350	1370		
	Turns Open	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1		
9900	BHP	4.93	5.15	5.33	5.53	5.78	5.99	6.20	6.41	6.62	6.83	7.04	7.21	7.42			
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	C	C			
	RPM	1060	1090	1115	1140	1170	1195	1220	1245	1270	1295	1320	1340	1365			
	Turns Open	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1.5	3.5	3	2.5	2	2	1.5			
10200	BHP	5.36	5.57	5.77	5.95	6.17	6.35	6.53	6.74	6.94	7.18	7.42	7.61				
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C	C	E				
	RPM	1085	1110	1135	1160	1190	1215	1240	1265	1285	1310	1335	1355				
	Turns Open	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	4	3	3	2.5	2	1.5				
10500	BHP	5.52	5.75	5.99	6.23	6.47	6.71	6.95	7.19	7.43	7.62	7.86	8.10				
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	E	E	E				
	RPM	1100	1130	1155	1180	1205	1230	1255	1280	1305	1325	1350	1375				
	Turns Open	4	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1				
10800	BHP	6.00	6.24	6.48	6.72	6.96	7.20	7.39	7.63	7.87	8.11	8.30					
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	E	E	E	E					
	RPM	1125	1150	1175	1200	1225	1250	1270	1295	1320	1345	1365					
	7000	3.5	3	5	1.5	1	3.5	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	1.5					

A = Standard Static/Standard Motor, B = Low Static/Standard Motor, C = High Static/Standard Motor, D = Standard Static/Large Motor, E = High Static/Large Motor
 Unit factory shipped with standard static sheave and drive at 2.5 turns open. Other speed require field selection.
 For applications requiring higher static pressure, contact your local representative.
 Performance data does not include drive losses and is based on seal level conditions.
 Do not operate in black regions. All airflow is rated at lowest Voltage if unit is dual Voltage rated, i.e. 208V for 208-230V units.

Unit Starting and Operating Conditions

Operating Limits

Environment – Units are designed for indoor installation only. Never install units in areas subject to freezing or where humidity levels could cause cabinet condensation (such as unconditioned spaces subject to 100% outside air).

Power Supply – A voltage variation of +/- 10% of nameplate utilization voltage is acceptable.

Determination of operating limits is dependent primarily upon three factors: 1) return air temperature. 2) water temperature, and 3) ambient temperature. When any one of these factors is at minimum or maximum levels, the other two factors should be at normal levels to ensure proper unit operation. Extreme variations in temperature and humidity and/or corrosive water or air will adversely affect unit performance, reliability, and service life. Consult Table 4 for operating limits.

Table 9a: Operating Limits

Operating Limits	TC_LH/TC_LV	
	Cooling	Heating
Air Limits		
Min. ambient air, DB	45°F [7°C]	39°F [4°C]
Related ambient air, DB	80.6°F [27°C]	68°F [20°C]
Max. ambient air, DB	110°F [43°C]	85°F [29°C]
Min. entering air, DW/WB	60/50°F [16/10°C]	50°F [10°C]
Rated entering air, DB/WB	80.6/66.2°F [27/19°C]	68°F [20°C]
Max. entering air, DB/WB	95/75°F [35/24°C]	80°F [27°C]
Water Limits		
Min. entering water	30°F [-1°C]	20°F [-6.7°C]
Normal entering water	50-110°F [10-43°C]	30-70°F [-1 to 21°C]
Max. entering water	120°F [49°C]	90°F [32°C]
Normal Water Flow	1.5 to 3.0 gpm / ton [1.6 to 3.2 l/m per kW]	

Commissioning Limits

Starting conditions are based upon the following notes:

Notes:

- Limits in Table 5 are not normal or continuous operating limits. Minimum/maximum limits are start-up limits to bring the building space up to occupancy temperatures. Units are not designed to operate under these limits on a regular basis.
- Voltage utilization range complies with AHRI Standard 110.

Table 9b: Commissioning Limits

Commissioning Limits	TC_LH/TC_LV	
	Cooling	Heating
Air Limits		
Min. ambient air, DB	45°F [7°C]	39°F [4°C]
Related ambient air, DB	80.6°F [27°C]	68°F [20°C]
Max. ambient air, DB	110°F [43°C]	85°F [29°C]
Min. entering air, DW/WB	50/45°F [10/7°C]	40°F [4.5°C]
Rated entering air, DB/WB	80.6/66.2°F [27/19°C]	68°F [20°C]
Max. entering air, DB/WB	110/83°F [43/28°C]	80°F [27°C]
Water Limits		
Min. entering water	30°F [-1°C]	20°F [-6.7°C]
Normal entering water	50-110°F [10-43°C]	30-70°F [-1 to 21°C]
Max. entering water	120°F [49°C]	90°F [32°C]
Normal Water Flow	1.5 to 3.0 gpm / ton [1.6 to 3.2 l/m per kW]	

Tranquility® Compact High Capacity (TC_L) Series

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Piping System Cleaning and Flushing

Piping System Cleaning and Flushing

Cleaning and flushing the WLHP piping system is the single most important step to ensure proper start-up and continued efficient operation of the system.

Follow the instructions below to properly clean and flush the system:

1. Ensure that electrical power to the unit is disconnected.
2. Install the system with the supply hose connected directly to the return riser valve. Use a single length of flexible hose.
3. Fill the system with water. DO NOT allow system to overflow. Bleed all air from the system. Pressurize and check the system for leaks and repair as appropriate. Models with Waterside Economizer also manually open economizer valve and coil air vents (2) to bleed air from coil.
4. Verify that all strainers are in place (ClimateMaster recommends a strainer with a #20 stainless steel wire mesh). Start the pumps, and systematically check each vent to ensure that all air is bled from the system.
5. Verify that make-up water is available. Adjust make-up water as required to replace the air which was bled from the system. Check and adjust the water/air level in the expansion tank.
6. Set the boiler to raise the loop temperature to approximately 86°F [30°C]. Open a drain at the lowest point in the system. Adjust the make-up water replacement rate to equal the rate of bleed.
7. Refill the system and add trisodium phosphate in a proportion of approximately one pound per 150 gallons (.8 kg per 1000 l) of water (or other equivalent approved cleaning agent) Reset the boiler to raise the loop temperature to 100°F [38°C]. Circulate the solution for a minimum of 8 to 24 hours. At the end of this period, shut off the circulating pump and drain the solution. Repeat system cleaning if desired.
8. When the cleaning process is complete, remove the short-circuited hoses. Reconnect the hoses to the proper supply, and return the connections to each of the units. Refill the system and bleed off all air.
9. Test the system pH with litmus paper. The system water should be in the range of pH 6.0 - 8.5 (see table 3). Add chemicals, as appropriate to maintain neutral pH levels.
10. When the system is successfully cleaned, flushed, refilled and bled, check the main system panels, safety cutouts and alarms. Set the controls to properly maintain loop temperatures.

