

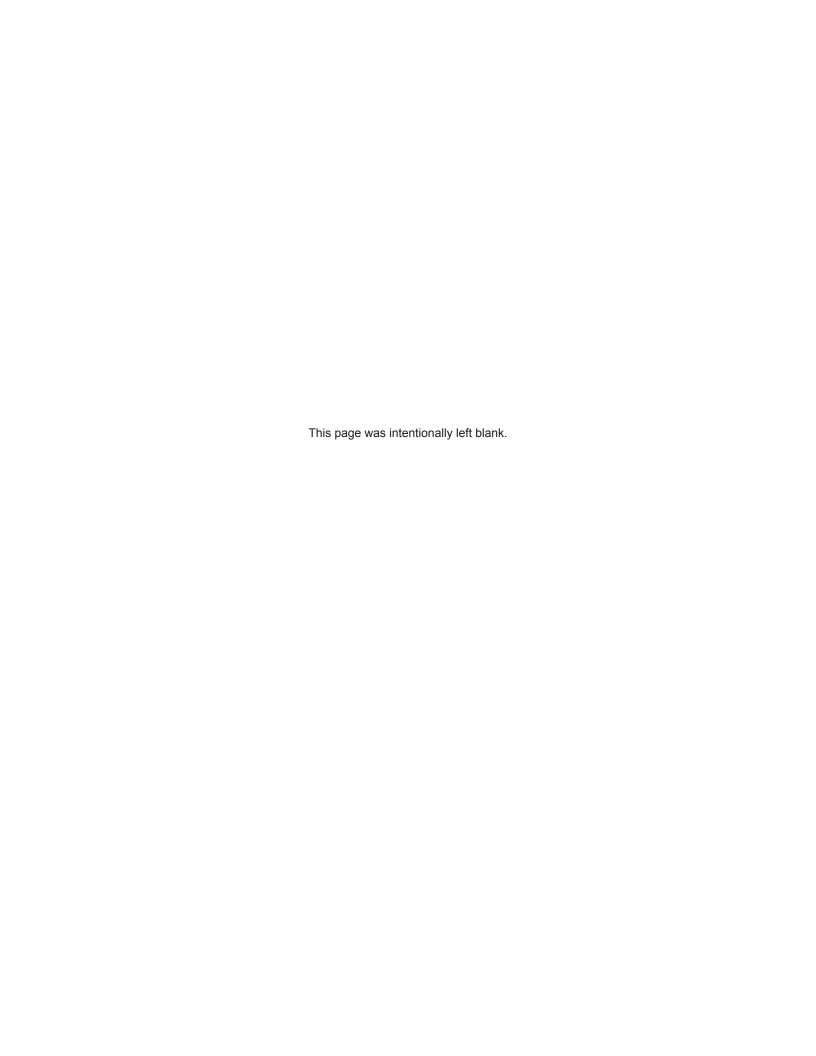
Geo-Prime Tank[™]



Installation, Operation & Maintenance Instructions AFCG1PT

Revision: 2/10/16

	Table of 0	Contents				
General Description	3	Replacing a Pump	12			
Installation	4	Measuring Flow Rate	14			
Flushing and Purging	7	Troubleshooting	15			
Initial Start-up	9	Revision History	16			
Adding or Checking Fluid	10					



General Description

The Geo-Prime Tank is an accessory that can be added to a standard flow center to create a non-pressurized flow center system. In addition to its applicability in a non-pressurized system, the Tank can be used as an add-on to traditional pressurized systems. The Geo-Prime Tank consists of a fluid reservoir, two bypass valves and an air-eliminating dip tube inside of a foam-insulated cabinet. The Tank includes a sealing cap with integrated pressure and vacuum relief to prevent the reservoir from being over-pressurized or collapsing. The Tank is mounted above the suction flange of the pump to ensure a flooded volute and to provide the necessary suction head pressure for the pump.

When the ground source heat pump system is operating, the pump circulates loop fluid through the heat pump, ground loop, and Geo-Prime Tank. The loop fluid is directed to the bottom of the Geo-Prime Tank's reservoir on one side of an internal baffle which allows air to separate from the fluid. Air-free loop fluid is then returned to the system. Additional details of the Geo-Prime Tank are provided in the figures below.