DO NOT use "Stop Leak" or similar chemical agent in this system. Addition of chemicals of this type to the loop water will foul the heat exchanger and inhibit unit operation.

Note: The manufacturer strongly recommends all piping connections, both internal and external to the unit, be pressure tested by an appropriate method prior to any finishing of the interior space or before access to all connections is limited. Test pressure may not exceed the maximum allowable pressure for the unit and all components within the water system. The manufacturer will not be responsible or liable for damages from water leaks due to inadequate or lack of a pressurized leak test, or damages caused by exceeding the maximum pressure rating during installation.

Unit Starting and Operating Conditions

WARNING!

WARNING! Polyolester Oil, commonly known as POE oil, is a synthetic oil used in many refrigeration systems including those with HFC-410A refrigerant. POE oil, if it ever comes in contact with PVC or CPVC piping, may cause failure of the PVC/CPVC. PVC/CPVC piping should never be used as supply or return water piping with water source heat pump products containing HFC-410A as system failures and property damage may result.

BEFORE POWERING SYSTEM, please check the following:

UNIT CHECKOUT

- ❑ Line voltage and wiring: Verify that voltage is within an acceptable range for the unit and wiring and fuses/breakers are properly sized. Verify that low voltage wiring is complete.
- ❑ Unit control transformer: Ensure that transformer has the properly selected voltage tap. Commercial 380-420V units are factory wired for 380V operation unless specified otherwise.
- ❑ Balancing/shutoff valves: Ensure that all isolation valves are open (after system flushing - see System Checkout) and water control valves are wired.
- ❑ Entering water and air: Ensure that entering water and air temperatures are within operating limits of Table 9a.
- ❑ Low water temperature cutout: Verify that low water temperature cut-out on the CXM2/DXM2.5 control is properly set.
- ❑ Unit blower wheel: Manually rotate blower wheel to verify free rotation and ensure that all blower wheels are secured to the blower motor shaft and centered in housing.
- ❑ Blower motor: Verify motor bolts are tight. DO NOT oil motors upon start-up. Fan motors are pre-oiled at the factory.
- ❑ Check shaft pillow blocks, sheave and pulley are tight
- ❑ Verify sheave has been set to turns in design requirement. Record turns on start up log sheet.
- ❑ Verify belt is straight and proper tension
- ❑ Condensate line: Verify that condensate line is open, trapped, vented and properly pitched toward drain.
- ❑ Water flow balancing: Record inlet and outlet water temperatures for each heat pump upon startup. This check can eliminate nuisance trip outs and high velocity water flow that could erode heat exchangers.
- ❑ Unit air coil and filters: Ensure that filter is clean and accessible. Clean air coil of all manufacturing oils.
- ❑ Unit controls: Verify that CXM2 or DXM2.5 field selection options are properly set.

SYSTEM CHECKOUT

- ❑ System water temperature: Check water temperature for proper range and also verify heating and cooling setpoints for proper operation.
- ❑ System pH: Check and adjust water pH if necessary to maintain a level between 6 and 8.5. Proper pH promotes longevity of hoses and fittings (see table 3).
- ❑ System flushing: Verify that all hoses are connected end to end when flushing to ensure that debris bypasses the unit heat exchanger, water valves and other components. Water used in the system must be potable quality initially and clean of dirt, piping slag, and strong chemical cleaning agents. Verify that all air is purged from the system. Air in the system can cause poor operation or system corrosion.
- ❑ Cooling tower/boiler: Check equipment for proper setpoints and operation.
- ❑ Standby pumps: Verify that the standby pump is properly installed and in operating condition.
- ❑ System controls: Verify that system controls function and operate in the proper sequence.
- ❑ Low water temperature cutout: Verify that low water temperature cut-out controls are provided for the outdoor portion of the loop. Otherwise, operating problems may occur.
- ❑ System control center: Verify that the control center and alarm panel have appropriate setpoints and are operating as designed.
- ❑ Miscellaneous: Note any questionable aspects of the installation.

CAUTION!

CAUTION! Verify that ALL water control valves are open and allow water flow prior to engaging the compressor. Freezing of the coax or water lines can permanently damage the heat pump.

CAUTION!

CAUTION! To avoid equipment damage, DO NOT leave system filled in a building without heat during the winter unless antifreeze is added to the water loop. Heat exchangers never fully drain by themselves and will freeze unless winterized with antifreeze.

Tranquility® Compact High Capacity (TC_L) Series

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Unit Start-Up Procedure

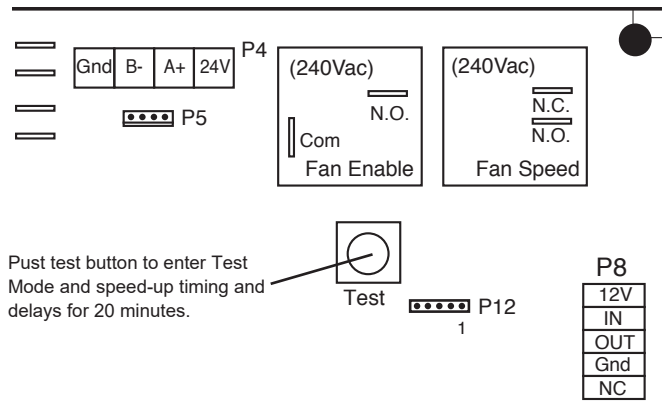
1. Turn the thermostat fan position to "ON". Blower should start.
 2. Balance air flow at registers.
 3. Adjust all valves to their full open positions. Turn on the line power to all heat pumps.
 4. Room temperature should be within the minimum-maximum ranges of table 9a. During start-up checks, loop water temperature entering the heat pump should be between 60°F [16°C] and 95°F [35°C].
 5. Two factors determine the operating limits of ClimateMaster heat pumps, (a) return air temperature, and (b) water temperature. When any one of these factors is at a minimum or maximum level, the other factor must be at normal level to ensure proper unit operation.
 - a. Adjust the unit thermostat to the warmest setting. Place the thermostat mode switch in the "COOL" position. Slowly reduce thermostat setting until the compressor activates.
 - b. Check for cool air delivery at the unit grille within a few minutes after the unit has begun to operate.
 - c. Note: Units have a five minute time delay in the control circuit that can be eliminated on the CXM2/DXM2.5 control board as shown below in Figure 22. See controls description for details.
 - d. Verify that the compressor is on and that the water flow rate is correct by measuring pressure drop through the heat exchanger using the P/T plugs and comparing to table 10.
 - e. Check the elevation and cleanliness of the condensate lines. Dripping may be a sign of a blocked line. Check that the condensate trap is filled to provide a water seal. Check the temperature of both entering and leaving water. If temperature is within range table, proceed with the test. If temperature is outside of the operating range, check refrigerant pressures and compare to tables 11a through 11b. Verify correct water flow by comparing unit pressure drop across the heat exchanger versus the data in table 10. Heat of rejection (HR) can be calculated and compared to submittal data capacity pages. The formula for HR for systems with water is as follows:

$$HR \text{ (Btuh)} = TD \times GPM \times 500$$
 where TD is the temperature difference between the entering and leaving water, and GPM is the flow rate in U.S. GPM, determined by comparing the pressure drop across the heat exchanger to table 10. In S-I units, the formula is as follows:

$$HR \text{ (kW)} = TD \times l/s \times 4.18.$$
 - f. Check air temperature drop across the air coil when compressor is operating. Air temperature drop should be between 15°F and 25°F [8°C and 14°C].
 - g. Turn thermostat to "OFF" position. A hissing noise indicates proper functioning of the reversing valve.
 6. Allow five (5) minutes between tests for pressure to equalize before beginning heating test.
 - a. Adjust the thermostat to the lowest setting Place the thermostat mode switch in the "HEAT" position.
 - b. Slowly raise the thermostat to a higher temperature until the compressor activates.
 - c. Check for warm air delivery within a few minutes after the unit has begun to operate.
 - d. Refer to table 12. Check the temperature of both entering and leaving water. If temperature is within range, proceed with the test. If temperature is outside of the operating range, check refrigerant pressures and compare to tables 11a through 11b. Verify correct water flow by comparing unit pressure drop across the heat exchanger versus the data in table 10. Heat of extraction (HE) can be calculated and compared to submittal data capacity pages. The formula for HE for systems with water is as follows: $HE \text{ (Btuh)} = TD \times GPM \times 500$, where TD is the temperature difference between the entering and leaving water, and GPM is the flow rate in U.S. GPM, determined by comparing the pressure drop across the heat exchanger to table 10.
 - e. In S-I units, Check air temperature rise across the air coil when compressor is operating. Air temperature rise should be between 20°F and 30°F [11°C and 17°C].
 - f. Check for vibration, noise, and water leaks.
 7. If unit fails to operate, perform troubleshooting analysis (see troubleshooting section). If the check described fails to reveal the problem and the unit still does not operate, contact a trained service technician to ensure proper diagnosis and repair of the equipment.
 8. When testing is complete, set system to maintain desired comfort level.
 9. BE CERTAIN TO FILL OUT AND FORWARD ALL WARRANTY REGISTRATION PAPERS TO CLIMATEMASTER.
- Note: If performance during any mode appears abnormal, refer to the CXM2/DXM2.5 section or troubleshooting section of this manual. To obtain maximum performance, the air coil should be cleaned before start-up. A 10% solution of dishwasher detergent and water is recommended.**

Unit Start-Up Procedure

Figure 22: Test Mode Button



! WARNING! !

WARNING! When the disconnect switch is closed, high voltage is present in some areas of the electrical panel. Exercise caution when working with energized equipment.

! CAUTION! !

CAUTION! Verify that ALL water control valves are open and allow water flow prior to engaging the compressor. Freezing of the coax or water lines can permanently damage the heat pump.

UNIT OPERATING CONDITIONS

Table 10: TC_L Coax Water Pressure Drop

Model	U.S. GPM	l/s	l/m	Pressure Drop, psi [kPa]*			
				30°F [-1°C]	50°F [10°C]	70°F [21°C]	90°F [32°C]
TC_L072	10	0.631	37.85	1.2 [8.3]	0.9 [6.2]	0.5 [3.4]	0.3 [2.1]
	15	0.946	56.781	3.3 [22.8]	2.8 [19.1]	2.1 [14.5]	1.8 [12.4]
	20	1.262	75.708	6.2 [42.7]	5.3 [36.5]	4.2 [29.0]	3.8 [26.2]
TC_L096	12	0.757	45.425	2.1 [14.5]	1.7 [11.7]	1.3 [9.0]	1.1 [7.6]
	18	1.136	68.137	5.3 [36.5]	4.5 [31.0]	3.6 [24.8]	3.3 [22.8]
	24	1.514	90.85	9.3 [64.1]	7.9 [54.5]	6.6 [45.5]	6.1 [42.1]
TC_L120	15	0.946	56.781	4 [27.6]	3.2 [22.1]	2.2 [15.2]	2 [13.8]
	22.5	1.42	85.172	8.6 [59.3]	7.2 [49.6]	5.5 [37.9]	5.1 [35.2]
	30	1.893	113.562	14.5 [100.0]	12.2 [83.4]	9.8 [67.6]	9.2 [63.4]
TC_LV160	21.0	1.32	79.20	7.6 [52.5]	4.4 [30.3]	4.0 [27.6]	3.8 [26.3]
	31.5	1.99	119.40	14.3 [98.8]	9.1 [62.9]	8.4 [58.02]	7.9 [54.6]
	42.0	2.65	159.00	22.3 [154.0]	15.2 [105.0]	14.1 [97.4]	13 [89.8]
TC_LV192	24.0	1.51	90.60	10.1 [69.8]	7.6 [52.5]	6.2 [42.8]	5.9 [40.8]
	36.0	2.27	136.20	18.6 [128.5]	12.6 [87.0]	11.6 [80.1]	11.1 [76.7]
	48.0	3.03	181.80	28.7 [198.2]	20.2 [139.5]	18.8 [129.9]	17.7 [122.3]
TC_LV240	30.0	1.89	113.40	8.3 [57.3]	6.6 [45.6]	5.6 [38.7]	5.3 [36.6]
	45.0	2.84	170.40	15.5 [107.1]	11.1 [76.7]	10.4 [71.8]	9.9 [68.4]
	60.0	3.79	227.40	24.4 [168.5]	17.8 [122.9]	16.8 [116.0]	15.9 [109.8]
TC_LV300	37.5	2.37	142.20	11.6 [80.1]	7.9 [54.6]	6.4 [44.2]	5.9 [40.8]
	56.3	3.55	213.00	21.3 [147.1]	13.6 [93.9]	12.6 [87.0]	11.8 [81.5]
	75.0	4.73	283.80	32.9 [227.2]	22.3 [154.0]	20.8 [143.6]	19.6 [135.4]

*Note: To convert kPa to millibars, multiply by 10.

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Unit Operating Conditions

Operating Pressure/Temperature tables include the following notes:

- Airflow is at nominal (rated) conditions;
- Entering air is based upon 70°F [21°C] DB in heating and 80/67°F [27/19°C] in cooling;
- Subcooling is based upon head pressure at compressor service port;
- Cooling air and water values can vary greatly with changes in humidity level.