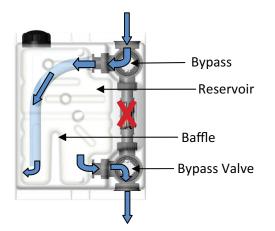


Figure 1: Geo-Prime Tank during system operation

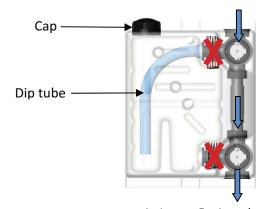


Figure 2: Geo-Prime Tank during flushing/purging

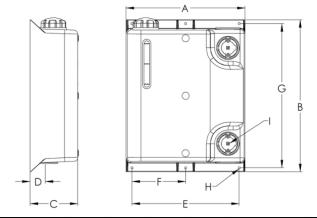


Figure 3: Dimensions

	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	WEI	GHT
Inches	15-1/4	19-1/2	6-1/8	2	13-3/4	6-7/8	18-1/2	1/4	3/8" DRIVE SOCKET	LBS	KG
СМ	38.8	49.5	15.6	5.1	35.0	17.5	47.0	0.6		10	4.5

Installation

Overview

The Geo-Prime Tank must be mounted above the pump or flow center at a sufficient height to ensure the required suction head pressure of the circulator pump is met. It is critical for the Tank to be plumbed into the suction side of the flow center between the ground loop and the flow center. The pump or flow center can be mounted in any direction as long as the Tank is mounted above the flow center and is plumbed into the suction side of the pump. The Tank includes an adapter for use with a Flo-Link double o-ring style flow center. A variety of fittings are available to allow the Tank to be connected to nearly any pump or flow center. If using a pump other than a Grundfos UP26-99 or UP26-116, it is your responsibility to determine the applicability of using the Geo-Prime Tank with the selected pump. This determination can be made by comparing the NPSHr of the pump to the NPSHa.



Figure 4: Geo-Prime Tank mounted above flow center

Standard Procedure

1. Attach the flow center or pump to a well supported structure such as a framed or concrete/ masonry wall using appropriate mounting hardware. Be sure to mount the flow center low enough to allow the Geo-Prime Tank to be mounted above it. If the flow center is mounted on a framed wall, the mounting screws should be located into a stud, or into braces on a board that is attached to the studs. The flow center or pump MUST be mounted so that the pump's shaft is horizontal and terminal box is in the correct position (Figures 5a and 5b).

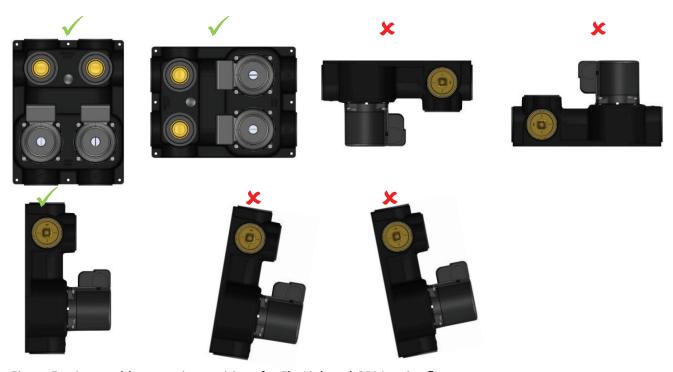


Figure 5a: Acceptable mounting positions for Flo-Link and GPM series flow centers



2. Insert the included Valve Coupling Adapter into the female port of the flow center or pump (Figure 6). Note that a 1" MPT x Flo-Link female fitting is available to transition to a 1" FPT flow center. Lubricate the O-rings on both ends of the Adapter to aid in installation. The Adapter should be pushed straight into the port. DO NOT rock the Adapter left-to-right or front-to-back in the female port of the flow center.

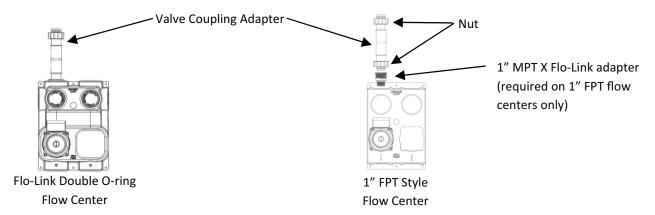


Figure 6: Flow centers with Valve Coupling Adapter. A 1" MPT x Flo-Link fitting is available to transition to 1" FPT style flow centers.

- 3. Hand-tighten the Nut to secure the Adapter to the flow center. DO NOT use a wrench or channel locks to tighten the Nut. The Adapter seals via the O-rings in the inner diameter of the valve port, NOT with the threads between Nut and valve.
- 4. Slowly push the Tank onto the Adapter and hand-tighten the Nut to secure the Adapter to the flow center. DO NOT rock the *Tank* or Adapter, or use a wrench to tighten the Nut.