Table 11a: TC_L072-120 Series Typical Unit Operating Pressures and Temperatures (60Hz - I-P Units)

Entering Water Temp °F	Water Flow GPM/ton	Cooling						Heating					
		Suction Pressure PSIG	Discharge Pressure PSIG	Superheat	Subcooling	Water Temp Rise °F	Air Temp Drop °F DB	Suction Pressure PSIG	Discharge Pressure PSIG	Superheat	Subcooling	Water Temp Drop °F	Air Temp Rise °F DB
20	1.5												
	2.25												
	3												
30*	1.5	122 - 125	197 - 204	13 - 16	15 - 20	20 - 24	22 - 23	67 - 71	297 - 315	10 - 12	9 - 18	8 - 9	22 - 23
	2.25	116 - 119	177 - 184	17 - 19	15 - 18	13 - 16	21 - 22	71 - 75	301 - 321	10 - 12	10 - 19	6 - 7	23 - 24
	3	112 - 115	168 - 173	19 - 21	14 - 18	10 - 12	21 - 22	74 - 76	303 - 323	11 - 13	10 - 19	4 - 5	23 - 25
50	1.5	128 - 134	240 - 252	11 - 14	13 - 16	20 - 22	21 - 22	97 - 102	333 - 355	9 - 11	13 - 21	11 - 12	29 - 30
	2.25	122 - 131	219 - 233	12 - 17	12 - 16	13 - 15	21 - 22	104 - 108	339 - 361	9 - 11	13 - 21	8 - 9	30 - 31
	3	119 - 129	209 - 224	13 - 18	11 - 15	10 - 11	21 - 22	107 - 122	342 - 369	9 - 11	13 - 20	6 - 7	31 - 32
70	1.5	132 - 139	311 - 329	9 - 12	12 - 15	19 - 21	20 - 21	130 - 135	367 - 392	9 - 11	13 - 21	14 - 16	35 - 37
	2.25	131 - 137	287 - 306	10 - 13	10 - 12	13 - 14	20 - 21	139 - 144	375 - 402	10 - 11	13 - 20	10 - 12	37 - 38
	3	131 - 136	275 - 294	10 - 13	9 - 11	9 - 11	20 - 21	145 - 149	380 - 407	10 - 11	13 - 19	8 - 9	38 - 39
90	1.5	137 - 144	400 - 420	8 - 10	13 - 16	19 - 20	19 - 20	164 - 169	401 - 430	10 - 13	13 - 17	18 - 20	41 - 43
	2.25	135 - 142	373 - 395	9 - 11	10 - 12	12 - 14	19 - 20	175 - 178	411 - 442	12 - 16	14 - 17	12 - 14	43 - 45
	3	135 - 141	359 - 383	9 - 12	9 - 11	9 - 10	19 - 20	179 - 187	415 - 455	13 - 18	14 - 16	9 - 11	44 - 46
100	1.5	139 - 147	448 - 471	8 - 9	13 - 16	18 - 20	18 - 19						
	2.25	138 - 146	420 - 445	8 - 10	11 - 13	12 - 13	18 - 19						
	3	138 - 146	405 - 432	8 - 10	10 - 11	9 - 10	18 - 19						
120	1.5	144 - 153	549 - 583	7 - 8	15 - 17	17 - 19	17 - 18						
	2.25	143 - 153	525 - 557	7 - 8	12 - 14	11 - 13	17 - 18						
	3	143 - 152	511 - 543	8 - 9	11 - 13	9 - 10	17 - 18						

*Based on 15% Methanol antifreeze solution

Table 11b: TC_LV160-300 Series Typical Unit Operating Pressures and Temperatures (60Hz - I-P Units)

Entering Water Temp °F	Water Flow GPM/ton	Cooling						Heating					
		Suction Pressure PSIG	Discharge Pressure PSIG	Superheat	Subcooling	Water Temp Rise °F	Air Temp Drop °F DB	Suction Pressure PSIG	Discharge Pressure PSIG	Superheat	Subcooling	Water Temp Drop °F	Air Temp Rise °F DB
20*	1.5												
	2.25												
	3.0												
30*	1.5	118 - 121	166 - 197	12 - 21	14 - 24	9 - 24	17 - 23	54 - 76	280 - 302	5 - 18	8 - 20	3 - 6	18 - 23
	2.25	109 - 119	154 - 167	13 - 22	12 - 24			59 - 66	285 - 309	5 - 13	10 - 21	4 - 10	19 - 23
	3.0	104 - 117	153 - 166	17 - 24	11 - 24			64 - 70	289 - 316	5 - 17	10 - 16		
50	1.5	127 - 135	232 - 247	7 - 12	11 - 20	9 - 24	17 - 23	85 - 96	315 - 342	7 - 12	11 - 25	5 - 13	24 - 31
	2.25	122 - 133	215 - 228	10 - 16	10 - 19			97 - 104	323 - 355	7 - 12	12 - 25		
	3.0	121 - 131	206 - 218	11 - 17	9 - 18			99 - 108	325 - 357	7 - 12	13 - 25		
70	1.5	130 - 139	304 - 317	6 - 11	10 - 16	10 - 21	17 - 23	121 - 131	354 - 387	8 - 13	11 - 26	7 - 17	31 - 39
	2.25	128 - 139	284 - 295	6 - 11	7 - 14			132 - 140	363 - 398	8 - 13	12 - 27		
	3.0	127 - 138	272 - 284	6 - 12	6 - 12			137 - 149	374 - 418	8 - 18	13 - 28		
90	1.5	136 - 145	404 - 420	4 - 10	6 - 14	10 - 21	17 - 21	158 - 168	386 - 428	10 - 16	6 - 22	9 - 21	37 - 45
	2.25	134 - 143	381 - 406	5 - 11	5 - 13			173 - 182	400 - 441	10 - 17	6 - 22		
	3.0	133 - 142	369 - 392	6 - 12	5 - 12			175 - 190	405 - 445	11 - 17	6 - 22		
100	1.5	137 - 146	434 - 445	4 - 9	6 - 16	8 - 19	17 - 21						
	2.25	135 - 145	407 - 425	5 - 9	4 - 13								
	3.0	134 - 144	395 - 413	5 - 10	4 - 12								
120	1.5	141 - 152	537 - 553	4 - 9	4 - 11	8 - 19	16 - 20						
	2.25	140 - 151	512 - 531	5 - 9	4 - 10								
	3.0	139 - 149	500 - 517	5 - 9	4 - 9								

*Based on 15% Methanol antifreeze solution

Table 12: Water Temperature Change Through Heat Exchanger

Water Flow, gpm [l/m]	Rise, Cooling °F, [°C]	Drop, Heating °F, [°C]
For Closed Loop: Ground Source or Closed Loop Systems at 3 gpm per ton [3.2 l/m per kW]	9 - 12 [5 - 6.7]	4 - 8 [2.2 - 4.4]
For Open Loop: Ground Water Systems at 1.5 gpm per ton [1.6 l/m per kW]	20 - 26 [11.1 - 14.4]	10 - 17 [5.6 - 9.4]

Start-Up Log Sheet

Installer: Complete unit and system checkout and follow unit start-up procedures in the IOM. Use this form to record unit information, temperatures and pressures during start-up. Keep this form for future reference.

Job Name: _____ **Street Address:** _____

Model Number: _____ **Serial Number:** _____

Unit Location in Building: _____

Date: _____ **Sales Order No:** _____

In order to minimize troubleshooting and costly system failures, complete the following checks and data entries before the system is put into full operation.