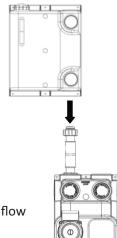


Figure 7: Installing Geo-Prime onto the flow center using a Valve Coupling Adapter

- 5. Attach the *Tank* to the wall using the appropriate wall anchors as in Step 1. Be sure that the Adapter remains vertical (plumb).
- 6. Attach ground loop and heat pump plumbing to the flow center and *Tank*.

Flushing and Purging

7. Insulate all unit, flow center, and Tank piping, if necessary. In general, all inside piping should be insulated if the minimum loop temperature is below 50 F.

FLUSHING AND PURGING

Note: This guide provides the installer with instructions specific to the *Geo-Prime Tank*. Please refer to your heat pump manufacturer's instructions or IGSHPA guidelines for additional detailed flushing and purging information.

- 1. Remove Geo-Prime Tank and Valve Face Covers and tank fluid cap (Figure 8).
- 2. Rotate valves so that fluid will bypass the Reservoir (Figure 9).

Note: Valves must be in bypass position during system flushing/purging.

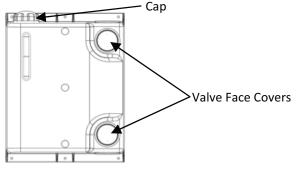


Figure 8: Geo-Prime Cap and Valve Face Covers

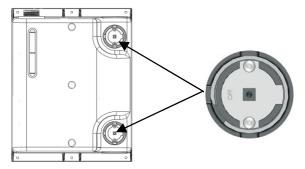


Figure 9: Valve position for flushing/purging

- 3. Attach flush cart to flow center flush ports.
- 4. Flush/purge the ground loop and heat pump according to the heat pump manufacturer's and/or IGSHPA guidelines. The flush cart can be used to flush both the ground loop piping and unit inside/interior piping.

NOTE: Fluid should not enter the reservoir of the *Geo-Prime Tank* during flushing. If it does, immediately stop flushing and check to be sure the bypass valves are in the correct orientation as shown in Figure 9.



CAUTION: NEVER DEAD-HEAD THE FLUSH CART PUMP INTO THE FLUID RESERVOIR OF THE GEO-PRIME TANK. OVER-PRESSURIZATION OF THE FLUID RESERVOIR COULD BE DANGEROUS AND WILL VOID THE WARRANTY.

- 5. Add antifreeze per the heat pump manufacturer's suggested guidelines as required.
- 6. Turn off flush cart. DO NOT PRESSURIZE LOOP.
- 7. Rotate valves on flow center to operating position and disconnect the flush cart.
- 8. Fill Geo-Prime Tank's reservoir with clean, debris free loop fluid. This can be the same premixed fluid that remains in the flush cart after flushing. The reservoir can hold approximately 2.5 gallons of fluid.
- 9. Rotate valves on *Geo-Prime Tank* to operating position (Figure 10).

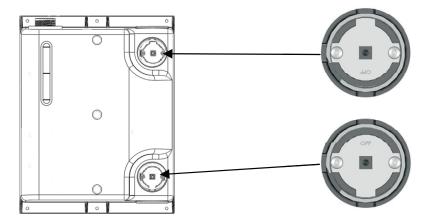


Figure 10: Valve position for system operation

Initial Start-up

INITIAL START-UP

- 1. Be sure flow center and Geo-Prime Tank valves are in the correct operating positions.
- 2. If applicable, open the vent screw in the center of the pump motor with a large flat head screwdriver allowing a few drops of fluid to drip out. Then, retighten the vent screw.

NOTE: This step is critical. Opening the vent screw and allowing fluid to drip out ensures that all trapped air has exited the pump motor. Skipping this important step could lead to premature pump failure. *Variable speed Magna GEO pumps do not have a vent screw (step 2 may be skipped).*

- 3. Start flow center pump(s) and allow system to operate for several minutes. Add additional loop fluid, if necessary, while pumps are running.
- 4. Measure and record the flow rate as specified by the heat pump manufacturer. This is typically completed by measuring the pressure drop across the heat pump's heat exchanger via PT ports located at the water connections of the unit. The flow is then determined using the manufacturer's published tables for pressure drop versus flow. The flow rate can also be determined by utilizing a flow meter (see page 12). Verify the performance of the heat pump per the manufacturer's literature.
- 5. Replace Valve Face Covers and fluid Cap. Tighten the Cap until there is an audible "click" similar to an automobile's gas cap.

NOTE: Adding additional loop fluid may be necessary after initial system startup. One method of ensuring the proper loop fluid is added at a later date is for the installer to provide the system owner with a pre-mixed solution of loop fluid in a clearly marked, sealed, approved container that is stored in a safe, convenient location.

Adding or Checking Fluid

NOTE: In general you should not need to remove the Cap and it should only be removed when absolutely necessary. The Cap is intended to seal the ground loop system from the outside atmosphere thereby ensuring a closed system.



WARNING: ONLY USE PREMIXED ANTIFREEZE IN A NON-FLAMMABLE STATE. FAILURE TO OBSERVE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS MAY RESULT IN FIRE, INJURY, OR DEATH.



CAUTION: THE RESERVOIR MAY BE SLIGHTLY PRESSURIZED WHICH COULD CAUSE THE FLUID TO LEAK OUT WHEN THE CAP'S SEAL IS BROKEN (I.E. CAP IS LOOS-ENED). IN ADDITION, THE CAP SHOULD ONLY BE REMOVED WHEN THE CIRCULATOR PUMP IS RUNNING. WHEN THE CIRCULATOR STARTS, THE FLUID LEVEL IN THE RESERVOIR MAY DROP SLIGHTLY ALLOWING YOU TO REMOVE THE CAP WITHOUT OVERFLOWING THE TANK. THE CAP SHOULD BE REMOVED SLOWLY SO THAT IF FLUID DOES BEGIN TO EXIT THE RESERVOIR, IT CAN BE QUICKLY RETIGHTENED.

Determining Fluid Level

The fluid level in the Geo-Prime Tank may be determined by viewing the fluid level through the sight window while the loop pumps are running. Depending on lighting conditions in the installation area, a small flashlight may be necessary. The fluid level may be higher than the viewing area spanned by the sight window (which is acceptable). The fluid level should always be above the midpoint of sight window.

If the fluid level cannot be determined via the sight window (for example, if the fluid level is above the sight window) the cap may be removed.

Checking Loop Fluid



CAUTION: THE GROUND LOOP FLUID MAY CONTAIN ANTIFREEZE SUCH AS METHANOL, ETHANOL, OR PROPYLENE GLYCOL. THESE ANTIFREEZE SOLUTIONS MAY CONTAIN SUBSTANCES THAT ARE HARMFUL OR TOXIC. APPROPRIATE PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (SAFETY GLASSES, PROTECTIVE GLOVES, ETC.) SHOULD BE UTILIZED TO AVOID CONTACT WITH THE LOOP FLUID.

The loop fluid can be checked to determine the freeze protection level by verifying the percentage of antifreeze in the system. One simple method of performing this check is to remove a small amount

of loop fluid and checking the specific gravity with a hydrometer. The specific gravity is then compared to the charts provided by the antifreeze manufacturer.

The loop fluid can be extracted from the system by either 1) rotating the 3-way valve on the flow center and collecting the fluid from the flush port or 2) removing the Cap on the Tank and using a syringe, bulb, etc. to collect the fluid.

Adding Loop Fluid



CAUTION: THE RESERVOIR MAY BE SLIGHTLY PRESSURIZED WHICH COULD CAUSE THE FLUID TO LEAK OUT WHEN THE CAP'S SEAL IS BROKEN (I.E. CAP IS LOOSENED). IN ADDITION, THE CAP SHOULD ONLY BE REMOVED WHEN THE CIRCULATOR PUMP IS RUNNING. WHEN THE CIRCULATOR STARTS, THE FLUID LEVEL IN THE RESERVOIR MAY DROP SLIGHTLY ALLOWING YOU TO REMOVE THE CAP WITHOUT OVERFLOWING THE TANK. THE CAP SHOULD BE REMOVED SLOWLY SO THAT IF FLUID DOES BEGIN TO EXIT THE RESERVOIR, IT CAN BE QUICKLY RETIGHTENED.

NOTE: Always be sure to add the proper loop fluid to your system. Many ground loop systems contain water and anti-freeze such as ethanol, methanol, or glycol in a concentration high enough to reach the system's required freeze protection. Adding a small amount of water may not seriously affect the freeze protection level but adding too much water will dilute the antifreeze and will affect the freeze protection (as in the case when you are adding water on a regular basis). In addition, many residential water supplies are high in minerals, contain bacteria, or have an inappropriate Ph level to be used in the ground loop system. Finally, mixing the wrong antifreeze in your ground loop system can cause considerable harm. One method of ensuring you are using the appropriate loop fluid is for the installer to provide the system owner with a pre-mixed solution of loop fluid in a clearly marked, sealed, approved container that is stored in a safe, convenient location.