External Static: _____

Sheave Setting: _____ **Turns Open**

Temperatures: F or C

Antifreeze: _____%

Pressures: PSIG or kPa

Type: _____

	Cooling Mode	Heating Mode
Return-Air Temperature	DB	WB DB
Supply-Air Temperature	DB	WB DB
Temperature Differential		
Entering Fluid Temperature		
Leaving Fluid Temperature		
Temperature Differential		
Water Coil Heat Exchanger (Water Pressure IN)		
Water Coil Heat Exchanger (Water Pressure OUT)		
Pressure Differential		
Flow Rate GPM (l/s)		
Compressor		
Amps		
Volts		
Discharge Line Temperature		
Motor		
Amps		
Volts		

Allow unit to run 15 minutes in each mode before taking data.

Do not connect gauge lines

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Preventive Maintenance

Water Coil Maintenance -

(Direct ground water applications only)

If the system is installed in an area with a known high mineral content (125 P.P.M. or greater) in the water, it is best to establish a periodic maintenance schedule with the owner so the coil can be checked regularly. Consult the well water applications section of this manual for a more detailed water coil material selection. Should periodic coil cleaning be necessary, use standard coil cleaning procedures, which are compatible with the heat exchanger material and copper water lines. Generally, the more water flowing through the unit, the less chance for scaling. Therefore, 1.5 gpm per ton [1.6 l/m per kW] is recommended as a minimum flow. Minimum flow rate for entering water temperatures below 50°F [10°C] is 2.0 gpm per ton [2.2 l/m per kW].

Water Coil Maintenance -

(All other water loop applications)

Generally water coil maintenance is not needed for closed loop systems. However, if the piping is known to have high dirt or debris content, it is best to establish a periodic maintenance schedule with the owner so the water coil can be checked regularly. Dirty installations are typically the result of deterioration of iron or galvanized piping or components in the system. Open cooling towers requiring heavy chemical treatment and mineral buildup through water use can also contribute to higher maintenance. Should periodic coil cleaning be necessary, use standard coil cleaning procedures, which are compatible with both the heat exchanger material and copper water lines. Generally, the more water flowing through the unit, the less chance for scaling. However, flow rates over 3 gpm per ton (3.9 l/m per kW) can produce water (or debris) velocities that can erode the heat exchanger wall and ultimately produce leaks.

Filters - Filters must be clean to obtain maximum performance. Filters should be inspected every month under normal operating conditions and be replaced when necessary. Units should never be operated without a filter.

Washable, high efficiency, electrostatic filters, when dirty, can exhibit a very high pressure drop for the fan motor and reduce air flow, resulting in poor performance. It is especially important to provide consistent washing of these filters (in the opposite direction of the normal air flow) once per month using a high pressure wash similar to those found at self-serve car washes.

Condensate Drain - In areas where airborne bacteria may produce a "slimy" substance in the drain pan, it may be necessary to treat the drain pan chemically with an algaecide approximately every three months to minimize the problem. The condensate pan may also need to be cleaned periodically to ensure indoor air quality. The condensate drain can pick up lint and dirt, especially with dirty filters. Inspect the drain twice a year to avoid the possibility of plugging and eventual overflow.

Compressor - Conduct annual amperage checks to ensure that amp draw is no more than 10% greater than indicated on the serial plate data.

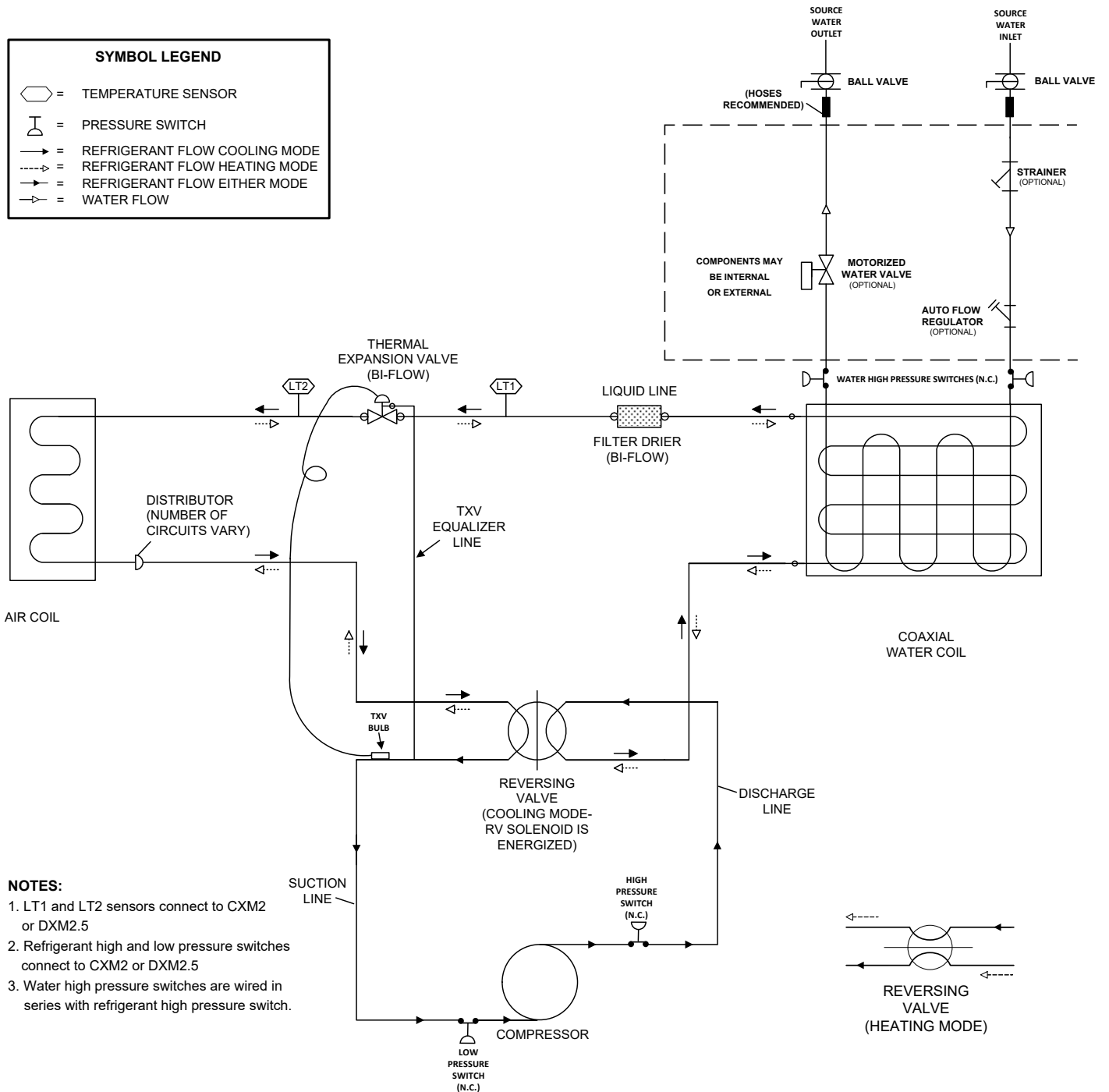
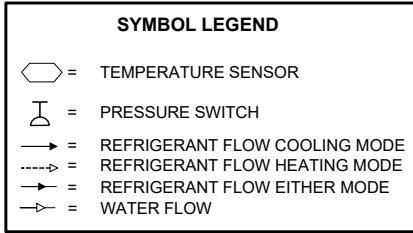
Fan Motors - All units have lubricated fan motors. Fan motors should never be lubricated unless obvious, dry operation is suspected. Periodic maintenance oiling is not recommended, as it will result in dirt accumulating in the excess oil and cause eventual motor failure. Conduct annual dry operation check and amperage check to ensure amp draw is no more than 10% greater than indicated on serial plate data.