CAUTION: THE GROUND LOOP FLUID MAY CONTAIN ANTIFREEZE SUCH AS METHANOL, ETHANOL, OR PROPYLENE GLYCOL. THESE ANTIFREEZE SOLUTIONS MAY CONTAIN SUBSTANCES THAT ARE HARMFUL OR TOXIC. APPROPRIATE PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (SAFETY GLASSES, PROTECTIVE GLOVES, ETC.) SHOULD BE UTILIZED TO AVOID CONTACT WITH THE LOOP FLUID.

- 1. With the ground loop pumps running, slowly remove the Cap from the Tank. If the Tank begins to overflow, quickly re-tighten the Cap. In this case, no additional loop fluid is necessary.
- 2. Fill the Reservoir with the appropriate loop fluid and replace the Cap. Tighten the Cap until there is an audible "click" similar to an automobile's gas cap.

Replacing a Pump

- 1. Verify which pump(s) needs to be replaced.
- 2. Rotate both 3-way valves on flow center to isolate the pumps from the ground loop and Geo-Prime Tank.

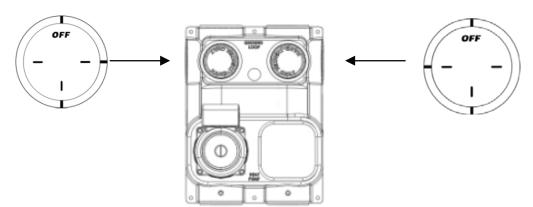


Figure 11: Valve positions to isolate ground loop from flow center and heat pump



WARNING: OPEN THE POWER SUPPLY DISCONNECT SWITCH AND SECURE IT IN AN OPEN POSITION PRIOR TO PERFORMING ELECTRICAL WORK. VERIFY THAT POWER HAS BEEN DISCONNECTED PRIOR TO WIRING THE PUMP. FAILING TO SECURE THE ELECTRICAL SUPPLY COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.

- 3. Remove the defective power head. Be sure to have an absorbent cloth available to catch any water that exists in the pump housing.
- 4. Carefully inspect the pump for possible causes of failure. For example, sand or debris in the pump housing indicates that the ground loop needs to be re-flushed.
- 5. Wipe any debris and fluid from the sealing surface of the pump housing.
- 6. Install new pump motor.
- 7. Flush the air that was introduced into the system using method A or B below.
 - A. Flushing unit with garden hose
 - Verify that the 3-way valves are turned so that the flush port is open (i.e. ground loop isolated; see Figure 11).
 - Attach garden hose from domestic water supply to one of the valves and a drain hose to the other valve (Figure 12).



Figure 12: Connections for flushing heat pump side of system with a garden hose

- Place the drain hose in a bucket or drain as appropriate.
- Turn on the water source and flush until the discharge water is free of air
- Rotate the right side 3-way valve to the operating position. This stops the flow of water through the system. Turn off water supply.
- Rotate the other 3-way valve to the operating position.

B. Flushing unit with circulator pump

- Verify that the 3-way valves are turned so that the flush port is open and the ground loop is isolated (see Figure 11).
- Rotate the upper valve on the Geo-Prime Tank to isolate the Tank from the ground loop (see Figure 13).
- Attach a discharge hose to the ride-side 3-way valve. This can be a short piece of garden hose, washing machine hose, or clear tubing with an appropriate adapter. (Figure 13).
- Place the discharge hose into the Geo-Prime Tank.
- Rotate the left side 3-way valve on the flow center so that the flush port is OFF. This opens the valve to the Geo-Prime Tank (Figure 13).
- Open the pump's vent screw to allow water to fill the pump. Allow a few drops of water to escape and then re-tighten vent screw.
- Power on the circulator. The fluid will travel from the Tank, through the flow center

and heat pump, and back into the top of the Tank via the discharge hose.

Continue flushing until the return fluid is free of air.

- Turn off the circulator.
- Rotate the other flow center 3-way valve to the operating position.

Discharge hose into Tank

Hose adapter

Figure 13: Connections and valve positions for flushing heat pump side of system with the circulator pump

climatemaster.com

13

Measuring Flow Rate

- 8. Rotate all valves to the operating positions.
- 9. Proceed to "Initial Start-Up" on Page 7.