Belt - Check that the belt is tight. Retighten if needed. Replace if it is split or cracked.

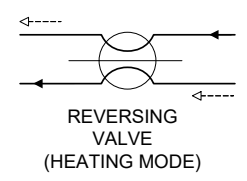
Air Coil - The air coil must be cleaned to obtain maximum performance. Check once a year under normal operating conditions and, if dirty, brush or vacuum clean. Care must be taken not to damage the aluminum fins while cleaning.
CAUTION: Fin edges are sharp.

Refrigerant System - To maintain sealed circuit integrity, do not install service gauges unless unit operation appears abnormal. Reference the operating charts for pressures and temperatures. Verify that air and water flow rates are at proper levels before servicing the refrigerant circuit.

Circuit Diagram with Safety Devices



- NOTES:**
1. LT1 and LT2 sensors connect to CXM2 or DXM2.5
 2. Refrigerant high and low pressure switches connect to CXM2 or DXM2.5
 3. Water high pressure switches are wired in series with refrigerant high pressure switch.



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Functional Troubleshooting

Fault	Htg	Clg	Possible Cause	Solution			
Main power problems	X	X	Green Status LED Off	Check line voltage circuit breaker and disconnect.			
				Check for line voltage between L1 and L2 on the contactor.			
				Check for 24VAC between R and C on CXM2/DXM2.5			
				Check primary/secondary voltage on transformer.			
HP Fault Code 2 High Pressure		X	Reduced or no water flow in cooling	Check pump operation or valve operation/setting.			
				Check water flow adjust to proper flow rate.			
	X		Water Temperature out of range in cooling	Bring water temp within design parameters.			
				X		Reduced or no airflow in heating	Check for dirty air filter and clean or replace.
							Check fan motor operation and airflow restrictions.
	X			Dirty Air Coil - construction dust etc. Too high of external static. Check static vs blower table.			
	X			Air temperature out of range in heating	Bring return air temp within design parameters.		
X	X		Overcharged with refrigerant	Check superheat/subcooling vs typical operating condition table.			
X	X		Bad HP Switch	Check switch continuity and operation. Replace.			
LP/LOC Fault Code 3 Low Pressure / Loss of Charge	X	X	Insufficient charge	Check for refrigerant leaks			
				X		Compressor pump down at start-up	Check charge and start-up water flow.
LT1 Fault Code 4 Water coil low temperature limit	X		Reduced or no water flow in heating	Check pump operation or water valve operation/setting.			
				Plugged strainer or filter. Clean or replace..			
				Check water flow adjust to proper flow rate.			
	X			Check antifreeze density with hydrometer.			
	X			Improper temperature limit setting (30°F vs 10°F [-1°C vs -2°C])	Clip JW3 jumper for antifreeze (10°F [-12°C]) use.		
X	X		Water Temperature out of range	Bring water temp within design parameters.			
LT2 Fault Code 5 Air coil low temperature limit		X	Reduced or no airflow in cooling	Check for dirty air filter and clean or replace.			
				Check fan motor operation and airflow restrictions.			
				Air Temperature out of range	Too much cold vent air? Bring entering air temp within design parameters.		
	X			Improper temperature limit setting (30°F vs 10°F [-1°C vs -12°C])	Normal airside applications will require 30°F [-1°C] only.		
	X	X		Bad thermistor	Check temp and impedance correlation per chart.		
Condensate Fault Code 6	X	X	Blocked drain	Check for blockage and clean drain.			
				Check trap dimensions and location ahead of vent.			
		X	Poor drainage	Check for piping slope away from unit.			
				Check slope of unit toward outlet.			
				Moisture on sensor	Poor venting? Check vent location. Check for moisture shorting to air coil.		
	X	X		Plugged air filter	Replace air filter.		
	X	X		Restricted Return Airflow	Find and eliminate restriction. Increase return duct and/or grille size.		
Over/Under Voltage Code 7 (Auto resetting)	X	X	Under Voltage	Check power supply and 24VAC voltage before and during operation.			
				Check power supply wire size.			
	X	X	Over Voltage	Check compressor starting. Need hard start kit?			
				Check 24VAC and unit transformer. Tap for correct power supply voltage.			
Unit Performance Sentinel Code 8	X		Heating mode LT2>125°F [52°C]	Check for poor airflow or overcharged unit.			
			Cooling Mode LT1>125°F [52°C] OR LT2< 40°F [4°C])	Check for poor water flow, or airflow.			
Swapped Thermistor Code 9	X	X	LT1 and LT2 swapped	Reverse position of thermistors			
No Fault Code Shown	X	X	No compressor operation	See "Only Fan Operates".			
			Compressor overload	Check and replace if necessary.			
			Control board	Reset power and check operation.			
Unit Short Cycles	X	X	Dirty air filter	Check and clean air filter.			
			Unit in "test mode"	Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit.			
			Unit selection	Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space.			
			Compressor overload	Check and replace if necessary			
Only Fan Runs	X	X	Thermostat position	Ensure thermostat set for heating or cooling operation.			
			Unit locked out	Check for lockout codes. Reset power.			
			Compressor Overload	Check compressor overload. Replace if necessary.			
			Thermostat wiring	Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operation in test mode.			
Only Compressor Runs	X	X	Thermostat wiring	Check G wiring at heat pump. Jumper G and R for fan operation			
			Fan motor relay	Jumper G and R for fan operation. Check for Line voltage across BR contacts.			
	X	X		Fan motor	Check fan power enable relay operation (if present).		
	X	X		Fan motor	Check for line voltage at motor. Check capacitor.		
	X	X		Thermostat wiring	Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operation in test mode		
Unit Doesn't Operate in Cooling		X	Reversing valve	Set for cooling demand and check 24VAC on RV coil and at CXM2/DXM2.5 board. If RV is stuck, run high pressure up by reducing water flow and while operating engage and disengage RV coil voltage to push valve.			
			Thermostat setup	Check for 'O' RV setup not 'B'.			
	X		Thermostat wiring	Check O wiring at heat pump. Jumper O and R for RV coil 'click'.			
				Thermostat wiring	Put thermostat in cooling mode. Check 24VAC on O (check between C and O); check for 24VAC on W (check between W and C). There should be voltage on O, but not on W. If voltage is present on W, thermostat may be bad or wired incorrectly.		