MEASURING FLOW RATE

Flow rate through the ground loop can be measured by several methods. The standard method typically suggested by heat pump manufactures is to measure the pressure drop across the heat pump's heat exchanger via PT ports located at the water connections of the unit. The flow rate is then determined using the manufacturer's published tables for pressure drop versus flow.

The flow rate can also be determined by utilizing a flow meter. Traditionally flow meters have not been installed on geothermal systems due to their high cost and potential to cause unnecessary call backs (leak from the meter, failure of the meter, etc). However, installers can utilize a removable flow meter tool to measure system flow rate with the Geo-Prime system. To allow this method, simply install an additional tee and ball valve on the return line of the inside piping during system installation (Figure 14). Install the flow meter by connecting one end to the ball valve and placing the discharge hose into the top of the Reservoir. Close the 3-way valve, open the ball valve, and turn on the pump. The flow rate can then be read directly on the flow meter. To prevent tampering or accidental discharge of loop fluid, the ball valve handle should be removed and/or a plug placed in the end for a secondary seal.

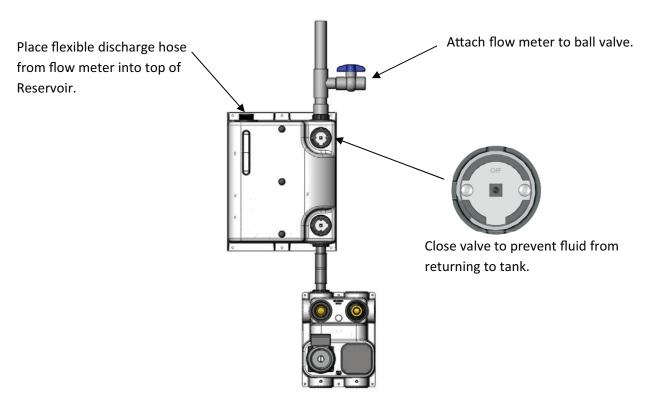


Figure 14: Connections and valve positions for using flow meter tool

Troubleshooting

The following table relates to issues with the *Geo-Prime Tank* only. Please consult your manufacturer's flow center/heat pump installation manual for additional troubleshooting information.

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution		
Water leaks out Cap	Tank over-pressurized	Remove loop fluid		
	Cap not sealing	Remove cap; clean reservoir neck and cap gasket; replace cap		
		Remove cap; apply lubricant to cap gasket; replace cap		
Water leaks out valve face	Debris in valve	Rotate valve 360 degrees		
		Remove valve spool; clean valve body and spool; replace O-ring(s) on valve spool if necessary		
Water drips around O-ring adapter/fittings	Condensation	Insulate piping		
	O-ring seal failure	Remove fitting; clean valve port and fit- tings; replace O-rings if necessary		
	Pipe misalignment; side-load-ing O-rings	Remove fittings; check O-rings and replace if necessary; align piping		
Noise in reservoir	Air in loop system passing into reservoir	Not a problem. Monitor fluid level; add fluid if necessary		
	Low water level in reservoir	Add loop fluid		
Low water level in reservoir	Air from loop system deposited into reservoir	Not a problem; add loop fluid		
	Pipe expansion	Not a problem; add loop fluid if necessary		
	Leak in ground loop system	Locate and repair leak		
No flow to/from <i>Tank</i>	Valve(s) in wrong position	Rotate valve(s) to operating position		
Air not separating from fluid	Valve(s) in wrong position	Rotate valve(s) to operating position		

Revision History

Date	Page #	Description
10 Feb, 16	16	Updated certfication logos
	Cover	Updated to Current Cabinet Color (Black)
	2	Updated Figure 4 from Illustration to Photo
03 July, 14	3	Updated Figure 5 to 5a & 5b (updated pump shaft orientation illustration as 5a; added terminal box location illustrations as 5b)
	7	Added note about Magna GEO pump (venting not required)
02 May, 11	All	First Published

















Oklahoma City, OK 73179 Phone: 405-745-6000 Fax: 405-745-6058

climatemaster.com



97B0200N01

ClimateMaster works continually to improve its products. As a result, the design and specifications of each product at the time for order may be changed without notice and may not be as described herein. Please contact ClimateMaster's Customer Service Department at 1-405-745-6000 for specific information on the current design and specifications. Statements and other information contained herein are not express warranties and do not form the basis of any bargain between the parties, but are merely ClimateMaster's opinion or commendation of its products.