Performance Troubleshooting

Symptom	Htg	Clg	Possible Cause	Solution
Insufficient capacity/ Not cooling or heating	X	X	Dirty filter	Replace or clean.
	X		Reduced or no airflow in heating	Check for dirty air filter and clean or replace.
				Check fan motor operation and airflow restrictions.
				Too high of external static? Check static vs blower table.
		X	Reduced or no airflow in cooling	Check for dirty air filter and clean or replace.
				Check fan motor operation and airflow restrictions.
				Too high of external static? Check static vs blower table.
	X	X	Leaky duct work	Check supply and return air temperatures at the unit and at distant duct registers if significantly different, duct leaks are present.
	X	X	Low refrigerant charge	Check superheat and subcooling per chart.
	X	X	Restricted metering device	Check superheat and subcooling per chart. Replace.
		X	Defective reversing valve	Perform RV touch test.
X	X	Thermostat improperly located	Check location and for air drafts behind stat.	
X	X	Unit undersized	Recheck loads & sizing. Check sensible clg. load and heat pump capacity.	
X	X	Scaling in water heat exchanger	Perform scaling check and clean if necessary.	
X	X	Inlet water too hot or too cold	Check load, loop sizing, loop backfill, ground moisture.	
High Head Pressure	X		Reduced or no airflow in heating	Check for dirty air filter and clean or replace.
				Check fan motor operation and air flow restrictions.
				Too high of external static? Check static vs blower table.
		X	Reduced or no water flow in cooling	Check pump operation or valve operation/setting.
				Check water flow. Adjust to proper flow rate.
		X	Inlet water too hot	Check load, loop sizing, loop backfill, ground moisture.
	X		Air temperature out of range in heating	Bring return air temperature within design parameters.
		X	Scaling in water heat exchanger	Perform scaling check and clean if necessary.
X	X	Unit overcharged	Check superheat and subcooling. Re-weigh in charge.	
X	X	Non-condensables in system	Vacuum system and re-weigh in charge.	
X	X	Restricted metering device	Check superheat and subcooling per chart. Replace.	
Low Suction Pressure	X		Reduced water flow in heating	Check pump operation or water valve operation/setting.
				Plugged strainer or filter? Clean or replace.
				Check water flow. Adjust to proper flow rate.
	X		Water temperature out of range	Bring water temperature within design parameters.
		X	Reduced airflow in cooling	Check for dirty air filter and clean or replace.
				Check fan motor operation and air flow restrictions.
			Too high of external static? Check static vs blower table.	
	X	Air temperature out of range	Too much cold vent air? Bring entering air temperature within design parameters.	
X	X	Insufficient charge	Check for refrigerant leaks.	
Low Discharge Air Temperature in Heating	X		Too high of airflow	Check fan motor speed selection and airflow chart.
	X		Poor performance	See 'Insufficient Capacity'.
High humidity		X	Too high of airflow	Check fan motor speed selection and airflow chart.
		X	Unit oversized	Recheck loads & sizing. Check sensible cooling load and heat pump capacity.

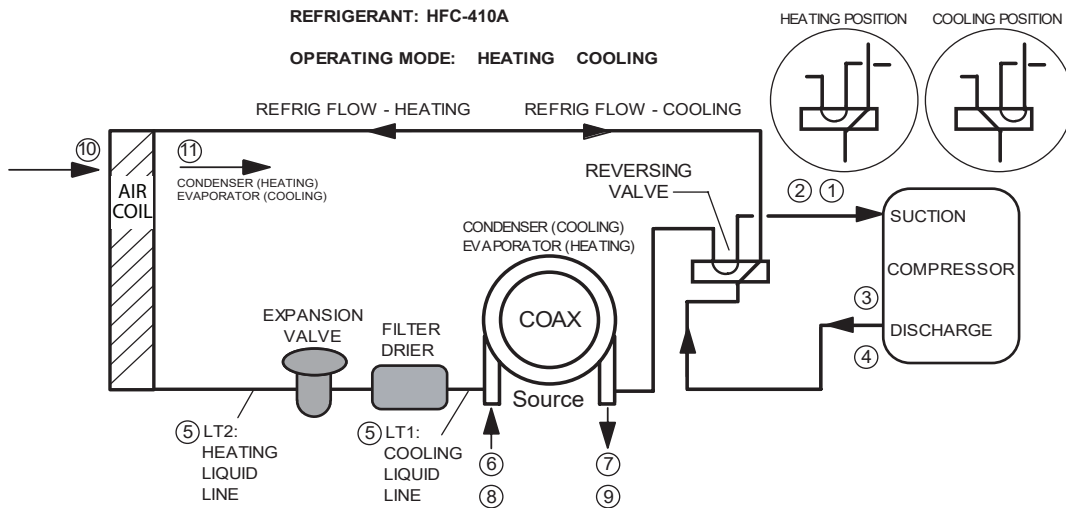
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Functional Troubleshooting – I-P Units

Water-to-Air Units

Customer: _____ Loop Type: _____ Startup Date: _____
 Model #: _____ Serial #: _____ Antifreeze Type & %: _____
 Complaint: _____



Description	Heating	Cooling	Notes
Voltage			
Compressor Amps			
1 Suction Temp			
2 Suction Press			
2a Saturation Temp			
2b Superheat			
3 Discharge Temp			
4 Discharge Press			
4a Saturation Temp			
4b Subcooling			
5 Liquid Line Temp			
6 Source Water In Temp			
7 Source Water Out Temp			Temp Diff. =
8 Source Water In Pres			
9 Source Water Out Pres			
9a Press Drop			
9b Flow Rate			
10 Return Air Temp			
11 Supply Air Temp			

Heat of Extraction (Absorption) or Heat of Rejection:

HE or HR =

Fluid Factor: (for Btuh)
500 (Water); 485 (Antifreeze)

Fluid Factor: (for kW)
4.18 (Water); 4.05 (Antifreeze)

_____ Flow Rate x _____ Temp. Diff x _____ Fluid Factor

Superheat = Suction temperature - suction saturation temp. = _____ (deg F)

Subcooling = Discharge saturation temp. - liquid line temp. = _____ (deg F)

Note: Never connect refrigerant gauges during startup procedures. Conduct water-side analysis using P/T ports to determine water flow and temperature difference. If water-side analysis shows poor performance, refrigerant troubleshooting may be required. Connect refrigerant gauges as a last resort.

Warranty (U.S. & Canada)



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EXCEPT AS SPECIFICALLY SET FORTH HEREIN, THERE IS NO EXPRESS WARRANTY AS TO ANY OF CM'S PRODUCTS. CM MAKES NO WARRANTY AGAINST LATENT DEFECTS. CM MAKES NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OF THE GOODS OR OF THE FITNESS OF THE GOODS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

GRANT OF LIMITED EXPRESS WARRANTY
CM warrants CM products purchased and retained in the United States of America and Canada to be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and maintenance as follows: (1) All complete air conditioning, heating and/or heat pump units built or sold by CM for twelve (12) months from date of unit set up or eighteen (18) months from date of shipment (from factory), whichever comes first; (2) Repair and replacement parts, which are not supplied under warranty, for ninety (90) days from date of shipment (from factory). All parts must be returned to CM's factory in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, freight prepaid, no later than sixty (60) days after the date of the failure of the part; if CM determines the part to be defective and within CM's Limited Express Warranty, CM shall, when such part has been either replaced or repaired, return such to a factory recognized dealer, contractor or service organization, F.O.B. CM's factory, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, freight prepaid. The warranty on any parts repaired or replaced under warranty expires at the end of the original warranty period.

This warranty does not cover and does not apply to: (1) Air filters, fuses, refrigerant, fluids, oil; (2) Products relocated after initial installation; (3) Any portion or component of any system that is not supplied by CM, regardless of the cause of failure or of the component; (4) Products which have been removed from the field and returned to CM for repair or replacement; (5) Products which have been repaired or replaced by CM, regardless of the cause of failure or of the component; (6) Products which have been repaired or replaced by CM, regardless of the cause of failure or of the component, which are not supplied by CM, regardless of the cause of failure or of the component; (7) Products which have defects or damage which result from a contaminated or corrosive air or liquid supply, operation at abnormal temperatures, or unauthorized opening of refrigerant circuit; (8) Mold, fungus or bacteria damages; (9) Products subjected to corrosion or abrasions; (10) Products manufactured or supplied by others; (11) Products which have been subjected to misuse, negligence or accidents; (12) Products which have been operated in a manner contrary to CM's printed instructions; or (13) Products which have defects, damage or insufficient performance as a result of insufficient or incorrect system design or the improper application of CM's products.

CM is not responsible for: (1) The costs of any fluids, refrigerant or other system components, or associated labor to repair or replace the same, which is incurred as a result of a defective part covered by CM's Limited Express Warranty; (2) The costs of labor, refrigerant, materials or service incurred in removal of the defective part, or in obtaining and replacing the new or repaired part; or, (3) Transportation costs of the defective part from the installation site to CM or of the return of any part not covered by CM's Limited Express Warranty.

Limitation: This Limited Express Warranty is given in lieu of all other warranties. If, notwithstanding the disclaimers contained herein, it is determined that other warranties exist, any such warranties, including without limitation any express warranties or any implied warranties of fitness for particular purpose and merchantability, shall be limited to the duration of the Limited Express Warranty.

LIMITATION OF REMEDIES

In the event of a breach of the Limited Express Warranty, CM will only be obligated at CM's option to repair the failed part or unit or to furnish a new or rebuilt part or unit in exchange for the part or unit which has failed. If, after a written notice, CM, a factory in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, of each defect, malfunction or other failure and a reasonable number of attempts by CM to correct the defect, malfunction or other failure and the remedy fails of its essential purpose, CM shall refund the purchase price paid to CM in exchange for the return of the sold goods(s). Said refund shall be the maximum liability of CM. **THIS REMEDY IS THE SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE BUYER OR THEIR PURCHASER AGAINST CM FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT, FOR THE BREACH OF ANY WARRANTY OR FOR CM'S NEGLIGENCE OR IN STRICT LIABILITY.**

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

CM shall have no liability for any damages if CM's performance is delayed for any reason or is prevented to any extent by any event such as, but not limited to: any war, civil unrest, government restrictions or restraints, strikes or work stoppages, fire, flood, accident, shortages of transportation, fuel, material, or labor, acts of God or any other reason beyond the sole control of CM. **CM EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS AND EXCLUDES ANY LIABILITY FOR CONSEQUENTIAL OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGE IN CONTRACT, FOR BREACH OF ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY, OR IN TORT, WHETHER FOR CM'S NEGLIGENCE OR AS STRICT LIABILITY.**

OBTAINING WARRANTY PERFORMANCE

Normally, the contractor or service organization who installed the products will provide warranty performance for the owner. Should the installer be unavailable, contact any CM recognized dealer, contractor or service organization. If assistance is required in obtaining warranty performance, write or call:

Climate Master, Inc. • Customer Services • 7300 S.W. 44th Street • Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73179 (405) 745-6000

NOTE: Some states or Canadian provinces do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, or the limitation or exclusions of consequential or incidental damages, so the foregoing exclusions and limitations may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state and from Canadian province to Canadian province.

Please refer to the CM Installation, Operation and Maintenance Manual for operating and maintenance instructions.



Rev.: 11/09

Tranquility® Compact High Capacity (TC_L) Series

Rev.: November 6, 2024

Notes:

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Revision History

Date:	Item:	Action:
11/06/24	Pages 45 and 46	Added Standard with VFD and Dual Point Power with VFD electrical data
7/29/24	Page 9	Updated filter sizes
12/21/23	Page 56	Updated Component Belt information for all models
01/24/23	All	Removed CXM and DXM2 controls added CXM2 and DXM2.5 controls
07/28/22	Page 13	Changed the "Depth" Dimension
10/05/21	Pages 38-41	Updated Water Quality Standards Table
9/24/21	ALL	Removed LON Controls
02/10/21	Page 8	Updated Value for "T"
5/5/20	ALL	Updated Table Headers
3/17/20	ALL	Updated Fonts
09/09/19	Added Pages after Page 54	Inserted New VFD/VAV Fan Language
	Page 40	Updated TC_L Series Electrical Data Table
	Page 39	Updated TC_L Series Electrical Data Table
	Page 9	Updated TC_LV Physical Data Table
	Page 3	New Decoder
07/25/17	Page 16	Updated hanger mounting instructions
06/19/17	All	Update dimension tables
11/28/16	Waterside Economizer	Added Waterside Economizer options and data
10/6/16	Page 12	Text Update
06/22/16	Cover Picture	Updated Unit Photo
04/15/16	Text	Updated
4/5/16	Page 8	Update Standard motor HP for 096
02/10/15	All	Update Air Filter Sizes and Electrical Tables
06/13/14	Page 13 & 34	Change Text - Filter "rack" to "frame" Water Quality table updated



A NIBE GROUP MEMBER

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ClimateMaster works continually to improve its products. As a result, the design and specifications of each product at the time for order may be changed without notice and may not be as described herein. Please contact ClimateMaster's Customer Service Department at 1-405-745-6000 for specific information on the current design and specifications. Statements and other information contained herein are not express warranties and do not form the basis of any bargain between the parties, but are merely ClimateMaster's opinion or commendation of its products.